Curriculum design

Environmental activities grade two

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environme nt and its resources	1.1 Weather (15 Lessons) 1.1.1 Responding to different weather conditions.	By the end of the topic, the learner should be able to: a. State different weather conditions b. State ways of responding to different weather conditions c. Respond appropriately to different weather conditions to limit risks to self, others and the environment d. Appreciate differences in weather conditions.	 Learners to observe and discuss prevailing weather conditions, as an outdoor activity Learners to think, pair and share experiences on how they could respond to different weather conditions (hot, cold, rainy) Using pictures, video clips, learners identify ways of responding to various weather conditions Learners to perform a skit on ways of responding to various weather conditions Learners to read or listen to stories about responding appropriately to adverse weather conditions Learners to find out from parents, guardians or community members on how to respond to different weather conditions and report back. 	1. What are the different weather conditions? 2. How could we respond to different weather conditions?

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1.1.2 Recording weather conditions	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Describe weather conditions at different times of the day b. Draw weather symbols to represent different weather conditions c. Create a weather record using symbols for a period of one week d. Develop interest in recording weather conditions. 	 Learners to observe the weather at different times of the day as an outdoor activity Learners to describe different weather conditions (sunny, windy, cloudy, calm, rainy) Learners identify weather symbols from charts and other learning resources Learners to practice drawing weather symbols using free hand and electronic devices Learners to observe and record weather conditions of the day using symbols Learners to play relevant and educative computer games on weather conditions In groups, learners observe and record weather conditions over a period of one week and share the chart with others. 	1. How is the weather today? 2. What symbols are used to record different weather conditions? 3. How could we record weather conditions?
1.1.3 Interpreting weather messages	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) interpret weather charts correctly b) communicate weather messages accurately c) develop interest in interpreting and communicating weather messages	 Learners to use weather charts to interpret different weather symbols In pairs, learners practice using weather symbols to interpret weather messages In a class contest, learners to compete narrating weather occurrences for a past week weather chart recording Learners to gather more 	1. How could we use symbols to communicate weather messages 2. How could we communicate weather messages to others?

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				information on weather from parents or guardians.	
Core-compete	Core-competence to be development: Communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, digital literacy.				
Links to PCI'	Links to PCI's: ESD: Personal safety in transporting water.			Links values: Responsibility	
Links to other of clean water	0	y areas (s): Hygiene and Nutrition	: Use	Suggested Community Service Leafrom parents how they transport wat	arning activities: Learners to find out er.
00	and store water i	to support learning: Learners to for their personal use using age-	be	Suggested assessment : Oral question transporting water.	ons and observations on storing and

Sub- strands	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Storing water	Correctly and consistently states importance and identifies suitable ways of storing water.	Correctly states importance and identifies suitable ways of storing water.	Sometimes states importance and identifies suitable ways of storing water.	Rarely states importance and identifies suitable ways of storing water.
Transporting water	Appropriately and consistently transports water for personal use and utilizes the water sparingly.	Appropriately transports water for personal use.	Sometimes transports water for personal use.	Rarely transports water for personal use.

Strand	Sub- strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.3 Soil (15 Lessons) 1.3.1 Exploring soil	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Model objects with different types of soil b. Determine the soil that makes long smooth ribbons c. Appreciate different types of soil in the immediate environment.	 model objects (balls, ribbons, pots) with different types of soils (clay, loam, sand) In groups, learners to model soil ribbons using the soil samples provided (clay, loam, sand). Learners to observe to find out which soil samples make smooth long ribbons Learners to observe how ball from different soils crumble into small fragments. The balls to be displayed for the class to observe how balls from the different soil samples break up. Learners to visit the school neighbourhood to observe or take pictures of different types of soils and their uses (sand for construction, clay for modelling, loam for farming). 	1. What objects could we make with soil? 2. Which type of soil make good ribbons?
		d: Creativity and imagination, commu	nication and collaboration. Links to values: Responsibility and unity when working	in groups
Links to PCIs: ESD: Environmental awareness Links to other learning activity areas (s): Movement and Creative			Suggested community Service Learning activity: Visit	<u> </u>
Activities in making ribbons			observe uses of different types of soils.	·
		earning: Explore the school different types of soils.	Suggested assessment: Oral questions and observations.	

Exceed expectations	Meet expectations	Approaching expectations	Below expectations
Creatively and consistently models different objects using	Models different objects using provided soil samples.	Models some objects using provided soil samples.	Rarely models objects using provided soil samples.
provided soil samples and associates the balls to	p2012000 0011 00111p1001	provided soil sumpress	p-3 (1444 331 3411p-23)
characteristics to the various soil			
samples.			

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Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1. 4 Plants (15 Lessons) 1.4.1 Exploring parts plants	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify parts of a plant b. Draw different parts of a plant from the immediate environment c. Show interest in parts of a plant for learning and enjoyment.	 In a nature walk, learners to explore different plants in the immediate environment. Learners to observe parts of the plants (roots, stem, leaves, flowers, fruits) from different types of plants Using video clip, pictures and photographs learners to identify different parts of a plant. In groups, learners talk about parts of a plant. Learners draw or take photographs of parts of a plant. Learners are guided to display their work for further learning and peer- assessment. 	1. What are the different parts of a plant?
			n, imagination and creativity and learning to learn.	
	SD: Environmenta		Link to values: Respect and unity.	
Link to other learning activity areas: Religious Education: Appreciation of God's creation.			Suggested Community Service Learning activities: Learners learn from peers about plants in different habitats.	
		support learning: Through observe plants in different	Suggested assessments: Observation, oral questions.	

Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies and draws	Sometimes identifies and draws	Rarely identifies and draws parts
identifies and draws parts of	parts of plants found in the	parts of plants found in the	of plants found in the immediate
plants found in the environment	immediate environment.	immediate environment.	environment.
and so associates parts of the			
plants to their uses.			

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Strand	Sub- strand	Specific learning outcomes	Learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.5 Animals (10 Lessons) 1.5.1 Categorizing animals	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Recognize animals in the immediate environment b. Categorize different animals in the environment c. Appreciate different animals in the environment.	 In nature walk, learners to observe and identify animals in the environment In groups, and referring from appropriate references learners categorize animals using the provided criteria: (domestic/wild, harmful/non-harmful, large/small) In groups, learners use papiermache, clay or plasticine to model different animals. Learners sing song related to different animals. 	1. What animals are found in the immediate environment? 2. How could we categorize animals in the immediate environment?
	1.6 Safety when handling animals.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify possible dangers when handling animals. b. Practice safety measures when handling animals. c. Appreciate importance of safety when dealing with animals to avoid risk to self others and the animal	 Learners to share their experiences on handling animals In groups, learners discuss possible dangers that may occur when handling animals Learners to watch video clips, pictures or photographs of safe handling of animals Learners to observe a demonstrate from a guest speaker on safety when handling of animals Learners practice /simulate safe ways of handling animals to avoid harm to self others and the animal. 	How could we protect ourselves from harm when handling animals?

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Core Competence to be developed: Communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity, Digital literacy					
Link to PCIs: ESD: animal welfare, safety and security.	Link to values: Responsibility. Care for animals Unity: Working				
Life skills: effective decision making for personal safety.	in groups				
Citizenship: Social cohesion					
Link to other learning activity areas: Religious Education:	Suggested Community Service Learning: Guest speaker to				
Respect for God's creation.	discuss animal welfare.				
Non-non formal activity to support learning: Organize an essay	Suggested Assessment: Oral, observation and peer assessment on				
inter class competition on handling animals	the essays				

Sub-strands	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Categorizing animals	Consistently and correctly	Correctly categorizes	Sometimes categorizes	Rarely categorizes
	categorizes animals in the	animals in the	animals in the	animals in the
	environment.	environment.	environment.	environment.
Safety in animal	Consistently and correctly	Correctly observes safety	Sometimes observes	Rarely observes safety
handling	observes safety when	when handling animals.	safety when handling	when handling animals.
	handling animals.		animals.	

Strand	Sub-Strand	Learning Outcomes	Suggested learning experience	Key inquiry question(s)
1.0 Environment and its resources	1.7 Energy: Light (10 Lessons) 1.7.1 Sources of light	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify different sources of light in the environment b. Produce light using different objects for enjoyment c. Develop interest in different sources of light energy.	 Learners to identify and name sources of light Using relevant pictures and realia, learners to identify sources of light energy (sun, stars, oil lamps, candles, fire flies, electric bulb, torch and fire) In groups, learners to discuss different sources of light used in the home 	What are the sources of light?

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1.7.2 Forming shadows in light	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Explain how shadows are formed in presence of light b. Manipulate objects to form shadows in presence of light for enjoyment c. Categorize objects into those that can form shadows and those that cannot in presence of light.	 Learners to produce light using different sources. In this activity, teacher has to guide the activity and ensure safety of learners Learners observe different shadows formed by different objects in the school environment. Learners manipulate different objects to identify shadows of different shapes and sizes In groups, learners play with objects in presence of light to form shadows. Use selected objects to form shadows (ball, sticks, ruler, clear piece of glass, mirror). Categorize object that form shadows and those that do not. 	1. How are shadows formed? 2. What objects form shadows?
1.7.3Precaution s when using light energy	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify practices in which light energy could harm eyes b. Take safety measure against harmful light energy to reduce risk to self and others c. Appreciate safety precautions when using light energy.	 Learners to identify practices that in which light energy could harm the eyes (reading in dim light, looking directly at bright light with bare eyes, long exposure to bright light from electronic devices) In groups, learners discuss safety precautions in protecting self and others from harmful light energy Learners create messages on awareness of harmful effects of light energy Learners to share messages on harmful effects of light and safety precautions. 	1. How could light energy harm us? 2. How could we protect ourselves from harmful light energy?

Core Competence to be developed: Communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving.					
Link to PCIs: ESD: Disaster Risk Reduction: safety and security Link to values: Responsibility, unity in group work.					
Link to other learning activity areas: Languages: Creating safety Suggested Community Service Learning activities: invite a					
precaution messages against light energy. resource person to discuss about various sources of light energy					
and applicable safety precautions when using light energy.					
Suggested non normal activity to support learning: create and share a safety precaution message against bright light.					

Sub-strand	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaching	Below expectations
			expectations	
Sources of light	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies	Sometimes identifies	Rarely identifies sources
	identifies sources of light	sources of light and uses	sources of light and uses	of light and uses objects to
	and uses objects to	objects to produces light.	objects to produces light.	produces light.
	produces light.			
Forming shadows	Consistently and correctly	Correctly explains how	Sometimes explains how	Rarely explains how
	explain how shadows are	shadows are formed,	shadows are formed,	shadows are formed,
	formed, manipulates and	manipulates and	manipulates and	manipulates and
	categorizes objects to	categorizes objects to	categorizes objects to	categorizes objects to
	form shadows.	form shadows.	form shadows.	form shadows.
Precautions when using	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies	Sometimes identifies	Rarely identifies practices,
light energy	identifies practices, take	practices, take safety	some practices, take safety	take safety precautions or
	safety precautions and	precautions and	precautions and	communicate
	communicate	communicate	communicate	precautionary messages
	precautionary messages	precautionary messages	precautionary messages	against light energy
	against light energy.	against light energy.	against light energy.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)	
2.0 Social environment	2.1 School environment and its neighbourhood (20 Lessons) 2.1.1 Locating places using key features.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to\ a. Point out the main features between home and school b. Locate places using main features between home and school c. Appreciate the significance of locating places using key features.	 Learners to discuss the main features between home and school (physical and build-up features such as rivers, hills, valleys, forest, bridges, roads, railway line, buildings) In a nature walk, learners to point out the main features between home and school Using video clips, pictures and photographs, learners to identify the main features between home and school Learners to locate main features between their homes and school (relative location) Learners to play educative games on locating main features between their home and school Learners to practice locating places teacher made sketch maps. 	1. What are the main features between your home and school? 2. How could you your school from home using main features?	
locating places.			ation as they take nature walk, critical thinking a	and problem solving in	
Links to PCIs: ESD: Environmental Education			Links to values: Unity: working in groups.		
	learning activity ar	eas (s): Languages: naming	Suggested community Service Learning activities: Learners to find		
features.			out more about features found between home and school other learners		
		upport learning through rize with the surroundings.	Suggested assessment: O ral questions, observation, project work on modelling main features.		

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Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies features,	Sometimes identifies features,	Rarely identifies features, locate
identifies features, locate places	locate places using the main	locate places using the main	places using the main features
using the main features between	features between home and	features between home and	between home and school or
home and school and is able to	school and is able to give	school and is able to give	give relative direction using the
give relative direction using the	relative direction using the	relative direction using the	features.
features.	features.	features.	

Strand	Sub- strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.1.2 Keeping the school environment clean	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. State ways of keeping the school environment clean b. Outline the importance of a clean school environment c. Participate in keeping the school environment clean d. Appreciate a clean school environment for health and safety.	 Learners discuss what makes the school environment dirty Using video clips and pictures, learners discuss ways of keeping the school environment clean In groups learners discuss importance of keeping the school environment clean. Learners practice keeping the school environment clean Learners recite a poem or sing a song about a clean school environment. Learners plan for future school clean-up activities. 	1. How could we keep the school environment clean? 2. Why should we keep the school environment clean?

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Core-competence to be developed: Citizenship, Critical thinking and Problem solving ,digital literacy Links to PCI's: ESD: Environmental Education, disaster risk reduction Citizenship: Participating in school clean ups Links to other learning activity areas: Hygiene and Nutrition and Suggested Community Service Learning: find out from parents or guar	2.1.3 Keeping Safe and Secure in School	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify possible dangers in the school b. Suggest ways of keeping safe and secure in school c. Develop habits that will keep one safe and secure in school.	 Learners walk around the school compound to identify what could expose them to danger in the school. In groups, learners identify possible dangers in the school.(by drawing or writing) Using video clips, photographs and pictures, learners identify how to keep safe and secure in school Learners share ways of keeping safe and secure in school Learners to observe demonstrations and discussions on how to keep safe and secure in school from a resource person In groups, learners to discuss the importance of keeping safe and secure at school Learners develop rules on keeping safe and secure at school Learners to find out more on keeping safe and secure in school from parents and guardians. 	1. What are the possible dangers in the school? 2. How could we keep safe and secure in school?	
Citizenship: Participating in school clean ups					
			Links to values: Responsibility, love, and unity as they work in groups.		
Duggested Community Set the Deathing indicate of guarantees of guarantees and the set of the Deathing of the	1 5	<u> </u>	Suggested Community Service Learning: find out from parents or quardians		
Religious Education Activities: keeping the environment clean how to keep safe in school.					
Non-formal activity to support: Learners participate in school Suggested assessment: oral, observation					

environmental audit specifically on cleanliness, safety and security

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Sub- strand	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Keeping school	Consistently and correctly	Correctly outlines	Sometimes outlines	Rarely outlines
environment clean	outlines importance of	importance of keeping	importance of keeping	importance of keeping
	keeping school	school environment clean,	school environment clean,	school environment clean,
	environment clean,	actively participated in	actively participated in	actively participated in
	actively participated in	keeping the environment	keeping the environment	keeping the environment
	keeping the environment	clean.	clean.	clean.
	clean.			
Keeping safe and secure	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies areas	Sometimes identifies	Rarely identifies some
in school	identifies areas of danger,	of danger, suggest safety	some areas of danger,	areas of danger and may
	suggest safety activities	activities and develops	suggest some safety	suggest some safety
	and develops safe habits.	safe habits.	activities and may	activities.
			develop safe habits.	

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.1.4 The National flag of Kenya	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify colours of the Kenya National flag as a National symbol b. Demonstrate respect for the Kenya national flag as a National symbol c. Appreciate the National flag as a symbol for national unity.	 Using the Kenya National flag, learners to identify its colours Learners to observe and describe the expected behaviour (stand at attention and show respect) when raising and lowering the National Flag Learners to draw and colour the Kenya National Flag Learners to find out from parents or guardians 	1. What are the colours of the Kenya National flag? 2. How could we demonstrate respect for the Kenya National flag?

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			the importance of the National flag of Kenya.	
2.1.5 The National Anthem of Kenya	By the end of the sub-strand, the should be able to: a. Identify occasions when the Foundational Anthem is sung be Demonstrate etiquette when so Kenya National Anthem contained the importance of Anthem as a national symbol	Kenya inging the National	 In groups, learners to sing the National Anthem. Learners to demonstrate the expected conduct when singing the Kenya National Anthem. Using audio recording and pictures, learners to identify occasions when the Kenya National Anthem is sung. Learners to find out from parents or guardians on the importance of National Anthem of Kenya. 	On what occasions do we sing the Kenya National Anthem?
	1 11 9		lag and the National anthem. Digital literacy: use of audio	o devices.
when singing the National A	patriotism and social cohesion	Links to va	lues: Respect, unity and patriotism.	
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Languages,		Suggested community Service Learning: Finding out from parents or guardians on the		
Movement and Creative active	•	importance of National flag.		
Suggested non-formal activ		Suggested assessment: observation and oral questions.		
Interacting with members of more about the National flag	the scouting movement to find out and the National anthem.			

Sub- Strand	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below expectation
The Kenya National flag	Consistently and correctly	Correctly states colours,	Sometimes states colours,	Rarely states colours, show respect
	states colours, show respect	show respect and appreciates	show respect and appreciates	or appreciates the flag as a

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	and appreciates the flag as	the flag as a National	the flag as a National symbol.	National symbol.
	a National symbol.	symbol.		
The Kenya National	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies	Sometimes identifies occasions	Rarely identifies occasions when
anthem	identifies occasions when	occasions when the National	when the National Anthem and	the National Anthem and
	the National Anthem and	Anthem and demonstrate	demonstrate etiquette when	demonstrate etiquette when
	demonstrate etiquette when	etiquette when singing it.	singing it.	singing it.
	singing it.			

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.1.6 Child Rights and responsibilities	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Outline Child Rights and responsibilities in the school b. Outline responsibilities of the child in school c. Demonstrate responsibilities of a child in school d. Appreciate child rights and responsibilities for attainment of social justice.	 Learners identify Child Rights and responsibilities using age appropriate stories (parental care, health care, protection from exploitation and cruelty) Learners discuss some of the responsibilities of children in school In pairs, learners simulate responsibilities of children in school Learners to use multi- media resources to explore responsibilities of children in school. 	1. What are the basic Child Rights? 2. What are the responsibilities of the child in school?

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2.1.7 School rules	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Outline the rules that guide conduct in school b. State the importance of school rules c. Participate in making school rule d. Appreciate the importance of obeying school rules for harmonious living.	 Using probing question learners discuss the importance of school rules. Learners to participate in making school rules. Learners to think pair and share their experiences on what happen when school rules not observed Learners to be guided to debate on importance of school rules and develop a poster for the school rules. Learners to share the school rules with their parents and guardians. 	1. What are the school rules? 2. What is the importance of school rules?			
Core-competence to be development: Citizenship: developing school rules; communication and collaboration as learners debate						
Links to PCIs: Citizenship: qua		Links to values: Responsibility, peace and social justice.				
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Religious Education		Suggested community Service Learning activity: Learners to share the school rules				
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	with their parents and guardians.				
Non-formal activity to suppo	rt learning: Displaying children's	Suggested assessment: Oral questions, observation.				

rights, school rules at strategic points in school.

Sub- strand	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below expectation
Children's Rights and	Children's Rights and Consistently and correctly		Sometimes outlines and	Rarely outlines and exercises
responsibilities	outlines and exercises	rights, identifies and carries acts	exercises rights, identifies and	rights, identifies and carries
	rights, identifies and	responsibly.	carries acts responsibly.	acts responsibly.
	carries acts responsibly.			
School Rules	Consistently and correctly	Correctly outlines importance of	Sometimes outlines	Rarely outlines importance of
	outlines importance of	rules. Actively participates in	importance of rules and	rules or participates in making
	rules. Actively	making and observing the rules.	participates in making and	and observing the rules.

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participates in making and	observing the rules.	
observing the rules.		

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.1.8 Class Leadership	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Describe a good class leader b. Outline the work of a good class leader c. Appreciate good class leadership for harmonious living.	 Learners to listen to narrative of inspirational stories of child leaders, heroes or heroines Learners to discuss "who is a good class leader"? Learners to discuss the work a class leader Learners to find out from parents or guardians about good leaders in the community and report back. 	 Who is a good class leader? What is the work of a class leader?
	2.1.9 The school community	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify members of the school community b. Outline the importance of the school community c. Work together with members of the school community d. appreciate working together with the school community for sustainable interactions	 In groups, learners to identify members of the school community (Head teacher, teachers, non-teaching staff and learners) Learners to outline the general importance of members of the school community Learners to discuss their roles as members of the school community Learners to skit different work of members of the school community. 	1. Who are the members of the school community? 2. What is the importance of the school community?

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Core-competen	Core-competence to be development: Citizenship: Leadership and good governance. Communication and collaboration in the skit play.			
Links to PCI: C inclusivity	Links to PCI: Citizenship: Leadership and good governance and		Links to values: Responsibility, honesty, integrit	y and decision making.
	earning activity a	reas (s): Languages, Religious	Suggested community Service Learning activit	ies: Learners find out
Education		Evas (S). Languages, Rengious	from parents or guardians about the school community.	
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: open day event to		support learning: open day event to	Suggested assessment: Oral questions and observ	vations.
bring the school	community togeth	er.		

Sub-strands	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Class leadership	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies good	Sometimes identifies good	Rarely identifies good class
	identifies good class leader	class leader and the work of	class leader and the work of	leader or the work of the
	and the work of the leader.	the leader.	the leader.	leader.
The school community	Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies the	Sometimes identifies the	Rarely identifies the
	identifies the members and	members and outlines the	members and outlines the	members and outlines the
	outlines the importance of	importance of and works in	importance of and works in	importance of and works in
	and works in the school	the school community.	the school community.	the school community.
	community.			

Strand	Sub strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
2.0 Social environment	2.2 Enterprise projects (30 Lessons) 2.2.1 Exploring the environment for appropriate income generating activity.	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify a viable income generating for the class within the school environment b. Analyse income generating activities within the school environment c. Determine a workable income generating activity for their class d. Develop interest in income generate activities within the school environment.	 In groups, learners to suggest income generating activities the class could carry out within the school Using video clips, pictures and photographs, booklets, or magazines, learners explore and analyze possible income generating activities for the class In a class discussion, learners to select a workable income generating activity that they could undertake at school (activity selected should promote conservation of the environment) Learners to present selected enterprise Learners to find out from guardians or parents on income generating activities and report back. 	What activity could we undertake to generate income for our class?
	2.2.2 Initiating a class income generating project	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Plan for an income generating activity for the class b. Participate in initiating the class income generating activity c. Participate in the management of the class income generating activity d. Appreciate individual efforts in the success of a group activity.	 In a class discussion, learners to plan for an age-appropriate income generating activity to be carried out by the class. (responsibilities, resources required and time for the activity) Learners to share responsibilities and be guided to carry them out respectively in initiating the selected project Learners to be guided to carry out responsibilities as according to the plan. 	1. How could we plan for an income generating activity? 2. How could we manage the class income generating activity?

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Core-competence to be developed: Critical thinking and problem solving, collaboration and communication, self-efficacy.					
Links to PCIs: ESD: Financial literacy: Income generating projects;	Links to values: Integrity, teamwork, responsibility, social equity.				
Environmental education.					
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Mathematical activities- Money					
	☐ Suggested Community Service Learning activity: find out from guardians/parents about income generating activities at home.				
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: presenting to the school	Suggested assessment: oral questions, observation and project.				
selected income generating activity for the class.					

Sub-strand	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Exploring the	Correctly and consistently	Correctly identifies,	Sometimes identifies, analyze	Rarely identifies, analyze or
environment for	identifies, analyze and	analyze and determines a	and determines a workable	determines a workable income
appropriate income	determines a workable	workable income	income generating activities for	generating activities for the class.
generating activities.	income generating	generating activities for	the class.	
	activities for the class.	the class.		
Initiating a class income	Correctly and consistently	Correctly plans, starts and	Sometimes plans, starts and	Rarely plans, starts and manages an
generating project	plans, starts and manages	manages an income	manages an income generating	income generating project for the
	an income generating	generating project for the	project for the class.	class.
	project for the class.	class.		

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)	
3.0 Care for the environment	3.1 Caring for plants (5 Lessons) 3.1.1.Communicating plant protection messages	By the end of the sub-strand, the should be able to: a. Recognize appropriate messag protection in school b. Create appropriate plant protection messages to promote conservate. Appreciate plant protection for environmental sustainability.	 Learners observe pictures, photographs, and video clips of areas where plants have been destroyed. In groups, learners to outline messages on plant protection Learners display and peers assess the 	What messages could be used to communicate plant protection?	
Core Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration: creating plant protection messages, singing and reciting poems; Learning to learn: gathering information on plant protection, Digital literacy: developing electronic messages. Link to PCIs: Learner support programme: mentorship and peer Links to values: Unity, responsibility and respect for others					
education Links to other lea	rning activity ar	eas: Languages -Imagination and	uggested Community Service Learning activities: Commun	nicating plant	

creativity: Creating plant protection messages

protection messages to the school community.

Suggested non formal activity to support learning: display plant

Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below expectation
Creatively and consistently develops	Correctively develops	Sometimes develops some plant	Rarely develops plant protection
appropriate plant protection messages	appropriate plant protection	protection messages and promotes plant	messages or promotes plant

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protection messages to the community in various forums.

Suggested assessments: oral questions, observation and project

and promotes plant protection.	messages and promotes plant	protection.	protection.
	protection.		

Strand	Sub -strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.2 Caring for Animals (5 Lessons) 3.2.1 Keeping an animal shelter clean and secure	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify ways of keeping an animal shelter clean at home and school b. Participate in keeping an animal shelter clean at home and school c. Suggest ways of making an animal shelter secure at home and school d. Appreciate clean and secure animal shelter to reduce risk to the animals	 Using video clips, photographs and pictures, learners to observe various clean animal shelters being cleaned (dog's kennel, rabbit hutch and cow shed). Learners to shoot photographs at home of clean animal shelter and share with others. In groups, learners to discuss ways of keeping an animal shelter clean In groups, learners to be guided to participate in keeping animal shelters clean at home or in school In groups, learners discuss how to make animals shelter secure Learners sing or tell stories about clean and secure animal shelters. 	1. How could we keep an animal shelter clean? 2. How could we make an animal shelter secure?
literacy: shooting p	hotographs.	ommunication and collaboration: sharing animals clean and secure safety	ng experiences in groups, critical thinking and process to values: Responsibility, keeping anim	
for animals, kindne		and secure surely		and second crown and second.
		: Religious Education activities:	Suggested community Service Learning activity: Learners to visit a	
God's creation	<i>y</i> (*)		nearby farm and observe animal's shelters.	
Suggested non-for	mal activity to suppor	t learning: Organize inter-class	Suggested assessment: Observation, oral ques	stion.

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verse completion on clean and secure animal shelters.	
T and the second	

Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Consistently and correctly	Correctly identifies ways and	Sometimes identifies ways and	Rarely identifies ways or participates in
identifies ways and participates	participates in making animal shelter	participates in making animal shelter	making animal shelter clean secure.
in making animal shelter clean	clean secure.	clean secure.	
secure.			

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
the environment	3. 3 Managing waste (5 Lessons) 3.3.1 Types of waste in school	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify types of waste in the school environment b. Sort out different types of waste in the school environment for safe disposal c. Appreciate a clean school environment for health and safety.	 In groups, learners to identify different types of waste in the school environment In groups or pairs, learners to share their experiences on different types of waste in school Using videos, pictures and photographs, learners to identify different types of waste. Using appropriate educative multimedia games, learners to sort out different types of wastes In groups, learners sort out waste of different nature such as separating decomposable wastes from plastic, metallic and glass waste and placing them in different containers for appropriate disposal. 	What types of waste are found in our school environment?

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3.3.2 Safety in handling wastes	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify dangers when handling waste in school b. Practice safety measures when handling wastes in school c. Communicate safety measures when handling waste in school d. Appreciate the need of safety in handling waste in school to limit risks to self, others and the environment.	 Through probing questions, learners to identify dangers when handling wastes in school. Using multimedia resources, learners to outline safety measures in handling wastes in school. Learners listen to a resource person talking on dangers and safety measures when handling wastes in school. Learners simulate safety measures when handling waste in school. Learners to participate in activities that promote safe disposal of waste in school. Activities to include promoting knowledge and passing messages to the school community. 	1. What dangers are we likely to face when handling different types of waste in school? 2. How should we safely handle different types of waste in school?	
Core Competences to be develoresources.	ped: Communication and collaboration: pr	romoting safety measures through messages; Digital literacy:	use of multimedia	
Link to PCIs: ESD: Environment responsibly, safety and security, in school.	ntal Education: managing waste practice safety measures in handling waste	Links to values: Respect and unity: working in groups and pairs		
Links to other learning activity	areas: Languages, Hygiene and Nutrition	Suggested Community Service Learning activity: Inviting a resource person to share on waste management.		
Suggested non formal activity t	o support learning: Participating in safe	Suggested assessment: oral questions and observation.		

Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly identifies	Correctly identifies waste and	Sometimes identifies waste and	Rarely identifies waste or dangers;
waste and dangers; safely sorts waste	dangers; safely sorts waste for	dangers; safely sorts waste for	safely sorts waste for appropriate
for appropriate disposal and	appropriate disposal and promotes	appropriate disposal and	disposal or promotes safety in waste

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disposal of waste in school.

promotes safety in waste disposal at	safety in waste disposal at school.	promotes safety in waste disposal	disposal at school.
school.		at school.	

Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcome	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question (s)
3.0 Caring for the environment	3.5 Caring for water (5 Lessons) 3.5.1 Keeping stored water safe	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. State the importance of keeping water safe for human and animal use at home and school b. Participate in keeping stored water safe at home and school c. Appreciate the importance of keeping stored water safe for human and animal use. 	 Learners to take an excursion around the neighbourhood to identify safely stored or unsafely stored water. Then in groups, learners to discuss the importance of keeping stored water safe. In groups, learners share experiences on what makes water unsafe in the home and school Using multimedia resources, learners identify ways of keeping stored water safe. Learners observe demonstrations on methods of keeping stored water safe at home and in school. 	How could we keep stored water safe for use?
	3.5.2 Reusing water	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Suggest how water could be re-used at home and school b. Participate in re-using water to reduce wastage at home and school c. Appreciate re-using water as a way of	 In groups, learners discuss how water could be re-used in the home and school. Using video clips, videos, pictures and photographs, learners to observe various ways of re-using water. Learners to visit the community to find out how water is re-used to reduce wastage. 	How could we re-use water in the home and school?

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	conserving it.	Learners to suggest how they could participate in re-using water to reduce wastage at home and school.		
Core-competence conservation.	to be development: Communication and collaboration	n: Groups sharing experiences, critical thinking and problem solving: water		
Links to PCIs: ES	D: Environmental conservation, caring for water.	Links to values: Responsibility in keeping water safe		
Links to other learning activity areas (s): Hygiene and Nutrition:		Suggested community Service Learning activity: Excursion to the school		
waste management		neighbourhood to interact with the community to find out how they store water.		
Suggested non-formal activity to support learning: Organize a clean		Suggested assessment: Oral questions and observation. Filling in a teacher		
and safe storage of	water week to enrich learners' experience.	made activity sheet on caring for water.		

Sub-strand	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Keeping stored water	Keeping stored water Consistently and correctly		Sometimes state the importance	Rarely states importance or
safe	afe states the importance and		and participate in keeping	participate in keeping stored
	participate in keeping		stored water safe.	water safe with assistance.
	stored water safe.	safe.		
Re-using water to	Consistently and correctly	Correctly suggests how	Sometimes correctly suggests	Rarely suggests how water is re-
control wastage.	suggests how water is re-	water is re-used and	how water is reused and	used or participates in re-using
used and participates in		participates in re-using	participates in re-using water to	water to control wastage with
re-using water to control		water to control wastage.	control wastage.	assistance.
	wastage.			

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Strand	Sub-strand	Specific learning outcomes	Suggested learning experiences	Key inquiry question(s)
3.0 Care for the environment	3.5.3 Conservation of Energy (5 Lessons) 3.5.3.1Communicating energy conservation messages.	 By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a. Recognize appropriate messages on energy conservation b. Create energy conservation messages to promote awareness at and home and school c. Display energy conservation messages to create awareness in school d. Demonstrate interest in energy conservation for conservation for improvement and protection of the environment. 	 Through probing questions, learners discuss reasons for conserving energy Using video clips, internet sources, newspaper cuttings and brochures, learners identify simple messages on conserving energy In pairs, learners to create simple persuasive energy conservation messages Learners display and peer assesses the energy conservation messages. In groups, learners are guided to read aloud the energy conservation messages they develop. 	What messages could be used to communicate conservation of energy?

Core Competences to be developed: Communication and collaboration: Creating energy conservation messages.

- Imagination and creativity: Creating energy conservation messages. Learning to learn: gathering information on energy conservation messages.
- Self efficacy: show casing their messages.

Link to PCIs: ESD: Environmental Education: passing information on conservation	Links to values: Responsibility and unity: cooperation in creating messages.
Links to other learning activity areas: Languages; Movement and Creative activities. Creating energy conservation messages and reciting a poem	Suggested Community Service Learning activity: Communicating energy conservation messages to the community.
Suggested non formal activity to support learning: Hold inter-class	Suggested assessment: observation, oral question and project on developing
display on energy conservation messages	messages.

Exceeds expectations	Meets expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below expectation
Consistently and correctly	Correctly recognizes, creates and	Sometimes recognizes, creates and	Rarely recognizes, creates or
recognizes, creates and displays	displays energy conservation messages.	displays some energy conservation	displays energy conservation
energy conservation messages.		messages.	messages.

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