

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.

2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

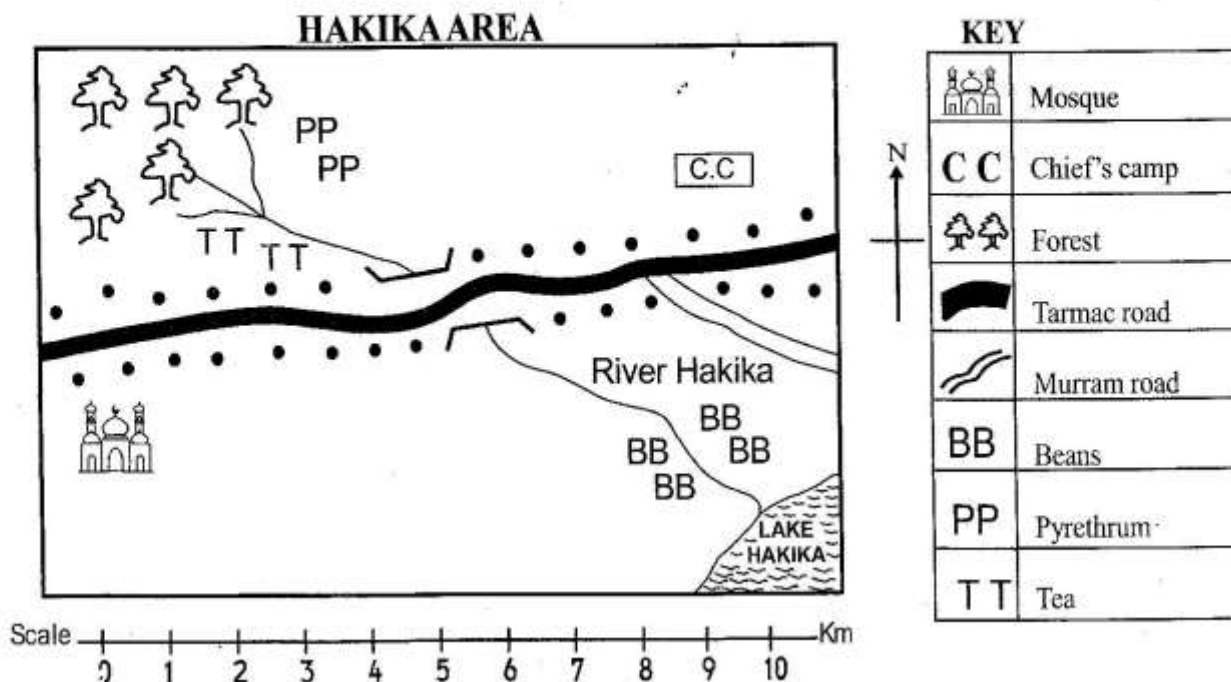
(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

(iii) KNEC Assessment number

Time: 2hrs 15mins

Study the map of Hakika Area below and answer questions 1 to 7.



- Residents of Hakika area are **likely** to be
A. Christians B. Hindus
C. Pagans D. Muslims
- Hakika area is **likely** to be headed by
A. a Governor B. a chief
C. an assistant chief D. A senator
- What is the direction of the forest from the lake
A. South East B. North East
C. North West D. South West
- Which is the common means of transport in Hakika area?
A. Road B. Water
C. Air D. Railway
- The **main** food crop grown in Hakika area is
A. beans B. maize
C. pyrethrum D. tea
- Grade Five learners were learning about trading activities. Which of the following is on unlawful activity?
A. Selling bananas B. Selling bhang
C. Selling books D. Selling mandazi
- Uzalendo Primary School learners were asked by their teacher to give the importance of African traditional education. Which is the **correct** response they gave? It
A. instilled fear to children
B. promoted disobedience of the law
C. create division in the society
D. instilled respect for elders
- Farmers were busy preparing their farms for planting. Which is the **best** season for them to prepare their farms?
A. Rainy B. Cold
C. Dry D. Winter
- Learners were asked to write the duties of a county governor. Who gave the **correct** answer?
A. **Tina**: Initiating development in the county
B. **Isaac**: Punishing law breakers
C. **Alyssa**: Collecting land rates
D. **Brighton**: Co-ordinating the work in the county

10. Identify the feature drawn below.



- A. Hill
B. Valley
C. Lake
D. Ocean

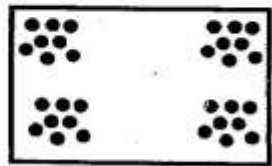
11. Good citizenship in school enables the school community to live in peace. Which of the following demonstrates good citizenship in school?

- A. Breaking window panes
B. Boxing Grade Two learners
C. Littering the school compound
D. Maintaining discipline and hardwork

12. Which of the following is a way democracy can be practiced in school?

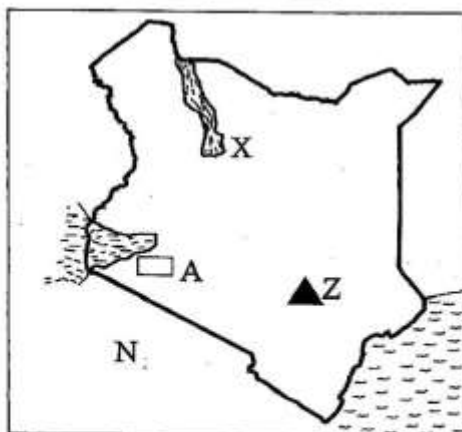
- A. Learners joining the activities allocated to them by their teacher
B. Singing the National Anthem
C. Learners choosing their leaders freely
D. Treating learners unfairly

13. Which population distribution pattern is experienced in the area shown below?



- A. Clustered
B. Linear
C. Dense
D. Sparse

Study the map of Kenya below and use it to answer the questions 14 to 17



14. The country marked N is
A. Ethiopia
B. Tanzania
C. Somalia
D. Uganda

15. The lake marked X is

- A. Lake Victoria
B. Lake Nakuru
C. Lake Bogoria
D. Lake Turkana

16. Identify the mountain marked Z.

- A. Mt. Elgon
B. Mt. Ruwenzori
C. Mt. Kenya
D. Mt. Kilimanjaro

17. The county marked A is

- A. Kisumu county
B. Baringo county
C. Lamu county
D. Mandera county

18. The colour at the top of the Kenya National flag is

- A. green
B. black
C. white
D. red

19. Grade Five learners visited Malindi and were able to see the historic built environment below



The historic built environment is

- A. Fort Jesus
B. Bomas of Kenya
C. Jomo Kenyatta monument
D. Vasco da Gama pillar

20. Which of the following is **not** an element of a map?

- A. Title
B. Frame
C. Water
D. Scale

21. The movement of people and goods from one place to another is known as

- A. transport
B. living better
C. communication
D. physical features

22. The following are cardinal points of a compass. Which one is **not**?

- A. West
B. North West
C. North
D. East

23. The following are factors that influence population distribution in Kenya. Which one is **not**?

- A. Relief
B. Climate
C. Government policy
D. Religion

24. The Nandi, Kipsigis, Marakwet and Sabaot belong to which language group?

- A. Bantus
B. Semites
C. Nilotes
D. Cushites

25. What is the meaning of culture?
 A. People's way of life
 B. Level of education of the people in a community
 C. Resources available in a community
 D. Total number of people in a community
26. Learners were asked to identify the resources found in their county. Which one did they **not** find out?
 A. Water B. Dust
 C. Minerals D. Soil
27. The following are aspects of traditional culture. Which one is **not**?
 A. Housing
 B. Festivals and ceremonies
 C. Dressing
 D. Books
28. Wisdom Primary learners were discussing about the physical features found in Kenya. Which among the following is a relief feature?
 A. Hill B. Swamp
 C. Lake D. Ocean
29. Who among the following leaders is the head of state?
 A. Governor B. Chief
 C. President D. Ambassador
30. The government of Kenya is made up of the following arms **except**
 A. executive
 B. national police
 C. judiciary
 D. legislature
31. Which of the following is the importance of Maasai Mara plains?
 A. A ground suitable for fighting
 B. Breeding ground for mosquitoes
 C. A hideout for thieves
 D. A grazing ground for cattle
32. Learners at Zion Primary School discussed the importance of historic built environment. Which one was **not**?
 A. Forms home of dangerous wild animals
 B. Beautifies the environment
 C. Attracts tourists
 D. Preserves our culture and heritage
33. Which of the following is a quality of a good leader?
 A. Jealousy B. Arrogant
 C. Loving D. Corrupt
34. The capital city of Kenya is
 A. Kisumu B. Nairobi
 C. Mombasa D. Nakuru

35. Which is the largest county in Kenya?
 A. Busia B. Kisii
 C. Nyandarua D. Turkana

SECTION B:

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

36. God created world and everything in it in ___ days.
 A. six B. five
 C. seven D. four
37. The natural power given by God to do something well is known as
 A. knowledge B. ability
 C. talent D. skill
38. Jesus taught His disciples that good friends should
 A. quarrel from time to time
 B. be ready to share
 C. gossip about our secrets
 D. hurt each other
39. Who was the first King of the people of Israel?
 A. Solomon B. David
 C. Saul D. Moses
40. Angela shares food with the needy in the society. We can say that Angela is
 A. rich B. proud
 C. kind D. selfish
41. Jacob stayed with his uncle Laban and worked for several years to marry Rachel. Which lesson do you learn from the story of Jacob?
 A. We should get married when we are still young
 B. We should give up
 C. We should run away from home and stay with relatives
 D. We should never give up
42. When Jesus was born in Bethlehem, some visitors from the East came to see baby Jesus with gifts. Which among the gifts below was **not** brought to Jesus?
 A. Silver B. Gold
 C. Frankincense D. Myrrh
43. Abraham was called "**father of faith**" because
 A. he sacrificed his only son
 B. he was very wealthy
 C. he completely trusted in God
 D. he was the oldest man alive
44. Which one of the following is an effect of irresponsible sexual behaviour?
 A. Success in school
 B. Early pregnancy
 C. Increase in wealth
 D. Success in life

45. John and Peter stood firm in their faith. The lesson Christians learn from this story is to
 A. keep silent when faith is challenged
 B. pray in a secret place
 C. perform miracles when challenged
 D. defend their faith always
46. During the contest at Mount Carmel, God proved that He was powerful when
 A. He sent the fire down to burn the sacrifice
 B. baal prophets prayed from morning till noon
 C. Elijah made fun of Baal prophets
 D. the Israelites said He was a true God
47. Which of the following statements is **not** true about prayer? We
 A. praise God when we pray
 B. ask God questions through prayers
 C. thank God through prayers
 D. use it as a way of talking to God
48. Your **best** friend is always respectful to the elders. When we respect elders according to the Bible,
 A. we become embarrassed
 B. we gain favours from them
 C. we become enemies
 D. our relationships with God become good
49. Grade Five learners were discussing the story of Jonah and the big fish. How many days did Jonah stay inside the fish?
 A. 9 B. 7
 C. 3 D. 40
50. When faced with temptations and hard times we should
 A. pray to God
 B. blame satan
 C. hide from people
 D. cry loudly

SECTION B:

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

36. Where do Surah Asr revealed?
 A. Taif B. Madina
 C. Makkah D. Hiran
37. The Surah that warns Muslims against showing off during prayers is
 A. Nasr B. Maun
 C. Asr D. Fiyl
38. Suratul _____ is against mixing traditional beliefs with Islamic belief.
 A. Ikhlas B. Kaafirun
 C. Falaq D. Asr

39. Who among the prophets of Allah built the Khabah?
 A. Ibrahim B. Adam
 C. Musa D. Yusuf
40. Which pair of prophets were brother?
 A. Nuh and lot
 B. Ibrahim and Ismail
 C. Yaaqib and Yusuf
 D. Musa and Harun
41. How many prophets were mentioned in the Holy Qur'an?
 A. 205 B. 25
 C. 35 D. 55
42. Which of the virtues below helps to discourage Israif?
 A. Equality B. Wastage
 C. Unity D. Sharing
43. Allah commanded prophets _____ to construct the ark
 A. Musa B. Nuh
 C. Issa D. Adam
44. Upholding the rights of neighbour as an obligatory act is
 A. Riyaa B. value
 C. sunnah D. Ibadah
45. Who among the following should Zakah payable to?
 A. Widow B. Fuqarah
 C. Orphan D. Parents
46. Which is the **main** lesson learnt from fasting?
 A. Sacrifice
 B. Love for poor
 C. Self control
 D. Being economical
47. Which prophet was sent to the people of Aad?
 A. Hud B. Yusuf
 C. Nuh D. Issa
48. Which one of the following work was **not** done by Nabii Issa (A.S)?
 A. Carpentry
 B. Farming
 C. Healing
 D. Shepherd
49. How many pillars of Iman do Muslims believe?
 A. Six B. Five
 C. Four D. Seven
50. Qur'an mentioned _____ categories of people entitled to be given Zakah
 A. seven B. six
 C. ten D. eight