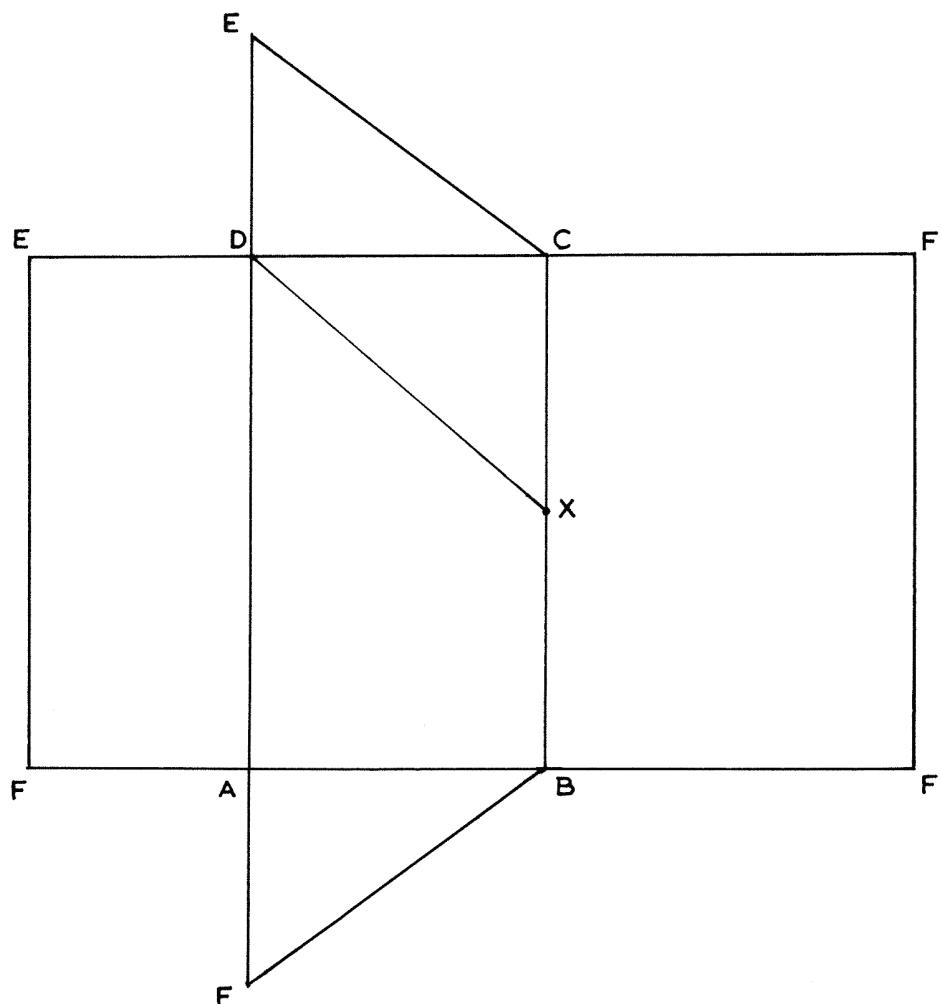


4.3 MATHEMATICS (121 AND 122)

4.3.1 Mathematics Alternative A Paper 1 (121/1)

| | | | |
|----|---|---|---|
| 1. | Cows = 32 Sheep = 32×12 = 384 Goats = $384 + 1344$ = 1728 Number of goats that remained $= \frac{1}{4} \times 1728$ = 432 | M1 M1 M1 A1 4 | |
| 2. | $\frac{\sqrt{1764}}{\sqrt[3]{2744}} = \frac{\sqrt{2^2 \times 3^2 \times 7^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2^3 \times 7^3}}$ $= \frac{2 \times 3 \times 7}{2 \times 7}$ $= 3$ | M1 M1 A1 3 | For prime factors of both $\sqrt{}$ and $\sqrt[3]{}$ |
| 3. | Volume = $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (14)^2 \times 18$ = 3696 cm ³ Density = $\frac{4.62 \times 1000}{3696}$ = 1.25 g/cm ³ | M1 M1 A1 3 | |

4.



$$DX = 5.3 \pm 0.1$$

| | |
|----|---------------------------|
| B1 | ✓ measurements and angles |
| B1 | ✓ complete net (labelled) |
| 3 | |

5. C.P. for carpet

$$= \frac{36000 \times 100}{120}$$

$$= 30000$$

% profit made during trade fair

$$= \frac{33600 - 30000}{30000} \times 100$$

$$= 12\%$$

M1

M1

A1

3

| | | | |
|----|--|---------------------|--|
| 6. | $= \frac{243^{\frac{-2}{5}} \times 125^{\frac{2}{3}}}{9^{\frac{-3}{2}}}$ $= \frac{27 \times 25}{9}$ $= 75$ | M1 M1 A1 3 | ✓ manipulation of all indices or equivalent simplification |
| 7. | $= \frac{\theta}{2\pi} \times \pi \times 2.1 \times 2.1 = 2.31$ $\theta = \frac{2.31 \times 2}{2.1 \times 2.1}$ $= 1.05^\circ$ | M1 A1 2 | |
| 8. | $(x + 2y)^2 - (2y - 3)^2$ $= (x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2) - (4y^2 - 12y + 9)$ $= x^2 + 4xy + 12y - 9$ | M1 A1 2 | |

| | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| 9. | | B1 B1 | ✓ location of M ✓ location of N |
| Distance MN = 6.8×100 $= 680 \text{ km}$ | | M1 A1 4 | MN = $6.8 \pm 0.1 \text{ cm}$ |
| 10. $(2n - 4) \times 90 = 1800$ $180n = 2160$ $n = 12$ size of each exterior angle $= \frac{360}{12} = 30^\circ$ | | M1 M1 A1 3 | |
| 11. let age of cow be x years | $\therefore x\left(x - 4\frac{2}{3}\right) = 8$ | M1 | |
| | $3x^2 - 14x - 24 = 0$ | M1 | |
| | $(3x + 4)(x - 6) = 0$ | A1 | |
| | $x = 6$ or $-\frac{4}{3}$ | B1 | |
| Age of cow = 6 years | | 4 | |
| Age of heifer = $1\frac{1}{3}$ years | | | |

| | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| 12. | $4 \leq 3x - 2 < 9 + x$ $4 \leq 3x - 2 \quad 3x - 2 < 9 + x$ $6 \leq 3x \quad 2x < 11$ $x \geq 2 \quad x < 5\frac{1}{2}$ $\therefore 2 \leq x < 5\frac{1}{2}$ <p>Integral values 2, 3, 4, 5</p> | M1 A1 B1 3 | |
| 13. | Volume of water in container $= \frac{80}{100} \times 90(40 \times 25 - \pi \times 7.5^2)$ $= 59276.54975$ $\frac{59276.54975}{1000}$ $= 59.3$ | M1 M1 M1 A1 3 | for $\frac{80}{100} \times 90$ difference in volumes conversion into litres |
| 14. | Angle for major arc $= 360 - 105$ $= 255^\circ$ Length of arc $= \frac{255}{360} \times 2 \times 8.4 \times \frac{22}{7}$ $= 37.4$ cm | B1 M1 A1 3 | |
| 15. | Amount of work $= 25 \times 16 \times 9$ Machines required $= \frac{25 \times 16 \times 9}{12 \times 10}$ $= 30$ | M1 M1 A1 3 | \div by 12×10 |
| 16. | $ AB = \sqrt{(-3+2)^2 + (7-2)^2} = \sqrt{26}$ $ A'B' = \sqrt{4^2 + (-20)^2} = \sqrt{416}$ Scale factor $= \frac{ A'B' }{ AB } = \frac{\sqrt{416}}{\sqrt{26}}$ $= 4$ | M1 M1 A1 3 | for $ AB $ and $ A'B' $ |

| | | | |
|-----|---|----|------------------------------|
| 17. | (a) Equation of L | | |
| | $\text{gradient} = \frac{6-3}{-1-2}$ | M1 | |
| | $= 3$ | | |
| | $\text{equation} = \frac{y-6}{x+1} = 3$ | A1 | |
| | $\Rightarrow y - 3x = 9$ | | |
| | (b) equation of P | | |
| | $= \frac{y-6}{x+1} = -\frac{1}{3}$ | M1 | |
| | $3y + x = 17$ | A1 | |
| | (c) equation of Q | | |
| | $= \frac{y-2}{x-1} = 3$ | B1 | |
| | $y = 3x - 1$ | | |
| | x intercept when $y = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3}$ | B1 | |
| | y intercept when $x = 0 \Rightarrow y = -1$ | B1 | |
| | (d) Intersection of lines P and Q | | |
| | $3y + x = 17 \dots (i)$ | M1 | |
| | $y - 3x = -1 \dots (ii)$ | | |
| | $3y + x = 17$ | | |
| | $3y - 9x = -3$ | | |
| | $10x = 20 \Rightarrow x = 2$ | A1 | for both $x = 2$ and $y = 5$ |
| | subset $3y + 2 = 17 \Rightarrow y = 5$ | | |
| | \therefore point of intersection $(2, 5)$ | B1 | |
| | | | 10 |

18.

(a)

| Class | 3-5 | 6-8 | 9-11 | 12-14 | 15-17 | 18-20 |
|-----------|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency | 3 | 8 | 13 | 10 | 4 | 2 |

B1

B1

(b) (i) mean length = $\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$

$$= \frac{4 \times 3 + 7 \times 8 + 10 \times 13 + 13 \times 10 + 16 \times 4 + 19 \times 2}{40}$$

$$= 10.75$$

B1 for all ✓ mid points - i.e 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 19

M1

A1

(ii)

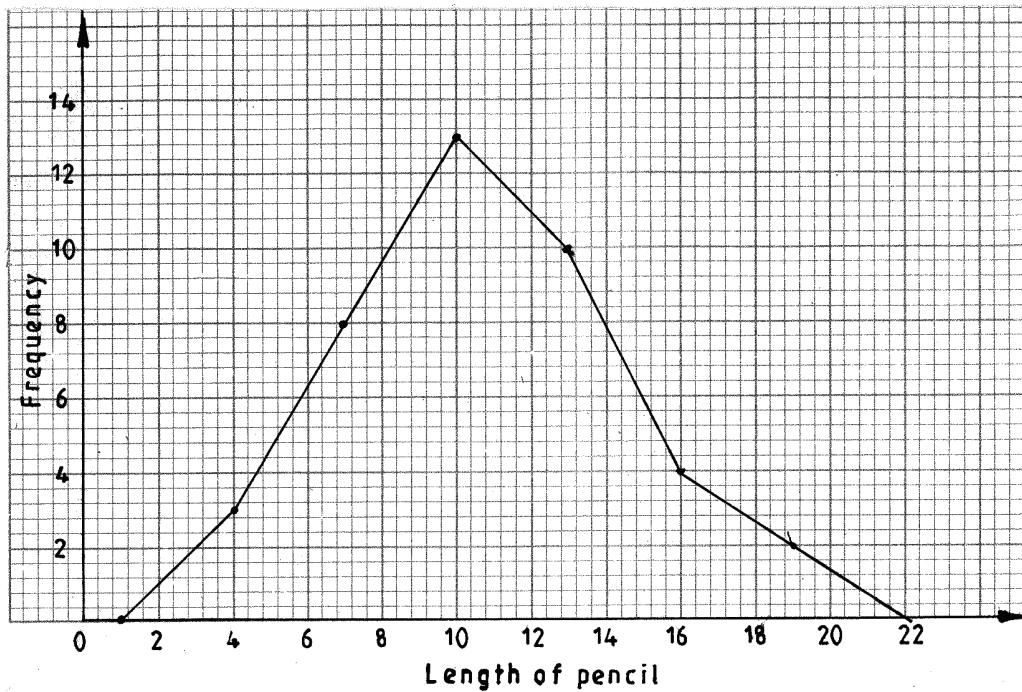
$$= \frac{23}{40} \times 100$$

$$= 57.5\%$$

B1 for 23

B1

(c)



S1

P1

C1

10

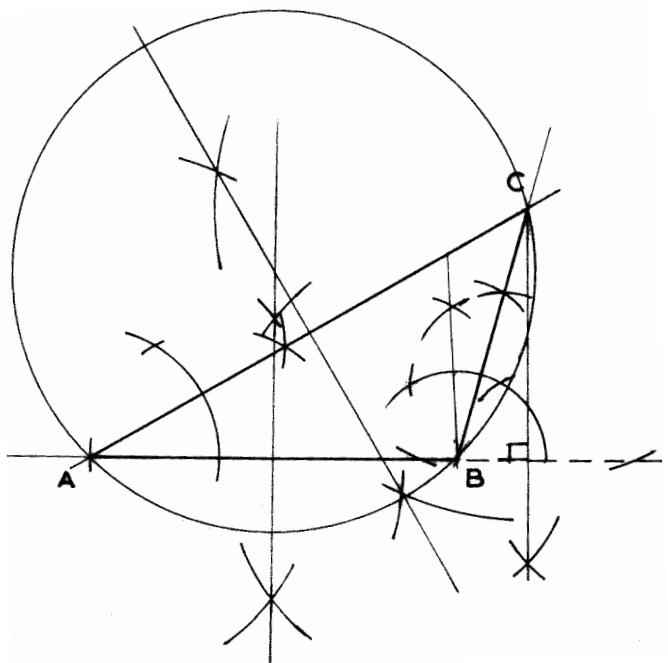
| | | | |
|-----|--|----------------|--|
| 19. | (a) 15 m/s (b) maximum speed | B1 | |
| | $\frac{1}{2}(15 + h) \times 10 + \frac{1}{2}(10 + 30)h = 825$ | M1 | |
| | $75 + 5h + 20h = 825$ $25h = 750$ $h = 30 \text{ m/s}$ | M1 A1 | |
| | (c) (i) $= \frac{30 - 15}{10}$ $= 1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ | M1 A1 | |
| | (ii) $= \frac{0 - 30}{20} = -1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ | B1 | |
| | (d) $\left[\frac{1}{2}(15 + 30) \times 10 + 10 \times 30 \right] \div 20$ $= (225 + 300) \div 20$ $= 26.25 \text{ m/s}$ | M1 M1 B1 | for distance covered in first 20 seconds |
| | | 10 | |

| | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 20. | <p>(a) base area $= \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 15 \sin 72^\circ \times 5$ $= 534.97$</p> <p>(b) Length AV $= \sqrt{36^2 + 15^2} = 39$</p> <p>(c) Area of triangular faces: $\frac{AB}{\sin 72^\circ} = \frac{15}{\sin 54^\circ}$ $AB = \frac{15 \sin 72^\circ}{\sin 54^\circ}$ $= 17.63$ \therefore area $= \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{1}{2}(39 + 39 + 17.63)(30.185)(8.815^2) \right\}}$ $= 334.89$</p> <p>Total area $= 334.89 \times 5 + 534.97$ $= 2209.42$</p> <p>(d) volume of pyramid $= \frac{1}{3} \times 534.97 \times 36$ $= 6419.63 \text{ cm}^2$ $\simeq 6420 \text{ (4 s.f.)}$</p> | <p>B1 M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1 A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>use of 72°</p> <p>✓ application of Herons formula</p> <p>10</p> |
|-----|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|-----|----|----|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|-----|----|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| 21. | (a) <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <tr><td>x</td><td>-2</td><td>-1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>y</td><td>16</td><td>10</td><td>6</td><td>4</td><td>4</td><td>6</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>24</td><td>34</td><td>46</td></tr> </table> | x | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | y | 16 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 24 | 34 | 46 | B2 y values (B1 for at least 6 correct) |
| x | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| y | 16 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 24 | 34 | 46 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Area using trapezium rule $= \frac{1}{2} \times 1 [16 + 46 + 2(10 + 6 + 4 + 4 + 6 + 10 + 16 + 24 + 34)]$ | M1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $= \frac{1}{2}[62 + 2(114)]$ | M1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $= 145$ | A1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Area using mid-ordinate rule $= 2 \times (10 + 4 + 6 + 16 + 34)$ | M1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $= 140$ | A1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Area using integration method $\int_{-2}^8 (x^2 - 3x + 6) dx = \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + 6x \Big _{-2}^8$ | M1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $= \left[\frac{512}{3} - \frac{192}{2} + 48 \right] - \left[\frac{-8}{3} - \frac{3 \times 4}{2} - 12 \right]$ | M1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $= 122\frac{2}{3} + 20\frac{2}{3}$ | A1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $= 143\frac{1}{3}$ | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

22.

(a) (i)

B1 construction of 30° B1 construction of 105° B1 completion of $\triangle ABC$

(ii)

B1 \perp bisectors

B1 circle

$$\text{radius} = 3.5 \pm 0.1$$

B1

(iii) height construction
height = 3.4 ± 0.1

B1 height constructed

B1

(b) area of circle outside triangle
 $= \pi \times 3.5^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 3.4 \times 5$
 $\simeq 29.98$

M1

A1

10

| | | |
|-----|---|--|
| 23. | (a) $\tan \theta = \frac{70}{240}$ $= 0.2917$ $\theta = 16.26^\circ$ (b) $AC = \sqrt{70^2 + 240^2}$ $= 250 \text{ m}$ $\angle ACD = 150^\circ - (90^\circ - 16.26^\circ)$ $= 76.26^\circ$ $AD^2 = 200^2 + 250^2 - 2 \times 200 \times 250 \cos 76.26^\circ$ $AD = \sqrt{40000 + 62500 - 100000 \cos 76.26^\circ}$ $= 280.6$ (c) Area of plot $= \frac{1}{2} \times 240 \times 70 + \frac{1}{2} \times 250 \times 200 \sin 76.26^\circ$ $= 8400 + 24284.59$ $= 32684.59 \text{ m}^2$ $= \frac{32684.59}{10000}$ $= 3.27 \text{ ha}$ | M1 A1 B1 M1 M1 A1 M1 M1 M1 A1 10 |
|-----|---|--|

| | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------------------|----|
| 24. | (a) Value of y when $x = -1$ $y = -1 - 4 + 3 = -2$ | B1 | |
| | (b) Stationary points $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 - 8x - 3$ for stationary points $3x^2 - 8x - 3 = 0$ $(3x + 1)(x - 3) = 0$ $x = -\frac{1}{3}$ or $x = 3$ when $x = -\frac{1}{3}$, $y = \frac{14}{27}$ when $x = 3$, $y = -18$ \therefore stationary points $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{14}{27}\right)$ and $(3, -18)$ | M1 A1 B1 B1 | |
| | (c) Equation of normal to curve: gradient of tangent at $x = 1$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3 - 8 - 3 = -8$ gradient of normal $= \frac{1}{8}$ \therefore equation of normal at $x = 1$ $\frac{y+6}{x-1} = \frac{1}{8}$ $y + 6 = \frac{1}{8}x - \frac{1}{8}$ $y = \frac{1}{8}x - 6\frac{1}{8}$ | B1 B1 M1 A1 | 10 |

4.3.2 Mathematics Alternative A Paper 2 (121/2)

| 1. | Limits: 12.5 ± 0.05 m and 9.23 ± 0.005 m Maximum difference $= 12.55 - 9.225$ $= 3.325$ m | B1 M1 A1 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|-----------------------------|-----------|-----|--------|---|---|---------|---|---|---------|----|----|---------|---|----|---------|---|----|--|--|
| 2. | a) First 6 terms $-7, -4, -1, 2, 5, 8$ b) Sum of 1 st 50 terms $S_{50} = \frac{50}{2} \{2 \times -7 + 49 \times 3\}$ $= 3325$ | B1 M1 A1 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | a) $\angle BAC = 70^\circ - 30^\circ = 40^\circ$ Reflex $\angle BOC = 360^\circ - 80^\circ$ $= 280^\circ$ b) $\angle ACO = 40^\circ - 30^\circ = 10^\circ$ | B1 B1 B1 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | $L = \frac{kM}{N^2}$ $2 = \frac{k \times 12}{36}$ $k = 6$ \therefore equation $L = \frac{6M}{N^2}$ | B1 M1 A1 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Marks</th> <th>Frequency</th> <th>c.f</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 - 10</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11 - 20</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>21 - 30</td> <td>11</td> <td>17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>31 - 40</td> <td>5</td> <td>22</td> </tr> <tr> <td>41 - 50</td> <td>3</td> <td>25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Median</p> $= 20.5 + \frac{12.5 - 6}{11} \times 10$ $= 20.5 + 5.91$ $= 26.41$ $\simeq 26$ | Marks | Frequency | c.f | 1 - 10 | 2 | 2 | 11 - 20 | 4 | 6 | 21 - 30 | 11 | 17 | 31 - 40 | 5 | 22 | 41 - 50 | 3 | 25 | B1 for c.f M1 M1 A1 4 | |
| Marks | Frequency | c.f | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 - 10 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 - 20 | 4 | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 - 30 | 11 | 17 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 - 40 | 5 | 22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 - 50 | 3 | 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------------------|--|
| 6. | Amplitude = 2 Period = $\frac{360}{3} = 120^\circ$ | B1 B1 | |
| 7. | Area scale factor = $\frac{30}{5} = 6$ $4x - 2x + 2 = 6$ $2x = 4$ $x = 2$ | B1 M1 A1 | |
| 8. | $(3-x)^7 = 3^7 - 7(3)^6x + 21(3)^5x^2 - 35(3)^4x^3 + 35(3)^3x^4 + \dots$ $= 2187 - 5103x + 5103x^2 - 2835x^3 + 945x^4$ $(2.8)^7 = (3 - 0.2)^7$ $= 2187 - 5103(0.2) + 5103(0.2)^2 - 2835(0.2)^3 + 945(0.2)^4$ $= 1349.352$ | B1 M1 A1 | |
| 9. | $\log \frac{15^2}{x} = \log 5(x - 4)$ $\frac{15^2}{x} = 5(x - 4)$ $x^2 - 4x - 45 = 0$ $(x - 9)(x + 5) = 0$ $x = 9 \text{ or } -5$ $x = 9$ | M1 M1 M1 A1 | |
| 10. | $PR = \sqrt{60^2 + 11^2} = 61$ $\tan \theta = \frac{10}{61}$ $\theta = 9.31^\circ$ | B1 M1 A1 | |

| | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| 11. | $\begin{aligned} 3x - y &= 9 && \times x \\ x^2 - xy &= 4 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} 3x^2 - xy &= 9x \\ x^2 - xy &= 4 \\ 2x^2 &= 9x - 4 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} 2x^2 - 9x + 4 &= 0 \\ (2x - 1)(x - 4) &= 0 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} x = \frac{1}{2} &\quad \text{or } x = 4 \\ y = 3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 9 &\quad \text{or } 3(4) - 9 \\ &= -7\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{or } 3 \end{aligned}$ | M1 M1 A1 B1 4 | Attempt to solve Factors |
| 12. | $\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^4 = \frac{495000}{280000}$ $1 + \frac{r}{100} = 1.153$ $r = 15.3$ | M1 M1 A1 3 | |
| 13. | $8008 = \frac{40 + \theta}{360} \times 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 6370$ $40 + \theta = \frac{8008 \times 360 \times 7}{2 \times 22 \times 6370} = 72$ $\theta = 72^\circ - 40^\circ$ $= 32^\circ$ <p>Position of B(32° S, 20°W)</p> | M1 M1 A1 3 | or 32° seen |
| 14. | $\begin{aligned} \underline{\mathbf{r}} + \underline{\mathbf{s}} &= (7\underline{\mathbf{i}} + 2\underline{\mathbf{j}} - \underline{\mathbf{k}}) + (-\underline{\mathbf{i}} + \underline{\mathbf{j}} - \underline{\mathbf{k}}) \\ &= 6\underline{\mathbf{i}} + 3\underline{\mathbf{j}} - 2\underline{\mathbf{k}} \end{aligned}$ $ \underline{\mathbf{r}} + \underline{\mathbf{s}} = \sqrt{6^2 + 3^2 + (-2)^2}$ $= 7$ | B1 M1 A1 3 | |

| | | | |
|-----|---|--|---------------------|
| 15. | $y = \int (x^2 - 4x + 3) dx$ $= \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x + c$ $0 = \frac{1}{3} - 2 + 3 + c$ $\therefore c = -\frac{4}{3}$ $\therefore y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - \frac{4}{3}$ | M1 M1 A1 | 3 |
| 16. | Temperature at the 2nd minute = 60° Temperature at the 11th minute = 18° Average rate of cooling $= \frac{60 - 18}{2 - 11}$ $= \frac{42}{ 9 }$ $= 4\frac{2}{3} \text{ C/min}$ | B1 M1 A1 | for both ✓ 3 |
| 17. | a) $A = \frac{3}{4}B, C = 2B$ $\Rightarrow A:B:C = \frac{3}{4}B:B:2B$ $= 3:4:8$ b) $(\frac{168}{8} \times 4) \text{ litres}$ $= 84 l$ c) (i) $\frac{3 \times 160 + 4 \times 205 + 8 \times 100}{3 + 4 + 8}$ $= \text{Ksh } 140$ (ii) $\frac{182 - 140}{140} \times 100\%$ $= 30\%$ (iii) $\text{Ksh } 140 \times \frac{125}{100}$ $= \text{Ksh } 175$ | M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 | 10 |

| | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------|---|
| 18. | a) (i) $(50 + 40)(50) = 30(30 + x)$ $4500 = 900 + 30x$ $30x = 3600$ $QS = x = 120 \text{ cm}$ | M1 A1 | |
| | (ii) $RS = \frac{1}{2}QS$ $= \frac{1}{2}(120) = 60 \text{ cm}$ $OR = \sqrt{61^2 - 60^2}$ $= 11 \text{ cm}$ | B1 M1 A1 | |
| | b) (i) $\sin \theta = \frac{60}{61}$ $\theta = 79.6^\circ$ | M1 A1 | or equivalent |
| | (ii) Angle at the centre $= 2 \times 79.6$ $= 159.2^\circ$ | M1 | |
| | Length of minor arc QS $= \frac{159.2}{360} \times 2\pi \times 61$ $= 169.5 \text{ cm}$ | M1 A1 | |
| | | 10 | |
| 19. | a) (i) $38392 + 2108$ $= \text{Ksh } 41000$ | M1 A1 | |
| | (ii) $10164 \times 0.1 + 9576 \times 0.15 + 9576 \times 0.2$ $+ 9576 \times 0.25 + 2108 \times 0.3$ $= 1016.4 + 1436.4 + 1915.2 + 2394 + 632.4$ $= \text{Ksh } 7394.4$ | M1 M1 M1 A1 | \checkmark 1 st band \checkmark 3 middle bands \checkmark last (5 th) band |
| | monthly income tax $= 7394.4 - 1162$ $= \text{Ksh } 6232.4$ | B1 | |
| | b) Amount saved in coop society $= \frac{5}{100} \times (41000 - 15000)$ $= \text{Ksh } 1300$ | M1 | |
| | Nett pay $41000 - (6232.4 + 1300)$ $= \text{Ksh } 33467.6$ | M1 A1 | |
| | | 10 | |

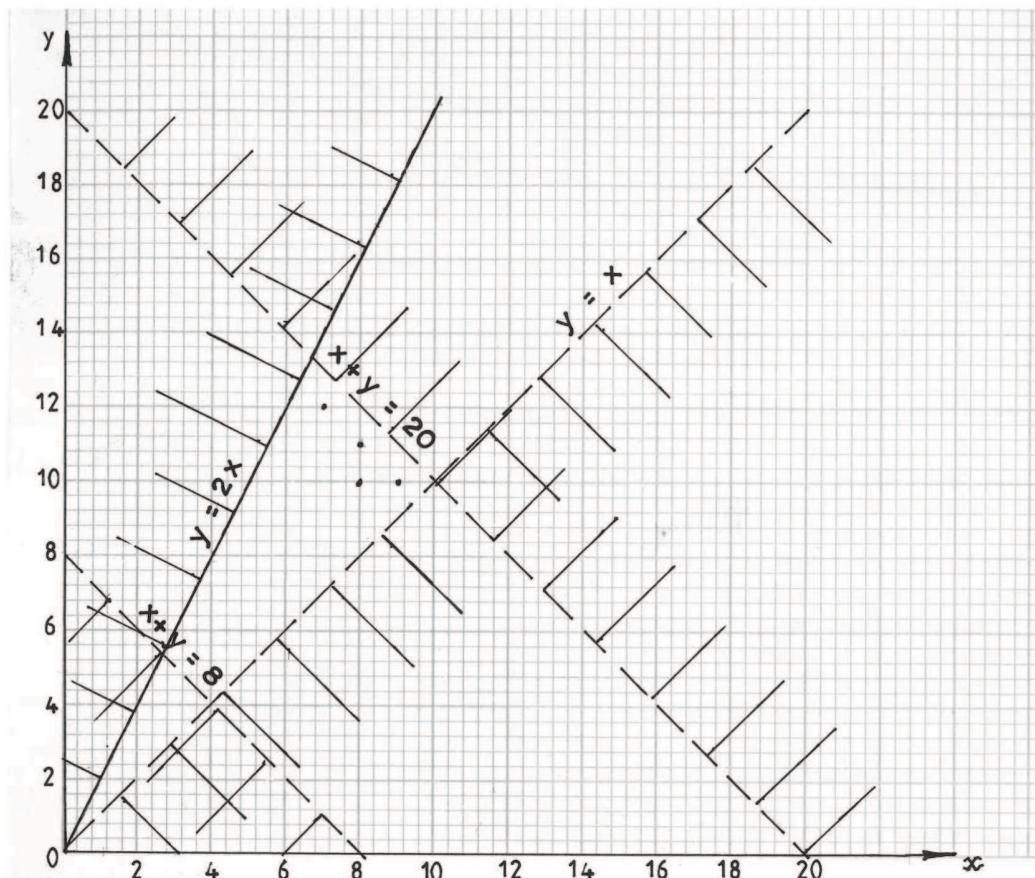
20. a) $y > x$
 $y \leq 2x$

$x + y < 20$
 $x + y > 8$

b) (i)

B1
B1

B1
B1



(ii) Maximum area:

$$9 \times 10 \\ = 90 \text{ m}^2$$

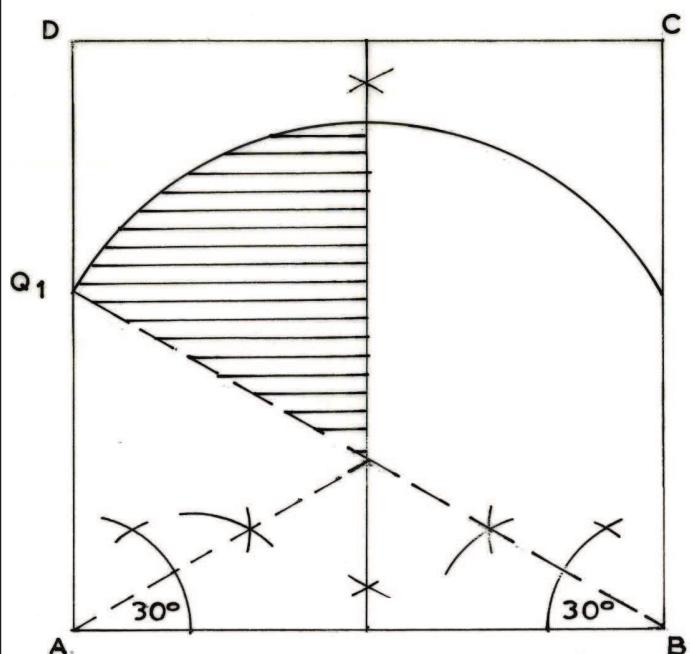
B1 line $y = 2x$ and ✓ shading
 B1 broken line $x + y = 20$ and ✓ shading
 B1 broken line $x + y = 8$ and ✓ shading
 B1 broken line $y = x$ and ✓ shading

M1
A1

10

| | | |
|---|---|-----------|
| <p>21.</p> <p>a) (i) $\frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$ $= \frac{2}{3}$</p> <p>(ii) $\frac{2}{6} \times \frac{2}{6}$ $= \frac{1}{9}$</p> <p>b)</p> <pre> graph LR Start(()) -- "3/6 = 1/2" --> Cycling(Cycling) Start -- "2/6 = 1/3" --> Jogging(Jogging) Start --> WeightLifting(Weight lifting) Cycling -- "2/3" --> FootballC1[football] Cycling -- "1/3" --> HockeyC1[hockey] Jogging -- "3/5" --> FootballJ1[football] Jogging -- "2/5" --> HockeyJ1[hockey] WeightLifting --> FootballWL[football] WeightLifting --> HockeyWL[hockey] </pre> <p>c) (i) $P(\text{Gataro plays football})$</p> $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2}$ $= \frac{37}{60}$ <p>(ii) $P(\text{neither jogs nor plays football})$</p> $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2}$ $= \frac{1}{4}$ | <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> | <p>10</p> |
|---|---|-----------|

23.

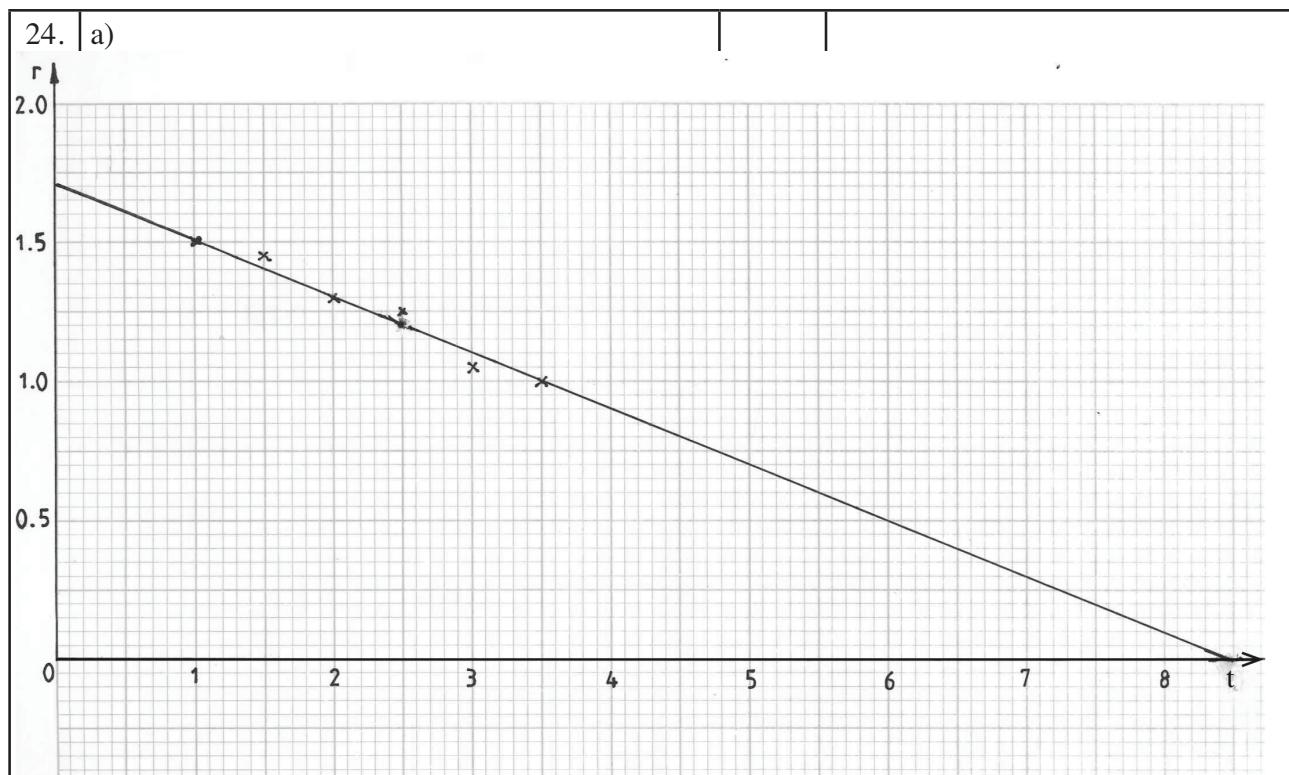


- (i)
(ii)

b) (i) $9.2 \times 10 = 92 \text{ m}$

(ii) area of region bounded by locus of P,
locus of Q and line BQ_1
angle = 60° radius = 46 m
 $= \pi \times 46^2 \times \frac{60}{360}$
 $= 1107.94$
 $\simeq 1108 \text{ m}^2$

| | |
|----|--------------------------------|
| B2 | locus of P |
| B1 | construction of 30° |
| B1 | identification of centre |
| B1 | drawing of arc |
| B1 | |
| B1 | Identifying region |
| B1 | for radius and angle of sector |
| M1 | |
| A1 | |
| 10 | |



b) (i) value of a
 $= \frac{-0.7}{3.5}$
 $= -0.2$
 value of k = 1.7

(ii) equation: $r = -0.2t + 1.7$

(iii) value of t when r = 0
 $\therefore 0 = -0.2t + 1.7$
 $0.2t = 1.7$

$$t = \frac{1.7}{0.2} = 8.5$$

S1 ✓ scale
 P2 (P1 for 4 points ✓ plotted)
 L1 ✓ line
 M1

A1
 B1

B1

M1

A1

10