

FORM TWO TERM ONE EXAM 2017

MATHEMATICS MARKING SCHEME PAPER 2

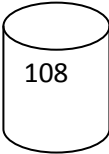
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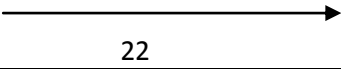
EXAMINATION
121/2 MATHEMATICS
MARKING SCHEME

1.	$\sqrt{\frac{0.8064 \times 1000}{1.008 \times 10000} \times \frac{6.048 \times 10000}{0.134 \times 1000}}$ $\sqrt{\frac{-8-4}{80.64 \times -6048} \times 9}$ $\sqrt{\frac{-4008}{4} \times \frac{-1344}{2}}$ $4 \times 9 = 36$	B 1 B 1 A1
2.	$\begin{array}{r} -4(-4 \frac{1}{3}) \\ -12 \quad 3 \quad 5 \\ -4 \times -8 \\ -4 \\ -8 \end{array}$	B1
3.	$\begin{array}{l} \sin(2\theta - 30^\circ) \cos 4\theta = 0 \\ \sin(2\theta - 30^\circ) \cos 4\theta \\ A = 1 \quad B = 1 \quad 90^\circ \\ \theta = \frac{120^\circ}{6} \\ = 20^\circ \end{array}$	A1 B 1 B1 A 1
4.	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Let } 5^{2x} \text{ be } U \\ 5^{2x}(5^3) = 20(5^{2x}) = 625 \\ 25U = 20U = 625 \\ 125 \\ \frac{5U}{5} = \frac{625}{5} \\ U = 125 \\ 5^{2x} = 5^3 \\ 2x = 3 \\ x = \frac{3}{2} \end{array}$	B1 B1 A 1
5.	$\begin{array}{l} \text{The sum of } n \text{ sides polygon in degrees } (n-2) 180^\circ \\ \text{Angles in quadrilateral add up to } 360^\circ \\ 5(x+4) + 4(x+5) + 2(x+10) + (x+20) = 360^\circ \\ (x+20) = 360^\circ \\ 12x = 360 \\ x = 30^\circ \\ \text{Interior angles} \\ 5(x+4) = 170^\circ \\ 4(x+5) = 140^\circ \\ 2(x+10) = 40^\circ \\ x+20 = 10^\circ \end{array}$	A 1 B 1 B 1

Exterior angles	B2 for all 4 angles correct
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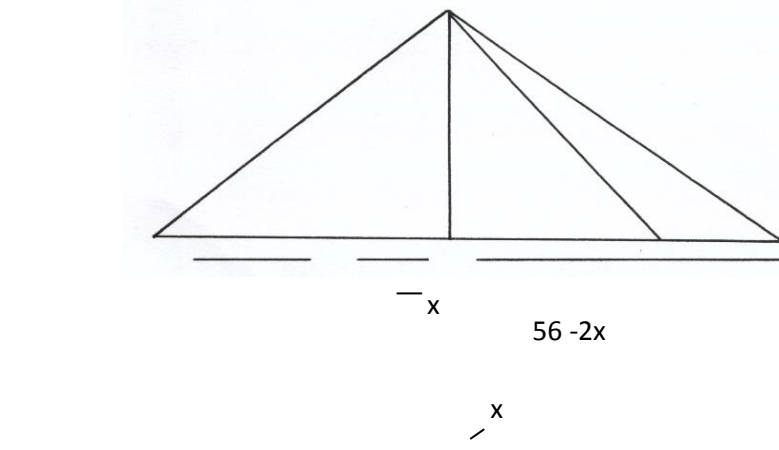
	$180^\circ \quad 170^\circ \quad 10^\circ$ $180^\circ \quad 140^\circ \quad 40^\circ$ $180^\circ \quad 40^\circ \quad 140^\circ$ $180^\circ \quad 10^\circ \quad 170^\circ$	B1 for two three angles correct No mark for 1 or less correct angles
6.	$140 \times 1240 \quad 1736$ 100 Selling price 75×1736 100 Ksh 1302	B 1 B 1 A 1
7.	Co-ordinates A are (-1,7) B are (3,-5) C are (6,-4) AB $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix}$ BC $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$ $4BC \quad -3 \quad -3 \quad AB$ hence BC parallel to AB. They share a common point B hence collinear.	B 1 B 1 B 1
8.	$1 \text{ man } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times 1 \text{ in } 3 \text{ days } 4 \text{ hr a day}$ $1 \text{ man } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \text{ in } 3 \text{ days } 1 \text{ hr a day}$ $1 \text{ man } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ acres in } 1 \text{ day } 1 \text{ hr a day}$ $\left[\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \right] \text{ men}$ $\left[\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right] \times 4 \text{ days } \times 3 \text{ days}$ $1 \text{ man } 0.5 \text{ acres } 4 \text{ day in } 3 \text{ hrs } 1 \text{ day } 5 \text{ half}$ 0.5 0.5 10 men	B 1 B 1 A 1
9.	(30cm^3) 12 ASF $\begin{array}{r} 108 \\ -12 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$   LSF ASF 3 V? VSF (LSF ³) 2 $\frac{810}{27}$ $V1$ $V1 = \frac{810}{27}$ $= 30\text{cm}^3$	B 1 B 2 A 1

10.	Area of triangle ADB is $\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 125$ to 60°	B1
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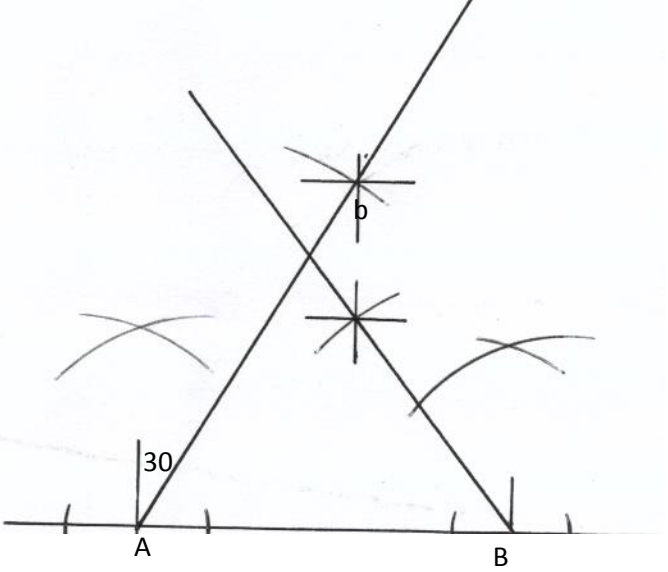
	$7 \times 6 \sin 60^\circ$ $= 36.37 \text{ cm}^2$ b) Area of unshaded sector $\frac{60 \times 22 \times 7 \times 7}{360} = 25.6667$ Shaded area $36.37 - 25.67$ 10.7 cm^2	A1 M1 B1
11.	$-7 < x < 3x + 2$ $2x < 9$, $x < 4.5$ $3x + 2 < 4(x - 5)$, $3x + 2 < 4x - 20$ $-x < -22$, $x > 22$ If $x > -5$ and $x > 22$  22	M1 M1 A1
12.	$(3.5) \left[\frac{2p \sqrt{x}}{3x - 5} \right]$ $(3x - 5)95^2 - 4p^2 x \times 3x - 5$ $27x^2 - 455^2 - 4p^2 x$ $27x^2 - 4p^2 x - 455^2$ $x(27x^2 - 4p^2) - 455^2$ $x - \frac{455^2}{27x^2 - 4p^2}$	Square both sides M1 M2 A1
13.	Max val of x 13.45 ± 0.05 Max val of y 4.35 ± 0.05 Max value of x $\frac{13.45}{4.25} = 3.1647$ Max value of x $\frac{13.35}{4.35} = 3.069$ Actual value of x 13.4 ± 0.05 Y 4.3 Absolute error $\frac{3.1642 - 3.069}{2} = 0.04785$ Pere em $0.04785 \times 100 = 4.785\%$ $\frac{0.04785}{3.1163} \times 100 = 1.5355\%$	B1 B1
14.	Gradient of AB is $\frac{M-1}{4-2} = \frac{M-1}{2}$ Gradient product is -1 Gradient of second line $Y - 5 = 2(x - 3)$ $m - 1 = 3$ $2m - 2 = 6$ $2m = 8$ $m = 4$	

15.	Principal p amount 2p $2p - p(l + 10)n = 2p - p(1+0.1)n$ $\frac{2p}{100} - \frac{p}{p} = 0.301$ $2(1 - 0.1)n = 0.301$ $\log 2 - n \log 1.1 = 0.301$ $N \frac{\log 2}{\log 1.1} = 0.301$ $N = 7.27$ Round upto 8 N = 8 yrs	B1 B1 A1
16.	P(black) and p(brown) or p(brown and p(black) $\left(\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} \right) \times \left(\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{4}{7} \right)$ $15 \times 3 = 56 \times 14$ $\frac{27}{56}$	B1 B1 A1
17	400km Nairobi $\longrightarrow$ busia Speed = 120 km/hr Distance = 400 km Time = $\frac{400}{120}$ $3\text{hrs } 20\text{min}$ 8.30 + 3 hrs 20min 11: 50 a.m b) at 8.30 am distance covered by bus $\frac{1}{2} \times 80 = 40\text{km}$ Distance left = 360 km Speed = 2000km/hr Time = $\frac{360}{200} = 1\text{ hr } 48\text{ min}$ They met at 8.30 + 1 hr 48min 10.18 am c) 8 – 10.18 is 2 hrs 18min Distance = $2 \times 80 + 18 \times 80$ 60 160 + 24 184km from Nairobi. d) Car arrived in Nairobi after 3 hrs 20 min bus travelled at a time of	M1 A1 B1 B1 M1 A1

	$3\text{hrs } 20\text{ min} + 30\text{ min}$ $= 3\text{hrs } 50\text{ min}$ $\text{Dist} = 3 \times 80 = \frac{50}{60} \times 80$ $= 240 + 66\frac{1}{3}$ $= 93\frac{1}{3}\text{km}$ Distance from Busia is $93\frac{1}{3}\text{ km}$	M1 A1 M1 A1
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18	ABC Y - = -x drawn $A^1B^1C^1$ draw (rotated) $A^{11}B^{11}C^{11}$ draw (translated) $A^{111}B^{111}C^{111}$ Enlarged $A^{1v} (2,6)$ $B^{1v} (0,0)$ $C^{1v} (-6,2)$	B1 B1 B2 B2 B2 B1
19	 $x^2 + x^2 = (56 - 2x)^2$ $2x^2 = 4x^2 - 224x + 3136$ $2x^2 - 224x + 3136 = 0$ $X^2 - 112x + 1568 = 0$ $X(x - 16) - 98(x - 16) = 0$ $(x - 16)(x - 98) = 0$ $X = 16 \text{ or } 98$	M1 M1 M1

	Height = 16 cm $\tan \theta = \frac{16}{35} = 0.4575$ $= 24.57^\circ$ b) $ST = \sqrt{16^2 + 35^2}$ $= \sqrt{1481}$ $= 38.48$ c) Maximum distance $= 35 \pm 16$ $= 51$	A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1	
20	a) $50,00 + \frac{6}{100} \times 62\,5000 + 10000 \times 250$ $50,000 + 37500 + 25,000$ $= 112,5000$ b) i) $12000 \times 2.5 + 0.06x + 50,000 = 134\,000$ $30,00 + 50,000 + 0.06x = 134\,000$ $0.06x = 134\,000 - 80\,000$ $\frac{0.06x}{0.06} = \frac{54000}{0.06}$ $x = 900,000$	M1 M1 A1 M1 M1 M1 A1	
	ii) increase = $900\,000 - 625\,000$ $= 275,000$ % increase = $\frac{275\,000}{625\,000} \times 100$ $= 44\%$	M1 M1 A1	
21	Distance covered in 90 min Bl P = 540km } Q = 360 km }	B1	

	Scale 1 cm = 10 000 000 cm 1 cm rep 100 km  Distance btwn plane 2,1 cm $\pm$ 0.1 2 10 $\pm$ 10 Bearing of plane Q from plane P 185 $\pm$ 1°	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B2	For A & B 5cm 030° & 5.4 to P 315° & 3.6 to Q Completed diagram
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23	a. x -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 y -12 0 0 -6 -12 -12 0 c. x=-3.9, x=0.9, x=1.8												
	(a) <table><tr><td>x</td><td>-2</td><td>-0.5</td><td>1</td><td>1.5</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>2</td><td>-2.1</td><td>-4</td><td>-0.6</td></tr></table> (b) (c) $x = -2.6$ (d) turning points $(-1.25, 2.4)$ $(0.5, -4.9)$	x	-2	-0.5	1	1.5	y	2	-2.1	-4	-0.6	B2 B1 for 3 ✓ S1 for ✓ scale P1 for ✓ plotting C1 for ✓ smooth curve B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 10	Accept -2.45 for use c -0.4 Allow readings within 1 small square.
x	-2	-0.5	1	1.5									
y	2	-2.1	-4	-0.6									
24.	a) ACC = $\frac{15-0}{20}$ = 0.75m/s² b) Dece = $\frac{0-15}{20}$ = -0.75 c) Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 15$ = 150ml d) Area = 20×15 = 300m e) Area = $\frac{1}{2} (30 + 60) \times 15$ = 675m	M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1											