FORM FOUR CLUSTER KCSE MODEL 7

PHYSICS PAPER 2 ANSWERS

SECTION A (25 Marks)

Answer ALL the questions in this section in the spaces provided.





Correct windings drawn; direction of current shown;

3. No change in leaf divergence;

No change distribution in the inside of a hollow conductor;

- i. Varying current in cathode heating circuit;
- ii. Varying anode/accelerating voltage;
- Shielding the test of the body that is not being treated. OR
- Limiting exposure time.
- 5. Refraction;

4.

6.
$$I = \frac{V}{\frac{R}{2}} = 2\frac{V}{R} = 4A;$$

Hence a higher current exceeding fuse rating flow; OR

More current flows; which exceeds the fuse rating;

7. - A ward 1 mark for a ray through the optical centre

. Correct ray to form F1;

-Correct ray to form F2;

Do not allow increasing or decreasing Only.



8. Like poles repel while unlike poles attract;



Magnetic field correctly drawn;

Direction of forces F correctly shown; 10 10. Eddy current;

- 11.

9.

	$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{-10}$; substitution F = -20cm;		No units deny ½mk Wrong units deny 1mk
12.	F = -20cm;		
	1: 1/2	or $V_1 + \frac{V_1}{2} = 12$	Method ;
	2:1	V1=8V	
			Accuracy;
	$V = \frac{1}{3}X 12;$	V = 12-8	
	=4V:	=4V	

13.(i).Poluter should show a reading of OV.

SECTION B (55 Marks)

Answer ALL the question in this section in the spaces provided.

14.(a).(i). Alcohol – produces alcohol vapour; Solid Co2 – cools alcohol vapour below Condensation temperature;

(ii). When rubbed, it is produces electric field Aligning the tracks for clear visibility;

(iii). Radiation from source ionizes air along its Path; Alcohol condenses around these ions; forming droplets or traces.

iv. Can detect radiations d1 r and B while electroscope can detect a only. -Can identify/distinguish nature of radiations. (b). t1 = 10 hrs t2 = 10 hr; Taver = 10 hours;

- (i). $V_C = OV_1$; $V_R = 3V$:
 - (ii). V_R=OV;

(111)



(iv).Quantity o charge stored across C;

16.(a). (i). Minimize collisions of electrons by air particles Which might lower their k.e.;

(ii). When current flows through it, it is magnetized and hence magnetizes the

core; (iii). Those are radiation of energy more than work function of the cathode;

(iv). When light is blocked from reaching the Cathode, no photo current flows; spring pulls the armature back; putting on the burglar Alarm circuit.

(b). During the first half -cycle,

A is positive then D2 and D3 are forward biased hence current flows through RL; In the second half –cycle,

B is positive than D1 and D4 are forward biased hence current pass through RLJ. Direction of current for both cycles is same

17.

- (i). Through thermionic emission;
- (ii).Zinc sulphide/ phorsphor;
 - It glows when electrons hit it;
- (i). Amplitude, a = 4.5 cm; V peak = a x y - gain. =4.5 x 5; sub

(ii). T =0.1 x 4 = 0.4ms;
F =
$$\frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.4X10^{-3}}$$

=2500HZ:

(a).(i) –Screen position adjusted until a sharp image

is obtained on the screen;

 Various corresponding values of U,V are Obtained and recorded;

-average value of f is obtained from

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v};$$

OR Graph drawn

(ii). Virtual image is formed and so not formed on The screen ;

19. (a)

(i). Freely suspend each of the rods and note the direction in which it rests;

-The one that comes to rest in a W-S direction is the magnet otherwise it is the iron bar;

(ii). When the magnet is disturbed, it always comes to rest in N-S direction. This is due to attraction of the earth's magnetic field;

b)(i). Dipoles in p align easily that dispose in Q.

(ii). P; P is easily magnetized and strongly magnetized as compared to Q;