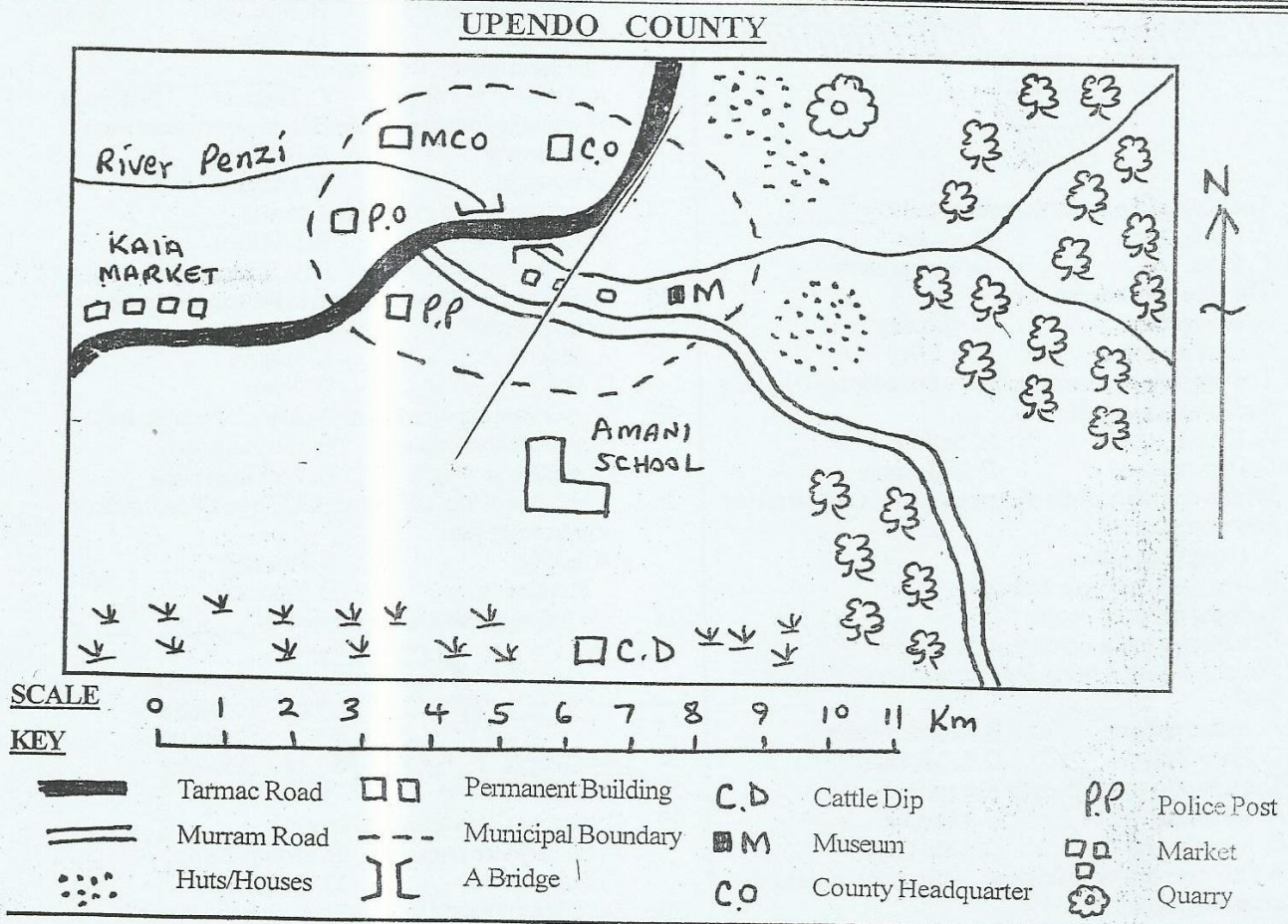


Standard 6 End Term 1 Exam, 2016

003

SOCIAL STUDIES/C.R.E.

TIME: 2HRS 15 MINS

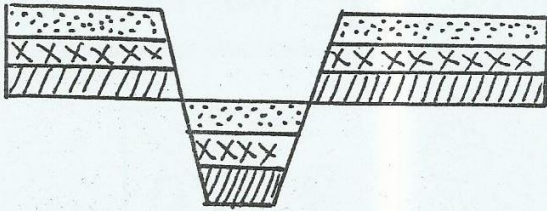


Study the map of Upendo County to answer questions 1-7

- Three of the following economic activities are carried out in the region except
 - lumbering
 - tourism
 - mining
 - trading
- The most important food social service missing in Upendo County is
 - a church
 - a mosque
 - a school
 - a stadium
- The climate of Southern part of Upendo County can be said be
 - warm and wet
 - hot and dry
 - cool and dry
 - cool and wet
- People of Upendo County are likely to be
 - pagans
 - Buddhists
 - Christian
 - Muslims
- The highest part in Upendo County is likely to be found in the
 - South West
 - North West
 - North East
 - East
- The local authority incharge of Upendo County is
 - town council
 - county council
 - municipal council
 - urban council
- Upendo county is most likely to be handed by
 - P.C
 - DC
 - Chief
 - Governor
- The biggest national park in Kenya is
 - Sibiloi National Park
 - Tsavo National Park
 - Amboseli National Park
 - Nairobi National Park
- Which one is not an element of weather
 - Temperature
 - Winds
 - Rainfall
 - Longitude
- In Kenya, mangrove forests are found in one of the regions listed below. Which one?
 - Rift Valley
 - Coastal region
 - Lake Victoria
 - Highlands

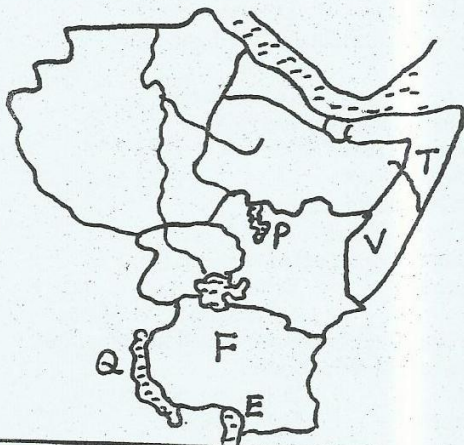
11. Which one of the following courts is the highest in Kenya?
 A. Court of Appeal
 B. Principal magistrate court
 C. High court
 D. Chief magistrate

Use the diagram to answer questions 12-13

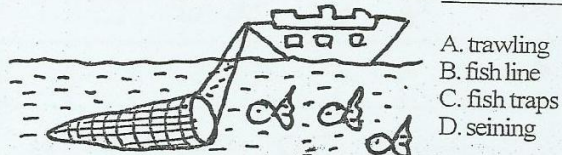


12. The walls of the above feature are called _____
 A. ridges B. ranges
 C. faults D. escarpments
13. The above feature is a _____
 A. escarpment B. rift valley
 C. horst mountain D. a valley
14. The vegetation growing in the swamps along R. Nile in Sudan are known as _____
 A. Kyoga B. Sudd
 C. Papyrus seed D. Okavango
15. Which one of the following factors does not promote peace on society?
 A. Using rule of laws
 B. Denying the people their rights
 C. Being fair to all people
 D. Listening to the opinion of the people
16. Which of the following does River Ewaso Nyiro drain into?
 A. Indian Ocean B. Lorian Swamp
 C. River Turkana D. L. Victoria
17. The last who group to enter Kenya was _____
 A. Joka-Jok B. Abasuba
 C. Joka-Owiny D. Joka-Omolo
18. Which one of the following instrument is used for measuring humidity?
 A. Anemometer B. Barometer
 C. Hygrometer D. Rain gauge

Study the map of Eastern Africa below and answer questions 19-23



19. The main type of fish caught from the lake marked E is _____
 A. Tilapia B. Dagaa
 C. Nile Perch D. Tuna
20. The main crop growing between river V and T is _____
 A. bananas B. Wheat
 C. tea D. coffee
21. The river marked Q which was its source from Ethiopian highlands is known as _____
 A. Bar-el-Gazal B. Blue Nile
 C. Atbara D. White Nile
22. The lake marked P is known as _____
 A. Tana B. Victoria C. Turkana D. Kyoga
23. The country marked F gained its independence from _____
 A. Germany B. Britain
 C. Portugal D. France
24. The deepest lake in Eastern Africa is _____?
 A. L. Victoria B. L. Albert
 C. L. Tanganyika D. L. Turkana
25. Which of the following towns in Kenya is an important mining centre?
 A. Eldoret B. Magadi
 C. Voi D. Nyeri
26. Flowers are exported by air MAINLY because they:
 A. are in high demand B. get-spoilt early
 C. are high in weight D. fetch high price
27. Which one of the following is NOT a traditional method of preserving fish?
 A. Salting B. Freezing
 C. Sun-drying D. Smoking
28. The fishing method shown below is _____



29. Banana in Uganda are grown as _____
 A. Subsistence crop B. Export crop
 C. Import crop D. Cash crop
30. Lake Tana is found in _____
 A. Kenya B. Sudan
 C. Somalia D. Ethiopia
31. The largest county in Eastern Africa is _____
 A. Tanzania B. Eritrea
 C. Ethiopia D. Sudan
32. Which county is not matched with its capital city?
- | County | City |
|-------------|-----------|
| A. Djibouti | Asmara |
| B. Somalia | Mogadishu |
| C. Rwanda | Kigali |
| D. Tanzania | Dodoma |
33. Which group consists of Cushites from Eastern Africa?
 A. Burji, Gabbra, Galla, Oromo
 B. Nandi, Kipsigis, Saboeti, Acholi
 C. Shilluk, Annak, Rendile, Samburu
 D. Basoga, Hehe, Pokomo, Ngoni
34. Which among the lakes given below is a salty water lake in the Rift Valley?
 A. L. Natron B. L. Turkana
 C. L. Albert D. L. Tanganyika

35. The Africans laboured against European mainly because?
 A. Europeans introduced modern medicine
 B. Europeans encouraged Christianity
 C. Europeans took their land
 D. Europeans took their animals

36. Banking insurance, hotel and catering fall under a category of industry known as

A. assembling B. manufacturing
 C. processing D. service

37. Which of the following does not influence forest distribution in Eastern Africa?

A. Latitude
 B. Human activities
 C. Type of soil
 D. The climate of a place

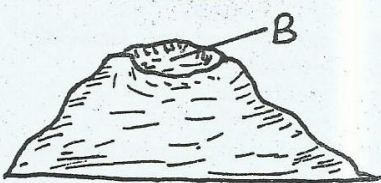
38. Which one of the following minerals found in Eastern Africa is correctly matched with its use?

Mineral	Use
A. Limestone	Making ornaments
B. Diamond	Making glass
C. Soda ash	Making cement
D. Copper	Making wires

39. The Bantu community that immigrated into Eastern Africa from Southern Africa is known as

A. Wafupa B. Makonde
 C. Ngoni D. Nyamwezi

40. The physical feature marked B in the diagram below is called _____?



A. fault
 B. crater
 C. lava
 D. conelet

41. Kenya's exports to other countries included

A. Cotton, Coffee, Copper
 B. Crude oil, Coffee, Pyrethrum
 C. Coffee, Tea, Diamonds
 D. Petroleum products, Coffee, Tea

42. The longitude 0° degree is known as

A. Tropical of Cancer
 B. Greenwich Meridian
 C. Equator
 D. Tropical of Capricorn

43. Democracy is important because _____

A. It leads to wars
 B. It makes everyone equal
 C. It brings disunity
 D. It makes people choose their leaders

44. The planting of trees where they have been cut down is known as _____

A. agro-forestry B. afforestation
 C. deforestation D. reafforestation

45. Which one of the following methods was not used to preserve fish traditionally?

A. Sun-drying B. Smoking
 C. Salting D. Canning

46. The road sign shown below shows



A. left bend
 B. sharp bend
 C. no stopping
 D. right turn

47. Which one of the following is not a human right?

A. Right to information
 B. Right to do as we wish
 C. Right to own property
 D. Right to life

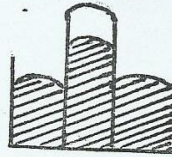
48. The mineral mined at Kariandusi is _____

A. fluorspar B. soda ash
 C. diatomite D. limestone

49. The lowest point in Ethiopia is called

A. Danakil Alps B. Ras Dashan
 C. Dallol depression D. Addis Ababa

50. The weather instrument drawn below is used to measure



A. humidity
 B. rainfall
 C. atmospheric pressure
 D. speed of wind

51. The weather instrument above is called

A. anemometer B. windsock
 C. barometer D. hygrometer

52. Which one of the following contains rivers which drain into the Indian Ocean?

A. Abbar, Omo, Ruvuma
 B. Nile, Rufiji, Shebelle
 C. Wami, Juba, Shebelle
 D. Ewaso Nyiro, Tana, Juba

53. In Kenya one gets an identity card after attaining _____ years.

A. 21 years B. 35 years
 C. 14 years D. 18 years

54. The Miombo woodlands is natural vegetation found in which country of East Africa?

A. Ethiopia B. Kenya
 C. Uganda D. Tanzania

55. Counting of people in Kenya is called census. It is carried out after _____ years.

A. ten B. eight C. six D. five

56. A feature shared by most Eastern African countries is _____

A. L. Victoria B. L. Turkana
 C. L. Magadi D. Rift Valley

57. Missionaries came to Eastern Africa for the following reasons except

A. To stop Islam
 B. To spread Christianity
 C. To stop slave trade
 D. To help African become rich

58. The inter-planting of trees with crops is called

A. horticulture B. reforestation
 C. agro-forestry D. afforestation

59. Which country in Eastern Africa does not have railway network?

A. Somalia B. Djibouti

- C. Eritrea D. Kenya
60. The Kenyan government earn foreign exchange mainly from
A. agricultural exports B. custom duty
C. tourism D. industrial exports
- C.R.E.**
61. Abraham obeyed God because
A. he wanted favour
B. he had faith in God
C. he wanted to show off
D. he had wealth
62. Whoever believes in Christ has ____ life.
A. eternal B. eternal
C. external D. ethanol
63. Which of the following books has creation stories?
A. Judges B. Exodus
C. Mathew D. Genesis
64. The name Messiah means
A. anointed king. B. Emmanuel
C. creator D. saviour
65. Another name for covenant is
A. agreement B. duty C. sacrifice D. law
66. Jesus fed 5000 people with
A. two fish and ten loaves
B. five fish and two loaves
C. twelve loaves and five fish
D. five loaves and two fish
67. Jesus washed his disciples feet ____
A. before birth B. during Christmas
C. After being arrested D. before his arrest
68. Jesus summarized the ten commandments into
A. love for Christianity only
B. love for God only
C. love for man only
D. love for God and man
69. Jesus calmed the strong wind which threatened his disciples by
A. fasting
B. crying out to God
C. speaking to the wind
D. joining hands in prayer with his disciples
70. The story of Cain and Abel teaches you not to
A. commit murder B. steal
C. disobey D. accuse falsely
71. Responsible boy/girl relationships leads to the following except
A. good performance B. harmony
C. happiness D. HIV/AIDS
72. Sin entered into the world through ____
A. Cain and Eve B. Adam and Abel
C. Adam and Cain D. Adam and Eve
73. The two sons of Zebedee were ____
A. Philip and Simon B. Andrew and Peter
C. John and James D. Judas and Peter
74. This is my own dear son, with whom I am well pleased. These words were spoken by
A. God B. the dove
C. John the Baptist D. Jesus
75. The disciples of Jesus received the Holy Spirit on the day of
A. Sabbath B. Easter
C. Pentecost D. Christmas
76. ____ was Moses doing when he saw a burning bush?
A. Walking B. Looking after sheep
C. Cleaning the bushes D. Praying
77. In traditional African Societies, the dead communicated to the living through
A. prophets B. witchdoctors
C. rainmakers D. dreams
78. The following were the sons of Noah except
A. Japheth B. Shem
C. Joseph D. Ham
79. The wives of Jacob were ____ and ____
A. Elizabeth and Mary B. Rachael and Sarah
C. Mary and Elizabeth D. Rachel and Leah
80. ____ is the third king of Israel.
A. Saul B. Moses
C. Solomon D. David
81. The father of Zachariah father of John the Baptist was a
A. tax collection B. fisherman
C. priest D. carpenter
82. Which one of the following occasions does NOT mark a new life in traditional African societies?
A. Baptism B. birth of a child
C. marriage D. initiation
83. On the day of Pentecost, the Holy Spirit came down in town of a
A. fire B. cloud
C. dove D. water
84. Who among the following people welcomed Jesus Christ in his house and shared a meal?
A. Zacheaus B. Levi
C. John D. Peter
85. The fruit of Holy Spirit which help us control our desire is ____
A. peace B. love
C. self-control D. humility
86. The second two brothers who were fishermen to become disciples were
A. John and James B. Peter and Andrew
C. James and Martha D. John and Peter
87. To celebrate the day Israelites left Egypt, people gather in the feast of
A. Feast of meat B. Passover
C. Pentecost D. Easter
88. After resurrection Jesus stayed for ____ days before he ascended to heaven.
A. 60 B. 30 C. 10 D. 40
89. Jane a std six pupil in Wamwa Primary School has been given a thousand shilling by her father. As a Christian the best way to spend this money is to
A. Buy some miraa to chew
B. Share with his friends
C. Buy sweets
D. Buy a text book
90. The parable of the sower and the seed teaches us about
A. How people receive God's message differently
B. The kingdom of God
C. How the sower was hardworking
D. How the people plant seeds