BIOLOGY PAPER 1

ANSWERS

KCSE 2011

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9.1 1.	Biology Paper 1 (231/1)(i) Nephritis;(ii) kidney stones;	(2 marks)				
2.	(a) $i\frac{2}{2} c\frac{1}{1} pm\frac{2}{2} m\frac{3}{3};$	(1 mark) ^{S)}				
	(b) Dental carries; Periodontal/gingivitis/pyorhoea;	(2 marks)				
3.	 (i) Identify similarities and differences between organisms; (ii) Organize scientific knowledge in an orderly system; (iii) Monitor emergence, presence and disappearance of organisms in and ; (iv) Grouping organisms for easy study; 	from the earth;				
	(iv) Grouping organisms for easy straty,	(3 marks)				
4.	 (a) Sucking small insects/animals; (b) A trap into which small animals fall and get trapped; 	(1 mark) (1 mark)				
5.	(a) Grass \longrightarrow Grasshopper \longrightarrow Lizards;	(1 mark)				
	(b) (i) Chicken; (ii) Grass;	(2 marks)				
6.	(a) This is the study of the inter-relationship between organisms and their	r environment;				
	(b) The maximum population of a species than a particular habitat can su	(1 mark) upport; without				
	(b) The maximum population of a species than a particular habitat can see depletion of resources.	(1 mark)				
7.	Water was hypotonic to cell sap of adjacent cells; and these cells absorbed water through osmosis; and their cell sap became less concentrated than those of the next cells; The process was repeated until water reached the sugar solution; (4 mark)					
8.	Fused head and thorax/cephalothorax often protected by a carapace; Gaseous exchange through gills; Two pairs of antennae; Five to twenty pairs of limbs; A pair of compound eyes; Three pairs of mouth parts (consisting of mandibles, maxillary, palp and labium) a pair of					
	mandibles and 2 pairs of maxillae.	First 3 (3 marks)				
9.	(a) Dicotyledonae;(b) Monocotyledonae;	(1 mark) (1 mark)				

10.	(a)	(i) (ii)	No car	bon IV oxide j	produced in	lants it is ethan anaerobic respi roduces carbon	iration in ar	nimals while (2 marks)
				•	1 1		,	
	(b)	Cytop	lasm;					(1 mark)
11.	Moves the body tube through smaller distances to bring the image/specimen/object into sharper focus;							
	Platfor	rm when	re specir	nen (on slide)	is placed;			(2 marks)
12.	Chord	ata; '		Aves;				(2 marks)
13.	Source	e of ene	rgy;	Storage mater	rials;			(2 marks)
14.	(a) (b)	Succul	lent/flesl	i-arid/Desert; hy stem; reduc				(1 mark)
		leaves	reduced	l into thorns/le	aves modifi	ed into spines/s	pikes;	(2 marks)
15.	(a)	To red	uce laye	ers of cells to a	llow light to	pass through;		(1 mark)
	(b)	To mal	ke the ce	ells turgid/prev	vent drying	up;		(1 mark)
	(c)	To pro	tect the	lens on the ob	jective;			(1 mark)
16.	(a)	Weakened/defective valves in veins; causing blood/body fluid to accumulate; leading to swelling. (2 marks)						
	(b)		U	to air they dis	sintegrate/ru	pture/burst; re	leasing thro	
			bokinase			P • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(2 marks)
17.	(a)	L - Du	odenum	:				
			ancreas;					(2 marks)
	(b)	(i)	Bile;					
		(ii)		fication/emuls	-			
		(iii) (iv)		es alkalinic me lizes acidic ch		zyme action.		(2 marks)
10					-			
18.	(a)	Sublingual gland; submaxillary gland; parotid gland; submandibular First one (1 mark)						
	(b)	Lubric	ating fo	od: digestion o	of starch: mo	oisten food; pro	vide alkalir	
			0		,,	, r		First two (2 marks)
19.	(a)	(i)	Skin;	(ii)	buccal cav	ity/mouth cavit	V	(2 marks)
	(b)	Glucos	se + Oxy	gen (enzyme	Carbon I	V oxide + wate	r + energy;	
		$C_6 H_{12}$	O6 +60	(enzyme)	6CO ₂ +6	$H_2O + ATP$		(1 mark)
20.	(a)	X;						(1 mark)
	(b)		fewer ste	omata; most st	tomata in lea	af X are concen	trated on th	· · · · · ·
	-			-				Any one (1 mark)

21.	(a)	Where different structures evolve to perform the same function (e.g. and birds are different in structure but are used for flying);	-
	(b)	Missing links; Distortion of parts during sedimentation/earthquakes/putrefication; Destruction of fossils by geological activities/faulting/folding;	(1 mark) First two (2 marks)
22.		at enters lungs has a higher content of oxygen than air that leaves the at enters the lungs has lower content of carbon (IV) oxide than air tha	lungs;
23.	(a)	(i) Ovule;(ii) Axile placentation;	(1 mark) (1 mark)
	(b)	Orange or any correctly named citrus plant;	(1 mark)
24.	(a)	 (i) Dominant gene expresses itself phenotypically in both its heterozygous states while recessive gene can only express its in the homozygous state; (ii) Continuous variation is a characteristic for which there is a cwhile discontinuous variation is a characteristic for which there is a categories or units; 	self phenotypically (1 mark) continuum or range
	(b)	Either all offspring show the dominant characteristics; or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the do characteristics;	ominant (2 marks)
25.	(b) (a) (b) (c)	or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the de	
25. 26.	(a) (b) (c)	or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the do characteristics; Softening of leather; Treatment of malaria/manufacture of antimalaria drugs.;	(2 marks) (1 mark) (1 mark)
	(a) (b) (c)	or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the do characteristics; Softening of leather; Treatment of malaria/manufacture of antimalaria drugs.; Stimulant used in beverages;	(2 marks) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark)
26.	(a) (b) (c) egg/o (a)	or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the do characteristics; Softening of leather; Treatment of malaria/manufacture of antimalaria drugs.; Stimulant used in beverages; ovum/ova; Ligament;	(2 marks) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) any one (1 mark) mulus;
26. 27.	(a) (b) (c) egg/o (a) (b)	or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the de characteristics; Softening of leather; Treatment of malaria/manufacture of antimalaria drugs.; Stimulant used in beverages; wum/ova; Ligament; Secretes synovial fluid; contains/holds the synovial fluid in place;	(2 marks) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) any one (1 mark)
26. 27.	 (a) (b) (c) egg/o (a) (b) (a) (b) Active solution 	or half offspring show the recessive while the other half show the de characteristics; Softening of leather; Treatment of malaria/manufacture of antimalaria drugs.; Stimulant used in beverages; wum/ova; Ligament; Secretes synovial fluid; contains/holds the synovial fluid in place; It is a growth movement in plants in response to a unidirectional stir Accelerates growth of shoots;	(2 marks) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark) any one (1 mark) mulus; (1 mark) (2 marks) wn stored food to