

KITUI COUNTY MOCK**END OF TERM II FORM FOUR EXAMINATION, 2017****Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)****233/3****CHEMISTRY****PAPER 3****MARKING SCHEME**

1.

a)

	I	II	III
Final burette reading	37.2	37.2	37.2
Initial burette reading	0.0	0.0	0.0
Volume of solution D used (cm ³)	37.2	37.2	37.2

(4 marks)

Complete table – 1 mark

Decimal – 1 mark

Accuracy – 1 mark

Principle of averaging – 1 mark

Final accuracy - 1 mark

i) $\frac{37.2+37.2+37.2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = 37.2 \text{ cm}^3 \times \frac{1}{2}$ (1 mark)

ii) R.F.M of Na₂CO₃ = 106

Concentration of Na₂CO₃ $\times \frac{8}{106} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$\times 0.075 \text{ M} \times \frac{1}{2}$ (1 mark)

iii) Moles of Na₂CO₃ $\times \frac{25 \times 0.075}{1000} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$\times 0.001875$

Moles of HCl = 0.001875 x 2

= 0.00375 ✓ $\times \frac{1}{2}$

Concentration of HCl = $\frac{0.00375 \times 1000}{37.2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$\times 0.1008 \text{ M} \times \frac{1}{2}$ (2 marks)

iv) $0.1008 \times 10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1.0008 \text{ M} \times \frac{1}{2}$

OR

$\frac{0.1008 \times 250 \times \frac{1}{2}}{25} = 1.008 \text{ M} \times \frac{1}{2}$ (1 mark)

b)

Volume of solution A (cm ³)	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
Volume of solution C (cm ³)	14	12	10	8	6	4	2
Initial temperature of solution C (°C)	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5
Highest temperature of solution C (°C)	23	25.5	28.0	29.5	26.5	24.5	
Change in temperature ΔT (°C)	2.5	5.0	7.5	9.0	6.5	4.5	

(6 marks)

Complete table – 2 mark

Decimal – 1 mark

Accuracy – 1 mark (tied to initial Temperature) $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ to school value

Trend – 1 mark (tied to highest Temperature)

1) Continuous rise followed by continuous drop or

2) Continuous rise followed by a constant followed by a continuous drop.

i) Graph (3 marks)

Labeling of axes – $\frac{1}{2}$ mark

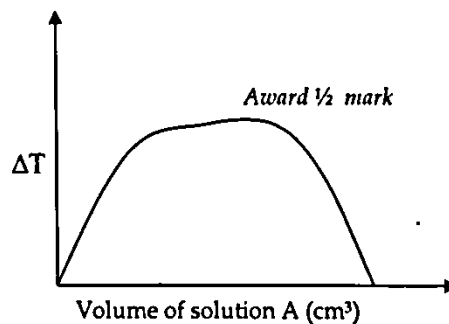
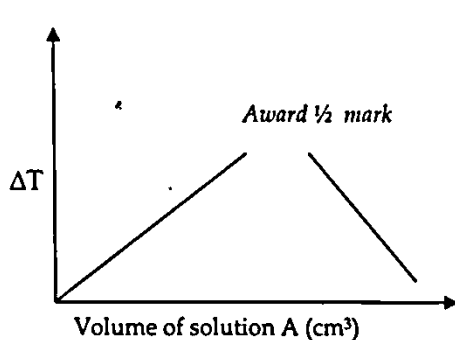
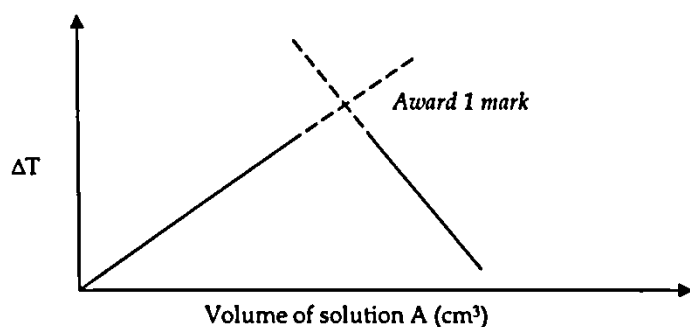
Scale – $\frac{1}{2}$ mark

Plotting – 1 mark

Line / shape – 1 mark

NOTE

- The first line is best line of fit passing through origin otherwise penalize fully, i.e. award zero.
- The lines must be extrapolated, otherwise penalize $\frac{1}{2}$ mark
- The shape is



ii) I $\Delta t = 9.5 \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$ ✓ $\frac{1}{2}$

($\frac{1}{2}$ mark)

II Maximum volume of A = $7.6\text{cm}^3 \pm 0.1$ ✓½ (½ mark)

iii) I Moles of sulphuric acid = $\frac{7.6 \times 1.008}{1000}$ ½

✓ 0.0076608 moles ½ (1 mark)

II Heat evolved = $16 \times 4.2 \times 9.5$ ✓½

= 638.4 joules ✓½ (1 mark)

Molar Heat = $\frac{638.4}{0.0076608}$ ½

✓ 83.333 KJ/mol ½ (2 marks)

2.

	Observations	Inferences
a)	Dissolves ✓½ forming a colourless solution ✓½ (1 mark)	Soluble salt/ substance ✓½ Fe^{3+} , Fe^{2+} Cu^{2+} absent ✓½ (1 mark)
b)	No bubbles/effervescence ✓1 (1 mark)	CO_3^{2-} , HCO_3^- , SO_3^{2-} absent 3 mentioned -1 marks 2 mentioned - ½ mark 1 mentioned - 0 mark (1 mark)
c)	White precipitate ✓1 (1 mark)	Cl^- , ✓½, SO_4^{2-} ✓½ Present Penalize ½ mark if the ion is one (½ + ½ mark)
d)	No white precipitate ✓1 (1 mark)	Cl^- ✓1 Present Penalize fully (1 mark)
e)	White precipitate ✓½ which dissolves in excess ✓½ (1 mark)	Al^{3+} ✓½, Zn^{2+} ✓½ present (1 mark) Penalize ½ mark if Pb^{2+} is mentioned or any other contradictory ion
f)	Bubbles / effervescence ✓1 (1 mark)	H^+ / H_3O^+ / R-COOH present for any one mentioned (1 mark)

3.

a) White / Colourless ✓½ crystalline solid ✓½

	Observations	Inferences
b)	Burns with yellow flame ✓½ (1 mark)	$\begin{array}{c} \quad \\ -C=C- \end{array} / -C \equiv C-$ present ✓½ for both otherwise award 0 mark (1 mark)
c) i)	KMnO ₄ decolorizes / purple KMnO ₄ turns colourless ✓1 (1 mark)	$\begin{array}{c} \quad \\ -C=C- \end{array} / -C \equiv C-$ present ✓1 for both otherwise award 0 mark (1 mark) Penalize fully if ROH mentioned or any other contradictory ion
(c) (ii)	Bubbles/ Effervescence (1 mark)	H ⁺ / H ₃ O ⁺ / R-COOH present ✓1 for nay one mentioned. (1 mark)