## **BIOLOGY PAPER 1**

**ANSWERS** 

**KCSE 2010** 

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Biolog	gy Pape	r 1			
1.	(a) (b)	Cytology; Microbiology;			
2.	(a) (b)		ered/not arranged in a ring		
	(c)	Epidermis;		(4 marks)	
3.	(a) Protein synthesis				
	(b)	Destroys worn out organelles a	and micro-organism;	(2 marks)	
4.	(a)	(i) Root hair cell; (ii) D - cell wall; E - cellsap vacuole;	•		
	(b)	Controls the functioning of the	cell;	(4 marks)	
5.	Moist f	ge surface area for efficient diffusion of gases; for gases to diffuse in solution form; for efficient diffusion of gases across a short distance; (3 ma			
6.	(a)	Co-ordinates balance;			
	(b)	Controls heart beat/blood press	ure/breathing rate;	(2 marks)	
7.	Haemo Plasmo	Haemolysis – process by which red blood cells take in water till they burst; Plasmolysis – loss of water from a plant cell; (2 ma			
8.	legs per Body fl	oda of walking segment; attened dosoventrally; ivided into head and trunk	diplopoda 2 pairs of walking legs Per segment; Body cylindrical in shape; Body divided into head thorax and trunk	; (3 marks)	
9.	They contain chlorophyll which traps light energy; They have grana which increase surface area for photosynthesis; The stroma has enzymes for photosynthesis;			(2 marks)	
10.	Resistance to diseases; Increased yields;			(2 marks)	
11.	(a)	Aquatic;		(1 mark)	
	(b)	Large air space/aerenchyma to e Sclereids for mechanical suppor Stomata on upper epidermis to Any two	rt of leaf;	(2 marks)	
				,	

12.	J - S	porangium;					
		orption of soluble substances;					
	Secre	etion of digestive enzymes;	(3 marks)				
13.	(a)	Place or environment in which specified organisms live;					
	(b)	A natural unit with abiotic and biotic factors;	(2 marks)				
14.	Char	Charcoal in limited supply of air produces carbon (ii) oxide; which combines with haemogle					
		forming carboxyhaemoglobin;					
	Lead	ing to suffocation/death;	(3 marks)				
15.	¥ _ 9	X – Starch present;					
13.							
		<ul> <li>Y - Starch absent;</li> <li>X - Acts as a control;</li> <li>Y - CO<sub>2</sub> absent absorbed by potassium hydroxide pellets;</li> </ul>					
2555		79 1707 1724 <b>0 T</b> . 1904. 1724-0 1707					
16.		Emulsification;					
	Crea	ting alkaline medium for digestive enzymes;	(2 marks)				
17.	(a)	Herbivorous;					
	1,000						
	(b)	Lack canines on upper Jaw/lack incisors on upper jaws;	(1 mark)				
18.	Anin	Animals form water products more rapidly than plants;					
73,77,70		nal wastes are more toxic than those of plants;					
		nals don't re-use their wastes while plants re-use some of their waste	·s.				
		Any two	(2 marks)				
12	202						
19.	When	n temperature is high they dilate; when low they constrict;	(2 marks)				
20.	High	er chances of fertilization;					
		Embryo is protected from external environmental conditions; (2 marks)					
			\$100 Per 100 P				
21.	(a)	P – sutures;					
	(b)	(i) Atlas;					
	570060	(ii) Hinge joint;	(3 marks)				
22.	(a)	Passage of ova;					
	(b)	Storage of sperms;					
	(c)	Hold the testis;	(3 marks)				
22	41						
23.	Posse	Absence of nucleus; increase of space for packaging haemoglobin for carrying oxygen.					
	Conc	Possession of haemoglobin which has high affinity for oxygen; Concave shape creates large surface area for combining with oxygen;					
	Abili	Ability to change shape to enable them pass through capillaries (3 marks)					
	110111	., to shange shape to chaote them pass through capinaries	(3 marks)				
24.	(a)	Use and disuse;					
		Acquired traits can be passed on to offspring;					
	(b)	Acquired characteristics cannot be inherited;	(3 marks)				

25.	Over	crowding;					
23.		mulation of toxic wastes;					
	Limited resources such as nutrients;						
26.	(a)	Provides support; Enables plants to grow towards light; Any one					
	(b)	In search of nutrients	^				
		Anchorage; Any one	(2 marks)				
27.	(a)	Failure of homologous chromosomes to segregate during meiosis;					
	(b)	(i) Down's syndrome/Turner's syndrome/Klinefelter's syndrome;	. (1mark)				
		<ul><li>(ii) Albinism/single cell anaemia/haemophilia/colour blindness;</li></ul>	(1 mark)				
28.		Arteries have thick muscular walls, veins have thin and less muscular walls; Arteries have narrow lumen, veins have wider lumen;					
		ies have no valves except at junction with heart veins have valves at regula	ar intervals; (3 marks)				
29.	(a)	Gymnospermae;					
	(b)	Needle-like leaves (with waxy cuticle); Naked seeds;	(3 marks)				
30.	The inhibition of growth of lateral buds;						
	By auxins; produced by the growing apical bud;						