KCSE CLUSTER TESTS 11

Home Science Paper 1

1.

- . Factors that determine choice of color for a room
- The effect desired
- Use of the room
- Size of the room
- The existing décor
- Orientation i.e. direction of light
- Owner's taste
- (2x1=2mks) any two

2 marks 2

Factors to consider when making a flower arrangement

- The occasion / purpose /use
- The colour scheme of the room
- The placement/ position
- The size of the room
- The effect desired
- (3x1=3mks) any three

3 marks

3.

- . Precautions to take when laundering knitted articles
- Measurements should be taken before and after washing to check and correct stretching and shrinking
- Should be washed with warm water throughout
- Should be dried under shade
- Should be pressed with some material or paper on top of the article 3x1= (3Mks)

3 marks

4.

- The three parts of a one
- course meal
- The starter
- The main meal with a carbohydrate, protein and vitamin in dish
- The dessert
- (3x1/2=11/2mks)

1.5 marks

5.

- . Difference between a facing and interfacing
- Facing are for finishing edges of garments while interfacing are used on the undersides of some garments for strengthening/stiffing 1x2=2mks

2 marks

6.

- . How to care for a sewing machine
- Oil the movable parts regularly
- Dust and cover it after use
- Repair any loose or replace old parts
- Service the machine regularly (1/2x3=11/2mks)

2 marks

7.

Advantages of breast feeding

- It is cheap
- The milk is not easily contaminated
- It is easy to give (needs no preparation)
- It is at the right temperature
- Has all types of nutrients needed by the baby
- Helps build up the baby's immune system 2x1= (2mks)

2 marks

8.

- . Reasons for valeting
- It is more economical
- Makes clothes look more presentable
- Gets rid of most of the dirt
- Enhances the appearance of clothes

1x2= (2mks)

2 marks

9.

Role of vitamin D

- Aids in growth
- Assists in absorption / utilization of calcium and phosphorus
- For formation of strong bones/teeth/ prevention of rickets 2x1= (2mks)

2 marks

10.

- Three methods of buying goods and services
- Thru cash
- Credit card /credit
- Hire purchase/ installments
- Barter trade/ exchange of goods 3x1= (3mks)

3 marks

11.

- Two ways of sterilizing drinking water
- Boiling
- Adding sterilized liquid to water
- Sedimentation/ filtration
- 3x1= (3mks)

2 marks

12.

- Two things to look for when choosing a toilet brush
- The bristles should be firmly placed
- The bristles should be closely placed
- The bristles should be strong
- The brush hand shd be smoothly curved
- The handle brush shd be large enough for convenient handling
- The handle shd be smooth
- 2x1= (2mks) ant two

2 marks

13.

Roles of consumer organization

- Fight for fair prices for goods and commodities
- Educate consumers of their rights
- Assists producers to improve or maintain product quality
- Raise awareness of unfair business practices

2x1= (2mks) any two

2 marks

14.

Reasons for;

- i) Stay stitching
- Temporary stitching to prevent the curves from stretching out of phase
- Used to much pattern lines or plaids
- 1x1= (1mk) anyone
- ii) Top stitching
- This is done to emphasize features;
- it easy decorative

1x1 = (1mk)

1 marks

15.

Three ways of lengthening the skirt

- Adding frills
- Adding flounce or cloth at hemline
- Adding lace or crotchet at the lower hem
- Letting down the hem at the bottom
- Adding a yoke at the waist

3 marks

16.

- Three reasons for caring for the sick at home;
- Suitable for terminal illness like cancer, AIDS
- Lack of funds for hospitalization -
- Preference of the patient esp. the elderly
- When the disease is not life threatening
- When mothers are nursing and don't want to expose their babies to hospital conditions

3x1=3mks any three

3 marks

- 17.
- . Factors w/c influence choice of cooking method
- Type of food to be cooked
- Time available for cooking
- Type of cooking facilities available
- Type of people for whom cooking is to be done
- Type of occasion e.g. entertainment
- Competence of the cook in handling skills involved in the method
- Amt of food to be prepared/number of people to be cooked for
- 2x1= (2mks) any two

2 marks

18.

- Why not advisable to use steel wool to clean calabashes
- It removes the colour of the outside of the calabash

- It is difficult to rinse out steel particles

2x1= (2mks) any two

1 marks

19.

Four reasons for coating food before deep-frying

- Improve appearance
- -To avoid it breaking during cooking
- Prevent it getting soggy with oil
- Improve texture make it crispy
- To add flavor
- Keep the juices in
- To protect food from strong heat which may lead to overcooking
- 1/2x4= (2mks) any four

2 marks

20.

- a) Quality to look for in fabric for making chair-backs
- Should be easy to launder
- Crease resistant
- Shrink resistant
- Fast- coloured
- Not slippery

5x1 = (5mks)

- b) How to clean a wooden floor
- Sweep the floor to remove loose dirt
- Wipe the floor with a cloth wrung out of warm soapy water
- Rinse the floor with a cloth wrung out of clean water
- Dry the floor with a dry cloth
- Apply appropriate floor polish sparingly using circular movements with a cloth
- Leave for a few minutes for the polish to be absorbed
- Using a fluffy cloth or sheepskin rub the surface to remove the excess polish and to make the floor shine (7mks)
- c) Reasons why your one year old brother would be crying a lot
- Because of hunger or thirst
- Because of loneliness
- When wet or soiled
- Extreme temperature i.e. too hot or too cold
- May be sick
- May be injured or hurt
- May have been weaned
- When refusing to feed
- When seeking special attention from his mother/ father
- When sleepy
- When tired

8x1= (8mks)

20 marks

21.

- ai) Qualities of a well-made opening
- Opposite sides are equal in length

- Should not fold
- Both sides should lie flat
- Should be well finished
- 3x1= (3mks) any three
- ii) Factors to consider when choosing opening to apply on a garment
- Weight of the fabric
- Style of garment
- Purpose of garment
- 3x1= (3mks)
- iii) Function of openings in garments
- Make it easy to wear and remove garment
- As a decorative feature
- 1x2= (2mks)
- bi) Points to consider when cutting buttonholes
- Should be cut on straight grain
- Should be cut in direction of the fastening
- The bottom hole should be at least half a diameter of the button away from the edge of the opening
- Ensure you don't cut the stitches if the buttonhole is cut after stitching 2x1= (2mks)
- ii) Four qualities of a well constructed handmade buttonhole
- Use buttonhole stitches
- The stitches are evenly distributed
- Has the correct stitches at the end of the buttonhole
- The stitches are of the correct density
- The buttonhole does not gape/ it has the correct tension
- It is neat $4x\frac{1}{2} = (2mks)$ any four
- c) Factors to consider when selecting a patch for a garment
- The patch should be big enough to cover the hole and thinning parts of the garment
- The patch should be of same quality and age as garment so as to inconspicuous
- The wear of the patch should correspond with that of the garment to be inconspicuous and to wear evenly

- The patch should of same material as the garment or as near as possible to enable similar care and wear 4x1=4mks

di) Reasons for using interfacing

- To add to interfaced area i.e. stiffening
- To reinforce the area against wear
- To improve shape and appearance

2x1 = (2mks)

dii) Ways of finishing the lower edge of a blouse sleeve

- Scalloping or shell edging
- Binding with contrasting color
- Facing with a contrasting color
- Applying lace
- Embroidery or loop stitching
- Piping, crocheting or applying ribbons
- Making a casing with elastic
- 1x2 = (2mks) any two

20 marks

22.

a). Four steps one should take to maintain good nutritional status

- Budgeting family finance well to ensure there is enough food for the family

- Considering nutritional requirements of every member of the family so that they are catered for appropriately

- Using the correct food preparation methods to conserve nutrients

- Ensuring foods are stored appropriately esp. the perishable ones, so that they lose their nutritive value

- Providing various diets so that all essential nutrients are obtained

- Preventing infection and prompt treatment of diseases which negatively affect nutritional status 4x2= (8mks)

- b) Ways of ensuring that left over food does not go bad in the absence of a refrigerator or freezer
- Storing it in clean containers
- Protecting from flies/ pests by covering it
- Avoid storing the food when its warm
- Storing it in an airy place
- Using containers which are not corrosive to store the food
- Avoid storing food for too long before use 5x1= 5mks
- c) Three symptoms of food poisoning
- -Diarrhea
- Vomiting
- Stomachache/ abdominal pains
- Fever/ headache
- General body weakness
- Dizziness 3x1 = (3mks) any three
- d) Two modern methods for preserving food for commercial use
- Fluidized bed drying
- Spray drying
- Accelerated freeze drying (AFD)
- Roller drying 2x1= (2mks)
- e) Two rules to observe in jam making Use juices, ripe fruits (not over or under ripe fruits)
- Clean the fruits well, according to its type before use
- Boil the fruit for the correct length of time, according to the type of fruit
- Use a pan with a heavy base
- Stir constantly to avoid it sticking to the base of the pan
- Use clean sterilized jars with tightly fitted lids for storing
- Pour into storage containers and cover straight away
- 2x1 = (2mks)
- 20 marks

23.

- 3a) Methods of disinfecting clothes
- Boiling the clothes that can stand harsh temperatures such as white cottons and linens
- Use of disinfectant either in the soaking, washing or rinsing stage
- Fumigation using chemicals in a special chamber
- 3x2 = (6mks)
- b) First aid for a person who is chocking
- If the person is an adult stand behind him or her hold the person by the waist fist against the abdomen just above the navel but below ribs
- Press belly with several strong jerks this forces whatever is causing the chocking to pop up
- Alternatively hit the person between the should blades full object pops up If it a baby chocking

- Hold him or her upside down and pat/ gently smack the upper part of the back for object to pop up 4x1=(4mks)

c) Activities at pre-natal clinic

- -The weight of the mother is checked
- -The blood pressure of the mother is checked
- -The foetal position is checked
- -The foetal heart is also confirmed using foetal scope
- -The mother is advised on the diet, clothing, exercise and rest 4x1 = (4mks)
- d) Three problems faced by consumers
- Scarcity of resources
- Pressure of advertising
- Inflation
- Poor quality producers
- Lack of information
- Lack of awareness of rights
- Defective weights and measurements
- Peer and society (class) pressure
- Being taken advantage of by suppliers
- Hoarding of goods Three explained well 3x2 = (6mks)

20 marks