## FORM FOUR CLUSTER KCSE MODEL8

## CRE PAPER 1 ANSWER

- 1. a) Six minor prophets in the Bible. (6 marks)
  - i. Hosea
  - ii. Amos
  - iii. Jonah
  - iv. Nahum
  - v. Zaphaniah
  - vi. Joel
  - vii. Micah
  - viii. Habakkuk
  - ix. Haggai
  - x. Malachi 1st six x1 = 6marks
  - b) Four reasons for the translation of the Bible from original languages to African languages. (8 marks)
  - i. To ease the work of evengelisation.as it would be used in preaching.
  - ii. To enable Africans read and understand the Bible better in their own languages.
  - iii. In order to revise older versions.
  - iv. To help missionaries who wanted to learn African language.
  - v. There was need to indigenize Christianity. The first four x = 8 marks
  - c) Ways in which Christians use the Bible to spread the Gospel today. (6 marks)
  - i. The Bible is the main source book for Christian sermons/ preaching.
  - ii. It is used in the writing of Christian literature.
  - iii. The Bible is used when composing songs.
  - iv. It is used in the production of Christian movies/videos/radio programs/plays.
  - v. The Bible is used in swearing/taking of oath of allegiance.
  - vi. It is used to organize Bible studies/teaching Sunday/Sabbath schools/strengthen youth.
  - vii. Verses from the Bible are used for imprints/posters/clothes.
  - viii. The Bible is used in writing of doctrines for different denominations.
  - ix. Biblical texts are used in teaching of Christian Religious Education (C.R.E).
  - x. It is used to offer guidance and counselling. Any 7 x 1=7 marks
- 2. a) Preparation for the Exodus. (6 marks)

- i. Moses called the elders of the Israelites together to instruct them on what to do in readiness to leave Egypt.
- ii. Each Israelite family was to slaughter a male lamb. (Small families were to team up with others.)
- iii. Each family was to dip a spring of hyssop in the blood of the lamb and paint their beams/door pests with the blood.
- iv. All the Israelites were to remain indoors for the night.
- v. They were to roast the lamb whole.
- vi. They were to eat the meat with bitter herbs and unleavened bread.
- vii. If any of the meet remained, they were to burn it.
- viii. The people were to eat the meat quickly/standing up/dressed as if ready for a journey.
- ix. They were to prepare unleavened dough to take with them.
- x. The Israelites were advised to take jewelry/gold/silver/clothes from their Egyptian master. Any  $6 \times 1 = 6$  marks
- b) Problems that Moses faced as he led the Israelites during the Exodus.
- i. Panic from the Israelites when they saw Egyptian army.
- ii. Problem of lack of food/hunger/water.
- iii. They encountered unfriendly tribes in the wilderness.
- iv. Dangers posed by wild animals.
- v. Problems of organizing/uniting the people for management.
- vi. The people disobeyed Moses/became unruly.
- vii. The people broke the commandment of god/worshiped the golden calf when Moses was away.
- viii. The Israelites were travelling through unfamiliar routes/territories.
- ix. Moses had to settle disputes among the people. 1st  $4 \times 2 = 8$  marks
- c) Ways in which the Christians in Kenya prepare new converts for the full membership of the church. (6 marks)
- i. They give instruction on the Bible/church doctrines the history of the church.
- ii. They are counselled on the Christian values.
- iii. They are taught their duties/responsibilities in the church.
- iv. They are taught catechism to prepare them for baptism.
- v. They go through the sacraments of baptism/confirmation.
- vi. New converts are introduced to the members of the congregating.
- vii. Members of the church pay them pastoral visits. 1st  $6 \times 1 = 6$  marks

- 3. a) How the Jewish community used the temple. (6 marks)
  - i. It was used for worship/prayer.
  - ii. It was the place where the law was taught to children/people.
  - iii. Priests burnt sacrifices/burnt incense in the temple to God.
  - iv. Purification rites were conducted there.
  - v. It was a home for the priest/levites.
  - vi. Dedication/presentation of the babies carried out there.
  - vii. A business/commercial centre.
  - viii. A law court/cases were heard there.
  - ix. All the Jewish festivals were celebrated there.  $6 \times 1 = 6$  marks
  - b) Ways which show that King Solomon tuned away from the covenant way of life.(7marks)
  - i. He married foreign wives/concubines.
  - ii. He allowed worship of foreign gods/idols/he worshiped foreign gods.
  - iii. He murdered his half-brother Adonijah.
  - iv. He taxed the Israelites heavily.
  - v. He subjected the Israelites to forced labour/slavery during the construction of the temple/his palace.
  - vi. He signed treaties with his neighbours for protection.
  - vii. He sold land to Hiram King of tyre.
  - viii. He used more time to built his palace than the temple of God. 1st  $7 \times 1 = 7$  marks
  - c) Factors that have led to the increase of Christian denominations in Kenya today. (7 mks)
  - i. Rivalry for leadership/hunger for power.
  - ii. Differences in biblical interpretations/doctrines to suit their personal teaching.
  - iii. Resistance to change by the older church members who want the church to remain as it was/generation gap.
  - iv. Material gain/greed/selfishness where starting a church has become businesses.
  - v. Lack of spiritual satisfaction by some members which makes them start their own churches.
  - vi. Lack of good examples/poor role models by the leaders/corrupt leaders.
  - vii. Desire to be free from missionary/foreign control.
  - viii. Differences in mode of worship/ritual observances/model of worship.
  - ix. Nepotism/tribalism/clannism/racialism among Christians.

- x. The Kenya constitution has allowed freedom of worship.
- xi. Disagreements on ethical issues/policies of church regarding how certain matters should be handled e.g family planning, dressing.
- xii. Western influence/modern technology. Any 7 x 1=7 marks
- 4. a) Why God send prophets in Israel.
  - i. To teach about God's true nature.
  - ii. To act as mediators between God and the people.
  - iii. To condemn the social evils in Israel.
  - iv. To anoint leaders/kings.
  - v. To warn the people of God's coming judgement for their sins.
  - vi. To teach the people the covenant way of life.
  - vii. To announce the restoration of Israel for those who repent.
  - viii. To act as the conscience of the king.
  - ix. To condemn idolatry and promote monotheism (the religion of Yahweh)  $7 \times 1 = 7$  marks
  - b) The teaching of prophet Amos on the remnant and restoration of the Israelites. (Amos 9:8-15)
  - i. God would restore the dynasty of David after destruction.
  - ii. God would bring the people back to their land.
  - iii. The people would rebuild their cities so that the remnant of Edom can occupy them.
  - iv. The land would be productive/grapes will be in abundance/wine would be in plenty.
  - v. The people would grow food and harvest it.
  - vi. The nation of Israel would be peaceful/prosperous.
  - vii. The Israelites would never be taken into exile again.  $7 \times 1 = 7$  marks
  - c) Reasons why Christians repent their sins. (6 marks)
  - i. It is obedience to Christ's teachings.
  - ii. So as to lead holy lives.
  - iii. To be good examples to others.
  - iv. To be able to prepare for the kingdom of God.
  - v. For their faith to be strengthened.
  - vi. In order to receive God's blessings.
  - vii. To renew their relationship with God. 1st  $6 \times 1 = 6$  marks

- 5. a)
  - i. Opposition to the rebuilding of the wall. (Neh 4:1-13,16,23)
  - ii. A plot against Nehemiah's life.
  - iii. Fear among the people of threats of attack.
  - iv. The nobles refused to co-operate with Nehemiah during the rebuilding of the wall.(Neh.3:5)
  - v. He was falsely accused of rebellion and treason.
  - vi. There was oppression of the poor by the rich which was against the covenant way of life.
  - vii. There was misuse of the temple and Levites who were priests were neglected.
  - viii. There was negligence of the Sabbath observance.
  - ix. The work of rebuilding the wall was ridiculed by his enemies Sanbalat and Tobia.
    - B)I.It gave the Israelites a sense of independence.
  - i. Gave them a sense of security.
  - ii. Gave them privacy and pride as a nation.
  - iii. Made them to be the owners of the land.
  - iv. It made Jerusalem to be ranked among important cities.
  - v. It made the Israelites to be united as a nation.
  - vi. It gave them honour and respect among their neighbours.
  - c) The importance of prayer in a Christian's life.
  - i. To gain power to overcome temptation.
  - ii. One is able to give thanks to God for blessings.
  - iii. Gives an opportunity to ask for forgiveness from God.
  - iv. Allows one to intercede for others in order to acknowledge God as the provider.
  - v. Enables Christians to exalt or glorify God.
  - vi. Christians are able to express their faith in God.
  - vii. It is a means of communicating with God.
  - viii. Gives a Christian an opportunity to worship God.
  - ix. Helps strengthen a Christian's faith in God.
- 6. a) State the responsibility of the living to the ancestors. (6 mark
  - i. Pour libation to them.

- ii. Sacrifice to them.
- iii. Name their children after them
- iv. Venerate them through prayers.
- v. Respect their resting places.
- vi. Invite them to social functions/invoke their names.
- vii. Obey their wishes/will.
- viii. Teach their children about them.
- ix. Appease them or keep them happy.
- x. Build shrines for them.  $6 \times 1 = 6$  marks
- b) Highlight seven roles of priests in the Traditional African Society. (7 marks)
- i. Offered sacrifices on behalf of the community.
- ii. Mediate between God and the community.
- iii. Advice people on proper ways of living.
- iv. Were involved in decision making during crisis.
- v. Offered prayers during occasions like marriage, initiation.
- vi. Warned communities of impending danger.
- vii. Reconciled warring parties,
- viii. Take care of sacred places.
- ix. Guard communities' customs and traditions/custodians of the law. 1st 7 x 1=7 marks
- c) Give seven reasons why Female Genital mutilation is discouraged in Kenya today. (7 marks)
- i. It can lead to spread of STI/HIV AIDS if same instrument is used.
- ii. Can lead to injury/mutilation of the reproductive organ of the initiates.
- iii. It is against child/human rights because the child's consent is not sought.
- iv. It can cause psychological torture/trauma/lowers dignity.
- v. It can lead to irresponsible sexual behavior as initiates are assured to be adults and ready for marriage.
- vi. Can lead to early marriage. vii. Can lead to school drop outs.
- viii. Can lead to bleeding/death.
- ix. Can lead to separation/divorce as a result of lack of enjoyment of sex in marriage.
- x. It can lead to disagreement in families.  $7 \times 1 = 7$  marks