

FORM FOUR ENGLISH

END TERM ONE

101/2

PAPER 2 MARKING SCHEME

- (a) The effects of global warming are melting ice caps, rising sea levels, species extinction and climatic change.
(4 marks)
- (b) The main cause of global warming, according to the passage, is fossil fuel emissions.(2 marks)
- (c) Britain encourages people to use renewable electricity by making it very easy for people to switch to renewable sources.
(3 marks)
- (d) An ordinary reader would not be blamed for wondering why he or she has to reduce on driving while industries continue to emit a lot of CO₂.
(4 marks)
- (e) The writer communicates the message that, while pollution is a life-threatening issue, the approaches to resolving it are ineffective.
(4 marks)
- (f) (i) fob off — to avoid/make excuses
(ii) Incentive — a thing that motivates or encourages someone to do something
(iii) Calamity — an event that causes great damage
(3 marks)

QUESTION 3: LITERARY APPRECIATION(20 marks)

- (a) The poem is about the death of a ruler, who is a traitor. The ruler who is assassinated outside a night club, and his body is left to be devoured by vultures. His diary is washed into the sea by rain. and when it is found it reveals who the ruler was and his desire to be buried in a dignified, grand funeral.
(3 marks)
- (b) The words stuttering rifles are onomatopoeic. They describe the sound of bullets flying from the rifles of the assassins.
(2 marks)
- (c) The tone of the poem is satirical/sarcastic. The poem is satirical about the arrogance of the politician who is very selfish and has no regard for other people. The poem satirizes the politician's desire for a lavish funeral but dies in very humiliating conditions.(4 marks)
- (d) The central theme of the poem is betrayal and change. The politician has no regard for the downtrodden and poor people in the country, whose interests he should be serving. He uses his money to buy cheap pleasure instead of engaging in constructive activities. Change is represented by the assassination and at the end of the poem a pupil suggests that they bring tractors to plough the land; which represents a major change.(3 marks)
- (e) (i) Yellow is not a colour of the national flag of Kenya. The poet is asking who could contradict the politician who claimed to be the expert while the common citizens are cursed to brood on books, think about schoolgirls and hunger, and sleep hungry under torn mosquito nets.(2 marks)
(ii) The possible meanings of this line are:
first, it could literally mean that his diary was a submarine because it was found in the sea; secondly, it could mean that the ideas he had written in the diary were highly destructive and irresponsible, to the extent that they could lead to the Third World War.(2 marks)
- (f) *This is an open question. Award marks for well thought out alternatives*, for example civic education and electing responsible leaders who have integrity.
(2 marks)
- (g) (i) anchored — secured or held firmly
(1 mark)

(ii) brood — think or worry about

(1mark)

QUESTION 4 GRAMMAR

A.

- (1) differ with
- (2) in accordance with
- (3) independent of

B.

- (1) Under no circumstance would my father allow us to attend night parties.
- (2) On no account should strangers be allowed into the compound without the security officer's permission.
- (3) Scarcely had the plane taken off when one of the passengers began to scream

C.

- (1) Always be frank and open with your friends.
- (2) When you are, you will win their trust and confidence.
- (3) Help yourself to some oranges. These ones are sweet but those are sweeter

D.

- (1) Naliaka,, who is very good at grammar, joined our school this term
- (2) The elephant, which is a very big animal, is also very strong.
- (3) The generator, which had been on the whole night, broke down in the morning

E.

- (1) They aren't serious, are they?

- (2) He bought a new house last month, didn't he?
- (3) They won't shut up, will they?
- (4) Let us go, shall we?
- (5) He hasn't been here before, has he?
- (6) You live in an apartment, don't you?