## **INTRODUCTION TO GEOGRAPHY – ANSWERS**

- 1. Collective term for methodologies of fieldwork, maps and map work and photograph interpretation used in study of geography.
- 2. Physical geography
  - Human geography
- 3. Climate
  - Rocks and minerals
  - Earth and the solar system
  - Soil
- 4. External conditions surrounding of an organism.
- 5. Provides knowledge that promote conservation of resources
  - Admission in careers that generate income e.g. Geologist.
  - Learn skills in time management useful in personal activities
- 6. Transport lines e.g. roads.
  - Settlement structures e.g. houses
  - Drainage features e.g. boreholes, water dams
  - Industries e.g. coffee mills
  - Farms e.g. tea estates
- 7. Part of physical conditions that provide home in which certain organisms live.
- 8. History
  - Biology meteorology
  - Demography
  - Sociology
  - Agriculture

- Economics
- Physics
- Chemistry
- Geology
- Medicine
- Demography is the study of human population dealing with numerical aspects of population while population geography is branch of human geography dealing with population explaining where and why people live.
  - Economics deals with availability of resources while economic geography is branch of geography that deals with location and distribution of resources.
- 10. Geo, graphein