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**KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATION COUNCIL**  
**REVISION MOCK EXAMS 2016**  
**TOP NATIONAL SCHOOLS**

**FRIENDS SCHOOL KAMUSINGA**  
**BIOLOGY**  
**PAPER 1**  
**MARKING SCHEME**

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**FRIENDS SCHOOL KAMUSINGA KCSE TRIAL AND PRACTICE EXAM 2016**  
**BIOLOGY 233/1**  
**MARKING SCHEME**

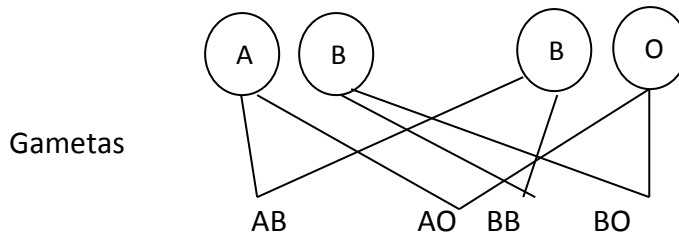
- 1 Peptide bond;
- 2 (a) Arachnida;  
(b) Cephalothorax;
3. Pteridophyta; Rej. Pteridophytes / ferns
- 4 (a) Maintain high blood pressure; (in arteries)  
(b) Sustain Capillarity
5. – Crossing over / recombination;  
- Independent assortment;
6. Light intensity decreases with depth;  
Less or no photosynthesis hence less or no producers;
7. root tips;  
Shoot tips;
8. (a) Physiological process. Anaerobic respiration;  
(b) **Between R and S.**  
Metabolic rate in muscles increases resulting to higher demand of oxygen; muscles starts respiring anaerobically forming lactic acids and hence the increase;  
(c) **Between S and T.**  
More oxygen supplied ; lactic acid oxidized anaerobically; lactic acid is converted into glucose / glycogen / lactic acid oxidized to carbon (iv) oxide; hence the decrease;
9. Insecta; Rej. Insects
10. (a) ulna  
(b) – Radius;  
-Humerus;
11. (a) (i) These are structures that have ceased to be functional over a long period of time and hence reduced in size;  
(ii) -reduced limbs in python;  
-Reduced wings in kiwi / emu / ostrich;  
(b) Disease causing organisms mutate ; and become resistant
12. (a) the auxillary / lateral buds will sprout/ branches formed or form;  
(b) Decapitation removes the hormone / IAA/ Auxins which is produced in the terminal bud / stem tip;  
Absence / removal of the hormone auxins / IAA promotes branching / development of auxillary buds;
13.

DNA	RNA
- Is double stranded	- Is single stranded
- Is made up of deoxybose sugar	- Made up of ribose sugar.
- Has base thiamine	- Has base uracil
14. NB The comparison must be comparative.  
-Waste products are mainly made from carbohydrates and hence not as harmful as proteanous materials;  
- Waste products are formed slowly / little accumulation of wastes / plants are less active;  
- Some waste products (such as O<sub>2</sub> or CO<sub>2</sub>) are reused / recycled;

-Some waste products (such as resins and gums) are stored in insoluble form in dead tissues / in non toxic forms in e.g flowers / seeds / leaves / fruits / barks.

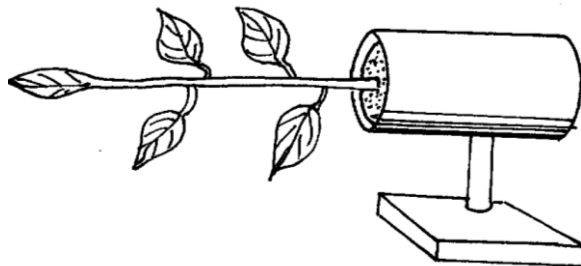
-Some wastes can be removed by diffusion.

15. (a) Rate of photosynthesis increases as the  $\text{CO}_2$  concentration increases up to optimum level (and vice versa)  
(b) Rate of photosynthesis increases as light intensity increases up to optimum level; (and vice versa)
16. Large cranial capacity ability to think and plan; opposable thumb ; bipedal erect posture etc. (Any three correct answer 3mks)
17. - Mixing of genetic material leading to hybrid vigour/ higher yields / heterosis;  
- Resistance of diseases / increased chances of survival/ drought resistance / early maturity;  
- Lead to new strains / varieties ; Rej species;
18. (a) Lacteal in the villi – Absorption of emulsified fats / oils.  
(b) Goblets cells – secretes mucus;
19. (a) A – ciliated epithelium  
(b) Nasal / trachea epithelium.
20. Parental phenotype woman                      Man  
Genotype      AB      x      BO  
Gametes



Probability  $\frac{1}{4}$  or 25% / 0.25

21. (i) In plasma: Bicarbonates / hydrogen carbonate ions  
(ii) In RBC = Haemoglobin ;
22. (a) X starch present  
Y starch absent  
(accept results not observations)  
(b) X - acts as a control  
Y –  $\text{CO}_2$  absent absorbed by potassium hydroxide pellet  
(Accept correct explanation)
23. (a) Klinostat.  
(b) still horizontal with an increase in length



- (c) Geotropism; / the shoot bending upwards and the root bending downwards.
24. Non disjunction :  
- Failure of homologous chromosome to segregate during meiosis / anaphaseI/ meiosis I of cell division.  
- Failure of sister chromatid to segregate during meiosis / anaphaseII / meiosis II of cell

division;

- (i) -Downs syndrome;  
-Turners syndrome  
-Klinefelters syndrome.  
-Turners syndrome .

Accept . Mongolism for Downs syndrome

Accept. Turners syndrome for Turner's syndrome/ Gonadodysgenesis

- (ii) Gene mutation

Albinism /; sickle cell anaemia; haemophilia colour blindness; chondrodystrophic dwarfism/ Achondroplasia/ phenylketonuria/ Duchenne muscular Dystrophy (DMD)

25. (a)  $N = \frac{n \times M}{m}$   
 $= \frac{374 \times 400}{80} = 1870$

- (b) **Assumptions ;**

- There was even distribution of crabs.
- No movement in and out of the lagoon / no migration
- There was random re-distribution of the crabs after the first capture.

- (c) Capture mark release recapture / capture recapture / capture release recaptures;

26. Provide energy required for splitting water molecules / autolysis / photolysis;

27. When they can interbreed naturally and produce a fertile offspring / viable offsprings;

28. Facilitates / causes / stimulate the liver cells to convert excess glucose into glycogen.  
- Opens up body cells for efficient utilization of blood sugar.

29. (a) X – trophic hormone.

Y – Ecdysone hormone

- (b) Retains juvenile characteristics

Inhibits moulting / ecdysis;

Prevents metamorphosis.

- (c) Promotes ecdysis / moulting.

Facilitate change of larval stage to adult stage.

30. Increased vascularization for more blood supply;

Increased thickening (endometrium and myometrium) to act as cushion to prevent the foetus from shock

31.  $1\text{mm} = 1000\mu\text{m}$

Diameter of field of view =  $3\mu\text{m}$

$3\text{mm} \times 1000 = 3000\text{mm}$

Size of one cell =  $\frac{\text{diameter of field of view}}{\text{No. of cells}}$

$$= \frac{3000}{20} = 150\mu\text{m}$$

Rej. Wrong units

32. (a) osmosis;

- (b) Water moved from the cells of the potato into the sugar solution by osmosis; cells are hypotonic to sugar solution; more water is drawn from the adjacent cells of potato; drawing it from the beaker this continues until sugar solution increase