Curriculum design

Mathematics grade three

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
1.0 Numbers	1.1 Number Concept (8 lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: • Use ordinal numbers to identify position from 1-20.	 Learners in pairs/groups to arrange different items in order of size starting with the smallest. Learners to identify the position of an object from a reference point using first, second up to 20th . Learners in groups to run for a distance and each to identify their position using the words first, second up to 20th position. Learners in pairs/groups to relate numbers 1 –20 to positions first, second up to 20th using concrete objects. Learners to play digital games involving position 1st 20th. 	
-	•	-	l collaboration, learning to learn, imagination and creativity, cr	itical thinking and
Link to PC	problem solving, self-efficacy, digital literacy. Link to PCI's: Life Skills: self- awareness- as they use their body parts. Life Skills: self- awareness- as they use their body parts. Link to Values: • cooperation • social justice • positive competition			
Link to other learning areas: • Language activities			Suggested Community Service Learning Acti Learners may assist in giving patients ca according to their arrival time.	
00		tivity to support learning: rns in playing games.	Suggested assessment: • Written exercises, oral questions, observed.	ation.

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Website: www.schoolsnetkenya.com

P.O.BOX 85726 - 00200, NAIROBI Email:infosnkenya@gmail.com

Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations
Correctly uses ordinal numbers	Correctly uses ordinal numbers	Inconsistently uses ordinal	Major inaccuracies in using
in identifying positions from 1st-	in identifying positions from 1st-	numbers in identifying positions	ordinal numbers in identifying
20thand beyond with ease.	20th.	from 1st-20th.	positions from 1st-20th.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Numbers	1.2 Whole Numbers (20 lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a. Count numbers forward and backward from 1-1000, b. Identify place value up to thousands, c. Read numbers 1-1000 in symbols, d. Read and write numbers 1-100 in words, e. Identify missing numbers in number patterns up to 1000, f. Appreciate number patterns as they skip on a number line.	 Learners in pairs/groups to count in 2's and 5's forward and backward starting from any point. Learners in pairs/groups to count their fingers and toes in 2's and 10's forward and backward starting from any point. Learners in pairs / groups to discuss place value up to thousands. Learners in pairs / groups to compete reading numbers 1-1000 in symbols. Learners to read and write numbers 1-100 in words. Learners to play digital games involving whole numbers. Learners in pairs/groups to make number patterns up to 1000 and share with other groups. 	How would you get the total number of people in a group?

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Core-Competence to be developed: communication and collaboration	n, critically thinking and problem solving, imagination and creativity,
digital literacy.	
Link to PCI's:	Link to Values:
• Life skills: self- awareness -as learners count their fingers and	• Integrity
toes.	• cooperation
• Citizenship: social cohesion -as learners work in groups.	• unity
	 responsibility
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities:
Environmental activities	 Learners may assist in counting the number of chairs in a
Language activities	community function.
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:
 Learners to count trees in the school compound. 	Written exercise, oral questions, observation.

Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations
Correctly: counts numbers from 1	Correctly: counts numbers from 1	Inconsistently: counts numbers	Major inaccuracies in: counting
-1000, reads and writes numbers	- 1000, reads and writes numbers	from 1 -1000, reads and writes	numbers from 1 - 1000, reading
1-100 in words, reads and writes	1-100 in words, reads and writes	numbers 1-100 in words, reads	and writing numbers 1-100 in
number symbols from 1 - 1000,	number symbols from 1 - 1000,	and writes number symbols from	words, reading and writing
identifies place value up to	identifies place value up to	1 -1000, identifies place value up	number symbols from 1- 1000,
thousands, works out missing	thousands, works out missing	to thousands, works out missing	identifying place value up to
numbers in patterns up to 1000	numbers in patterns up to 1000.	numbers in patterns up to 1000.	thousands, working out missing
with ease.		_	numbers in patterns up to 1000.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Numbers	1.1 Fractions (10 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a. Identify 12, 14 and 18 as part of a whole. b. Identify 12, 14 and 18 as part of a group.	 Learners in pairs /groups to make circular cutouts. Learners in pairs /groups to fold circular cutouts into 2 equal parts and identify one part as 12 of the whole. Learners in pairs /groups to make rectangular cut-outs and fold them into 4 equal parts to get a quarter of a whole and identify each part as 14 of the whole. Learners in pairs /groups to make rectangular cut-outs and fold to get 8 equal parts and identify one part as 18 of the whole. Learners in pairs /groups to divide a number of objects into 2 equal groups and identify each of the small groups as 12 of the whole group. Learners in pairs /groups to divide a number of objects into 4 equal groups and identify each of the small groups as 14 of the whole group. Learners in pairs /groups to divide a number of objects into 8 equal groups and identify each of the small groups 18 of the whole group Learners to play digital games involving 1/2, 1/4 and 1/8. 	How can you represent a half, a quarter or an eighth of a group

Core-Competence to be developed: imagination and creativity, communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving,					
digital literacy.	digital literacy.				
 Link to PCI's: Life skills: interpersonal relationships- friendship formation and decision making. Citizenship: integrity-sharing, social cohesion -as they work in groups. ESD: environmental awareness- as learners collect objects like sticks. 	Link to Values:				
 Link to other learning areas: Hygiene and Nutrition activities Environmental activities Language activities 	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: • Learners can share responsibilities during community activities.				
Suggested non-formal Activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:				
 Learners to share library books during free time. 	Written exercise, observation, oral questions.				

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
• Correctly identifies 1/2	• Correctly identifies 1/2,	 Inconsistently identifies 	 Major inaccuracies in
,1/4,1/8 and more as	1/4 and 1/8as part of a	1/2, 1/4 and 1/8 as part	identifying 1/2, 1/4 and
part of a whole and as	whole and as part of a	of a whole and as part of	1/8 as part of a whole
part of a group.	group.	a group.	and as part of a group.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Numbers	1.2 Addition (25 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Add a 3- digit number to up to a 2-digit number without regrouping with sum not exceeding 1000, b. Add a 3- digit number to up to a 2-digit number with single regrouping with sum not exceeding 1000, c. Add three single digit numbers with sum up to 27, d. Add two 3- digit numbers without regrouping, e. Add two 3- digit numbers with single regrouping with sum not exceeding 1000, f. Work out missing numbers in patterns involving addition up to 1000, g. Create number patterns involving addition up to 1000.	 Learners to add up to two 3- digit numbers without and with regrouping with sum not exceeding 1000. Learners to practice adding horizontally and vertically. Learners in pairs to come up with different ways of adding 3- single digit numbers. Learners to play digital games involving addition. Learners to create and work out missing numbers in patterns involving addition up to 1000. 	 How do you arrange numbers when adding vertically How do you identify the first two numbers to add when adding three single digit numbers? How can you get the next number in a given pattern?
Core Competences to be developed: communication and collaboration creativity. Link to PCI's: ESD: DRR; safety-environmental awareness. Life skills: self- awareness-as they use body parts in counting. Link to other learning areas: Environmental activities Language activities Religious activities			n, critical thinking and problem solving, digital link to Values: • integrity • responsibility Suggested Community Service Learning Act • Learners may assist in working out the trees in their locality in order to find our planted.	ivities:

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Suggested non-formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:
• Learners to work out total number of learners in the school.	Written exercise, observation, oral questions.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaching Expectations	Below Expectations
• Correctly: adds a 3- digit	 Correctly: adds a 3- digit 	• Inconsistently: adds a 3-	Major inaccuracies in:
number to up to 3- digit	number to up to 3- digit	digit number to up to 3-	adding a 3- digit number
numbers with double	numbers with single	digit numbers with single	to up to 3- digit numbers
regrouping with sum not	regrouping with sum not	regrouping with sum not	with single regrouping
exceeding 1000, works out	exceeding 1000 works out	exceeding 1000, works	with sum not exceeding
missing numbers in	missing numbers in	out missing numbers in	1000, working out
number patterns up to	number patterns up to	number patterns up to	missing numbers in
1000, creates patterns	1000, creates patterns	1000, creates patterns	number patterns up to
involving addition up to	involving addition up to	involving addition up to	1000, creating patterns
1000.	1000.	1000.	involving addition up to
			1000.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
1.0 Numbers	1.5 Subtraction (20 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Subtract up to 3- digit number without regrouping, b. Subtract up to 3- digit number involving missing numbers wisingle regrouping, c. Work out missing numbers in number patterns involving subtraction up to 1000.	 Learners to work out subtraction of up to 3-digit numbers without regrouping in real life situations. Learners to work out missing 	1) When do you regroup during subtraction? 2) How do you identify the missing number in a number pattern	
Core Comp	etences to be devel	oped: communication and collabora	ntion, critical thinking and problem solving, digital lit	eracy.	
Link to PC			Link to Values:	-	
ESD: enviro	nmental awareness	- as learners work out subtraction.	• respect		
			 responsibility 		
			• integrity		
Link to oth	er learning areas:		Suggested Community Service Learning Activiti	es:	
Language activities			Learners to participate in community environ	nmental cleaning activities.	
• Hygi	ene and Nutrition a	ctivities			
• Envi	ronmental activities				
Suggested non- formal activity to support learning:		y to support learning:	Suggested assessment:		
• Learn	ners to clean up the	ir school.	 Oral questions, written exercise, observation. 		

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaching Expectations	Below Expectations
• Correctly: subtracts up to 3- digit numbers without regrouping, subtracts up to 3- digit numbers involving missing numbers with single regrouping, works out missing numbers in patterns up to 1000 with ease.	• Correctly: subtracts up to 3- digit numbers without regrouping, subtracts up to 3- digit numbers involving missing numbers with single regrouping, works out missing numbers in patterns up to 1000.	• Inconsistently: subtracts up to 3- digit numbers without regrouping, subtracts up to 3- digit numbers involving missing numbers with single regrouping, works out missing numbers in patterns up to 1000.	Major inaccuracies in: subtracting up to 3- digit numbers without regrouping, subtracting up to 3- digit numbers involving missing numbers with single regrouping, working out missing numbers in patterns up to 1000.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Numbers	1.6 Multiplication (10 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: • Multiply single digit numbers by numbers 1-10 in different contexts.	 Learners in pairs/groups to multiply single digit numbers by numbers1-10 using: -groups of objects -repeated addition -multiplication table. Learners to play digital games involving multiplication. 	1) How can you work out multiplication using repeated addition? 2) How can we get the answer to a multiplication question using the multiplication table?

Core competences to be developed: communication and collaboration, imagination and creativity, self-efficacy, digital literacy.			
 Link to PCI's: Life skills: self –awareness -learners use body parts in grouping objects. ESD: DRR; Environmental conservation-learners re-use materials and objects; animal welfare-feeding animals in small portions at a time. 	Link to values		
Link to other learning areas: Language activities Environmental activities Movement and creative activities 	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: • Learners to assist farmers in finding out how many seedlings planted in rows are in a seed bed.		
Suggested non-formal activities to support learning: • Learners to play games involving multiplication in school.	Suggested assessment: • Written exercise, observation, oral questions.		

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
 Correctly multiplies 	Correctly multiplies	 Inconsistently multiplies 	 Major inaccuracies in
single digit numbers by	single digit numbers by	single digit numbers by	multiplying single digit
numbers 1-10 and	numbers 1-10.	numbers 1-10.	numbers by numbers 1-
beyond.			10.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Numbers	1.7 Division (8 lessons)	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Represent division as repeated subtraction up to 5 times, b) Show relationship between multiplication and division using mathematical sentences up to 9×10 = 90. 	 Learners to take away from a group a specific number of objects at a time until all are finished and then count the number of small groups formed. Learners to represent division as repeated subtraction up to 5 times. Learners to discuss the relationship between division and multiplication using the multiplication table. Learners in pairs/ groups to practice how to divide numbers related to multiplication of up to 9 × 10 = 90. Learners to play digital games involving division. 	1) How can we divide numbers using subtraction? 2) How can we use the multiplication table to work out division questions?
	<u> </u>	eveloped: communication and collaborat	ion, critical thinking and problem solving, digital	literacy.
Link to PC ESD: anim time.		ng animals by giving small portions at a	Link to Values: • respect • responsibility • love	
Link to other learning areas: Language activities Hygiene and Nutrition activities Environmental activities 		on activities	Suggested Community Service Learning Ac • Learners to assist in sharing food in fu	
Suggested non- formal activity to support learning:			Suggested assessment: oral questions, written	n exercise, observation.

• Learners to water flowers and trees in the school compound.

Mob: 0725788400

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
• Correctly represents division as repeated subtraction up to more than 5 times and relates division to multiplication up to 9 x10 = 90.	• Correctly represents division as repeated subtraction up to 5 times and relates division to multiplication up to $9x10=90$.	• Inconsistently: represents division as repeated subtraction up to 5 times, relates division to multiplication up to 9 x10 = 90.	• Major inaccuracies in: representing division as repeated subtraction up to 5 times and in relating division to multiplication up to 9 x10 = 90.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Measurement	2.1 Length (6 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Measure length in metres, b) Add and subtract length in metres, c) Estimate length up to 20 metres.	 Learners in pairs/groups to use metre sticks to measure various distances and record their results. Learners to prepare 5 metres long strings with knots at intervals of one metre to measure long distances. Learners in groups to measure the lengths of the 4 walls in their classroom and add the lengths. Learners to measure the length of the chalkboard and the wall it is fixed and work out the difference in length. Learners to work out questions involving addition and subtraction of length in metres based on real life situations. Learners in pairs/groups to estimate distances around the school up to 20 metres and measure to confirm. Learners to take videos of others measuring length then playback and discuss. 	1) How do you measure the chalkboard using a metre stick? 2) How do you get the total length in metres of the 4 classroom walls? 3) How do you measure the distance between the flag post and the staffroom using a 5 metres long string?

Core Competencies to be developed: communication and collaboration, self-efficacy, digital literacy.	ration, imagination and creativity, critical thinking and problem
Link to PCI's: ESD:DRR; • Environmental awareness-re-use of materials, safety- of materials learners use.	Link to values: Integrity Unity Responsibility
Link to other learning areas:	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: • Learners to assist their neighbours in measuring length when building chicken and rabbit cages among others.
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: • Learners to measure lengths of buildings in school.	Suggested assessment: • Oral questions, observation' written exercise.

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Correctly: measures	Correctly measures length	 Inconsistently: measures 	 Major inaccuracies in:
length in metres, adds	in metres, adds length in	length in metres, adds	measuring length in
length in metres, subtracts	metres, subtracts length in	length in metres, subtracts	metres, adding length in
length in metres and	metres and estimates	length in metres and	metres, subtracting length
estimates length up to 20	length up to 20 metres.	estimates length up to 20	in metres and estimating
metres and beyond.		metres.	length up to 20 metres.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
2.0 Measurement	2.2 Mass (6 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Measure mass in kilograms, b. Add and subtract mass in kilograms, c. Estimate mass up to 5 kilograms.	 Learners to measure mass in kilograms using a beam balance. Learners to make masses of 1kg using sand/soil by measuring against the kilogram standard unit. Learners to add and subtract mass in kilograms in real life situations. Learners to use a 5kg mass to compare other masses. Learners to estimate mass up to 5kg and measure to confirm. Learners to play digital games involving mass. 	How can you make a 1kg mass using a beam balance?	
Core competent digital literacy.	cies to be devel	oped: communication and collaboration	on, imagination and creativity, critical thinking and prob	lem solving, self-efficacy,	
Link to PCI's:			Link to Values:		
• Citizens	ship: social cohe	sion- as learners work in groups.	integrity		
• ESD: D	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{R}$; safety- in se	electing appropriate materials.	• unity		
			• honesty		
Link to other le	_		Suggested Community Service Learning Activities		
• Environ	mental activities		 Learners to assist neighbours in arranging ligh 	t items.	
	ge activities				
• Moveme	ent and creative a	activities			
Suggested non-	formal activity	to support learning:	Suggested assessment:		
 Learners to measure mass of different items in kilograms. 		s of different items in kilograms.	Written exercise, oral questions, observation		

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaching Expectations	Below Expectations
 Correctly: measures mass in kilograms adds and subtracts mass in kilograms and estimates mass up to 5kg and beyond. 	Correctly: measures mass in kilograms adds and subtracts mass in kilograms and estimates mass up to 5kg.	 Inconsistently: measures mass in kilograms adds and subtracts mass in kilograms and estimates mass up to 5kg. 	Major inaccuracies in: measuring mass in kilograms, adding and subtracting mass in kilograms and estimating mass up to 5kg

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)		
2.0 Measurement	2.3 Capacity (8 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Measure capacity in litres, b. Add and subtract capacity in litres, c. Estimate capacity up to 5 litres.	 Learners in pairs/groups measure capacity of different containers in litres. Learners to add and subtract capacity in litres in real life situations. Learners to estimate capacity up to 5 litres and measure to confirm. Learners play digital games involving capacity. 	What can we use to measure capacity?		
creativity, citize Link to PCI's:	Core Competences to be developed: communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, digital literacy, imagination and creativity, citizenship.					

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Website: www.schoolsnetkenya.com

P.O.BOX 85726 - 00200, NAIROBI Email:infosnkenya@gmail.com

Link to other learning areas: Language activities Nutrition and hygiene activities Environmental activities Movement and creative activities 	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: • Learners to take part in watering flowers and trees around places of worship, health centres and at home.
Suggested non- formal activity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:
 Learners to water flowers and trees in the school compound. 	Oral questions, observation, written exercise

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
• Correctly: measures capacity in litres, adds	Correctly: measures capacity in litres, adds	• Inconsistently: measures capacity in litres, adds	Major inaccuracies in: measuring capacity in
and subtracts capacity in litres in real life	and subtracts capacity in litres in real life	and subtracts capacity in litres in real life	litres, adding and subtracting capacity in
experiences and estimates capacity up to	experiences and estimates capacity up to	experiences and estimates capacity up to	litres in real life experiences and
5 litres and beyond.	5 litres	5 litres	estimating capacity up to 5 litres

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Link to PCI's: • Health e	ducation: HIV a	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify the minute as a unit of measuring time, b. Read and tell time using the digital clock, c. Read and tell time using 'past' and 'to' the hour using the clock face, d. Write time using 'past' and 'to' the hour, e. Estimate time in hours, f. Add and subtract time involving hours and minutes without conversion in real life situations. ped: communication and collaboration, crit and AIDS- drugs time adherence. law and order in school in keeping time.	 Learners to discuss the divisions on a clock face and what each division represents. Learners to read time on a digital clock Learners in pairs/groups to discuss the relationship between hours and minutes using a clock face. Learners in pairs/groups to read, tell and write time using 'past' and 'to' the hour. Learners in pairs/groups to estimate time in hours. Learners in pairs/groups to add and subtract time involving hours and minutes without conversion in real life situations. Link to Values: respect responsibility integrity social justice 	How do we convert hours to minutes
Link to other learning areas: • Language activities • Nutrition and Hygiene activities • Environmental activities • Environmental activities		ty activities.		
00	•	o support learning:	Suggested assessment:	
 Learners to assist in time keeping during games. 		teeping during games.	 Oral questions, observation, written exercise. 	

Website: www.schoolsnetkenya.com

P.O.BOX 85726 - 00200, NAIROBI

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Correctly: reads, tells, writes time	Correctly: reads, tells, writes time	Inconsistently: reads, tells, writes	Major inaccuracies in: reading,
using 'past' and 'to' the hour,	using 'past' and 'to' the hour,	time using 'past' and 'to' the	telling, writing time using 'past'
estimates time in hours and	estimates time in hours, adds and	hour, estimates time in hours,	and 'to' the hour, estimating time
minutes, adds and subtracts time	subtracts time involving hours	adds and subtracts time involving	in hours, adding and subtracting
involving hours and minutes	and minutes without conversion	hours and minutes without	time involving hours and minutes
without conversion in real life	in real life situations.	conversion in real life situations.	without conversion in real life
situations with ease.			situations

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
2.0	2.5 Money	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner		What is the difference
Measurement	(10 lessons)	should be able to:	 Learners in pairs/groups to sort out 	between needs and
		a. Identify Kenyan currency notes up to	Kenyan currency notes according to	wants?
		sh.1000,	their value and features up to	
		b. Count money in different denominations	sh.1000.	
		up to sh.1000,	 Learners in pairs/groups to practice 	
		c. Add and subtract money involving up to	addition and subtraction of money	
		sh.1000,	in real life situations up to sh.1000.	
		d. Carry out shopping activities involving	• Learners in pairs/groups to practice	
		change and balance,	giving change and balance using	
		e. Relate money to goods and services up	imitation money up to sh.1000 in	
		to sh.1000,	shopping activities.	
		f. Differentiate between needs and wants,	• Learners in pairs/groups to share	
		g. Appreciate spending and saving of	own experiences in relation to	
		money in real life situations.	shopping activities.	

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Website: www.schoolsnetkenya.com

P.O.BOX 85726 - 00200, NAIROBI Email:infosnkenya@gmail.com

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Correctly: identifies Kenyan	Correctly: identifies Kenyan	Inconsistently: identifies Kenyan	Major inaccuracies in: identifying
currency notes up to sh.	currency notes up to sh.	currency notes up to sh.1000,counts	Kenya currency notes up to sh.1000,
1000, counts money in different	1000, counts money in different	money in different denominations,	counting money in different
denominations, adds, subtracts,	denominations, adds, subtracts,	adds, subtracts, carries out shopping	denominations, adding, subtracting,
carries out shopping activities	carries out shopping activities	activities within sh.1000, relates	carrying out shopping activities within
above sh.1000, relates money to	within sh.1000, relates money to	money to goods and services,	sh.1000, relating money to goods and
goods and services, differentiates	goods and services, differentiates	differentiates needs and wants,	services, differentiating needs and
needs and wants, explains	needs and wants, explains meaning	explains meaning of spending and	wants, explaining meaning of
meaning of spending and saving	of spending and saving in real life	saving in real life situations.	spending and saving in real life
in real life situations.	situations.		situations.

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Website: www.schoolsnetkenya.com

P.O.BOX 85726 - 00200, NAIROBI Email:infosnkenya@gmail.com

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)	
3.0 Geometry	3.1 Position and Direction (5 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the lear should be able to: a) Move along a straight line from a point, b) Turn to the right from a point, c) Turn to the left from a point.	 Learners in pairs /groups to move 	What do you do when you get to a road junction?	
creativity.					
Link to PC			Link to Values:		
		reness - as learners use their body parts	• cooperation		
	novement.		• responsibility		
		ohesion- as learners work in groups	• unity		
		s:	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities:		
Language activities			Learners to assist in ushering people during co	mmunity functions.	
Movement and creative activities					
• Env	rironmental activi	ties			
Suggested	non- formal acti	vity to support learning:	Suggested assessment:		
• Lea	rners to participa	te in games, athletics and scouting.	Written exercise, oral questions, observation.		

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
 Correctly demonstrates 	 Correctly demonstrates 	Inaccurately:	 Major inaccuracies in:
movement along a	movement along a	demonstrates movement	demonstrating movement
straight line and turning	straight line and turning	along a straight line, and	along a straight line and
to the right or left with	to the right or left.	turning to the right or	turning to the right or
ease.		left.	left.

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Geometry	3.2 Shapes (4 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Make patterns involving rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares, b) Appreciate making patterns involving rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares.	 Learners to sort and group items of different shapes. Learners in pairs /groups to discuss the types of lines making various shapes. Learners to identify and name the different shapes found in their environment. Learners to make patterns using the five shapes. Learners in groups to make patterns, colour them and share with other groups. Learners to play digital games involving shapes. 	What shapes can you identify in your school?

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya

Mob: 0725788400

Core Competences to be developed: communication and collaboration, creativity and imagination, critical thinking and problem solving, digital literacy.				
 Link to PCI's: Citizenship: leadership development, social cohesion- as learners work in groups. Life skills: self- esteem and awareness- as learners make patterns 	Link to Values: • respect • responsibility • unity			
Link to other learning areas: Languages activities Movement and creative activities Environmental activities 	Suggested Community Service Learning Activities: • Learners to visit children homes and beautify their rooms with patterns drawn on paper.			
Suggested non- formal activity to support learning: • Learners to mark games /sports fields.	Suggested assessment: • Written exercises, oral questions, observation.			

Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Correctly makes patterns involving rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares with ease.	 Correctly makes patterns involving rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares. 	 Inaccurately makes patterns involving rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares. 	Major inaccuracies in making patterns involving rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares

SUGGESTED RESOURCES

SUB -STRANDS	RESOURCES
NUMBER CONCEPT	Marbles, sticks, stones, grains
WHOLE NUMBERS	A number line drawn on the ground/floor, place value chart
	Circular and rectangular cut outs, marbles, bottle tops, sticks,
FRACTIONS	grains, stones
ADDITION	Place value chart, abacus, basic addition facts table
SUBTRACTION	Basic addition facts table, place value chart
	Bottle tops ,marbles, stones, grains, number line drawn on the
MULTIPLICATION	ground/floor, multiplication tables
DIVISION	Bottle tops, marbles, stones, sticks, grains, multiplication tables
LENGTH	Books, pencils, rulers, sticks, bottles, metre rule, metre sticks
MASS	Masses of 1kg, soil, sand, beam balance
	Containers of different sizes, 1litre containers, sand soil water,5
CAPACITY	litre containers
TIME	Clock face both analogue and digital
	Kenyan currency coins and notes/imitations up to sh.1000,
MONEY	classroom shop
	Charts showing a straight line, a turn to the left and a turn to the
POSITION AND DIRECTION	right
	Cut- outs of rectangles, circles, triangles, ovals and squares of
SHAPES	different sizes

NOTE

The following **ICT** devices may be used in the teaching/learning of mathematics at this level: Learner digital devices (LDD), Teacher digital devices (TDD), Mobile phones, Digital clocks, Television sets, Videos, Cameras, Projectors, Radios, DVD players, CD's, Scanners, Internet among others.

Compiled and Distributed by Schools Net Kenya Mob:

0725788400

www.schoolsnetkenya.com Website:

P.O.BOX 85726 - 00200, NAIROBI Email:infosnkenya@gmail.com

Page 23