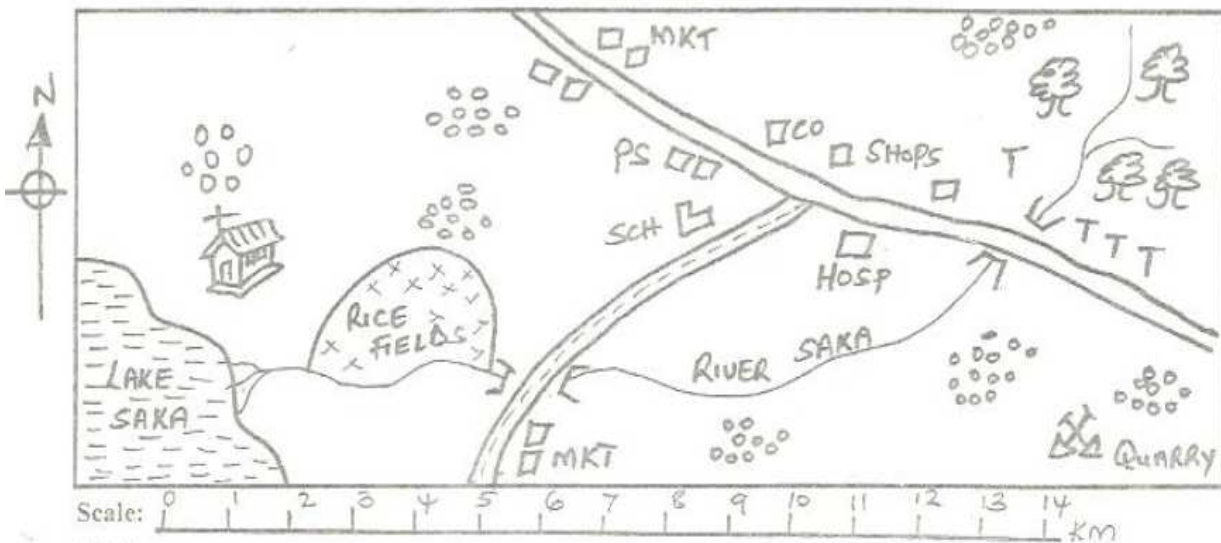

STANDARD FOUR MID-TERM 3 EXAMS

2016 SOCIAL STUDIES AND CRE

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RAHA AREA




KEY:

- Tarmac
- River and bridge
- Forest
- Tea farms
- Market
- School
- Police station
- County offices
- Settlements



Study the map of Raha area and answer question 1-7.

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The feature formed by R. Saka at it's mouth is called _____
A. delta B. tributary
C. estuary D. confluence 2. Three of the economic activities are carried out in Raha area except
A. Farming B. Fishing
C. Mining D. Trading 3. Raha area is most likely to be a _____
A. District B. Division
C. County D. Country 4. How many bridges are there along R. Saka in the area?
A. Four B. One
C. Three D. Two 5. Which of the following types of soil is likely to be found in the rice fields?
A. Volcanic B. Loam
C. Sandy D. Clay 6. The likely climate experienced in the North Eastern part of Raha area is | <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. The people of Raha area are likely to be
A. Christians B. Pagans
C. Muslims D. Traditionalists 8. The smallest county in Kenya is called _____
A. Turkana B. Mombasa
C. Nairobi D. Marsabit 9. Which one of the following is the main Bantu speakers living in central Kenya?
A. Ameru B. Aembu
C. Agikuyu D. Akamba 10. Which one of the following was not a ceremony celebrated in the past?
A. Naming B. Initiation
C. Birth D. Baptism 11. Counting of people by government is called ____
A. voting B. polling
C. registration D. census 12. The height above sea level is called _____
A. altitude B. latitude
C. longitude D. relief </td> <td style="width: 50%;"></td> </tr> </table> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. The people of Raha area are likely to be
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STD 4 SSRC

13. Chicken kept for eggs are called _____
 A. beef B. broilers
 C. layers D. dairy
14. A long period without rain is called _____
 A. drought B. famine
 C. sunny D. desert
15. The traditional practise of marrying more than one wife was known as _____
 A. monogamy B. polygamy
 C. nuclear D. single parent
16. Which instrument is used to show the direction of a place from another?
 A. Windvane B. Windsock
 C. Anemometer D. Compass
17. The type of rainfall shown by the diagram below is called _____ rainfall.
- 
- A. mountain
 B. convectional
 C. relief
 D. water
18. Traditional iron workers were known as _____
 A. mechanics B. blacksmith
 C. carpenters D. masons
19. Which soil was mainly used in pottery industry in the past?
 A. Clay B. Loam
 C. Sandy D. Volcanic
20. People who are elected to represent a ward in county assembly are known as _____
 A. Governor
 B. Senator
 C. MP
 D. County representatives
21. Which of the following towns in Kenya is not a city?
 A. Nakuru B. Nairobi
 C. Mombasa D. Kisumu
22. Which one of the following features is not a physical feature found on the earth's surface?
 A. Mountain B. Hill
 C. Swamp D. Dam
23. Which of the following is an importance of forests?
 A. They make soils cool
 B. They make us farmers
 C. They protect soil erosion
 D. They have many trees
24. A set rules that are used to govern a county are known as _____
 A. Kenya gazette
 B. manifest
 C. budget
 D. constitution

25. The colour at the bottom of Kenya national flag symbolise
 A. the people of Kenya
 B. our rich agricultural county
 C. the prevailing peace in our country
 D. the struggle for independence
26. Which direction is found half way between North and East in a compass?
 A. North west B. North east
 C. East north D. West north
27. The traditional form of trade where people exchanged goods for other goods was referred as _____
 A. monetary trade B. currency trade
 C. hawking D. barter trade
28. On 12th December every year Kenyan celebrate a holiday known as _____
 A. Christmas day B. Labour day
 C. Jamhuri day D. Mashujaa day
29. Large areas where beef cattle are kept are known as _____
 A. stalls B. paddocks
 C. ranches D. dies
30. Which of the following is not an element of a good citizen?
 A. Patriotism B. Being fair
 C. being corrupt D. Being loyal
31. Which of the following is a responsibility of children in a family?
 A. Working in factories
 B. Disobeying the elders
 C. Beating thieves in school
 D. Reading and passing exams
32. People walking alongside a road are known as _____
 A. pedestrians B. passengers
 C. walkers D. pastoralists
33. Which of the following is not a natural resource in our countries?
 A. Lakes B. Wildlife
 C. Forests D. Mining
34. A large land mass which is completely surrounded by water is called _____
 A. highland B. island
 C. lake D. swamp
35. The planting of trees together with crops in the same farm is known as _____
 A. horticulture B. mixed farming
 C. forestry D. agroforestry
36. Which of the following activities cannot be practised in cool and wet climatic zone in Kenya?
 A. Coffee farming B. Pyrethrum farming
 C. Pastoralism D. Dairy farming

37. The person who repairs broken chairs and desks in a school is known as _____
 A. carpenter B. mason
 C. painter D. plumber
38. People who move from one place to another with their livestock looking for water and pasture are known as _____
 A. sherpherds B. hawkers
 C. farmers D. nomads
39. Crops that are grown mainly to be sold are known as _____
 A. food crops B. cash crops
 C. fibre crops D. subsistence crops
40. Which of the following practices did the Bantus learn from the Cushites?
 A. Farming B. Naming
 C. Patoralism D. Circumcision
41. Which one of the following is an importance of tourism in our country?
 A. Makes many people to visit our country
 B. It earns the country of foreign exchange
 C. It increases our wildlife
 D. It promotes partiotism
42. The cutting down of trees is known as
 A. re - afforestation B. deforestation
 C. afforestation D. agro forestry
43. The road sign below shows that there is

 A. a bend ahead
 B. u - turn
 C. chicken crossing
 D. bumps ahead
44. The following activities are done by farmers during the dry season **except**
 A. irrigation B. harvesting crops
 C. planting crops D. clearing bushes
45. In the past people communicated using all the following ways **except**
 A. radio B. drums
 C. horns D. smoke
46. _____ is the daily condition of the atmosphere of a place at a given time
 A. Climate B. Weather
 C. Vegetation D. Temperature
47. Small rivers that join the main rivers are called
 A. streams B. distributaries
 C. tributeries D. young rivers
48. Most game parks in our counties are found in
 A. valleys B. mountains
 C. hills D. plains
49. Who among the following is **not** a member of a nuclear family?
 A. Mother B. Cousin
 C. Father D. Sister
50. The natural vegetation that grows along river is called _____
 A. mangrove B. swamp
 C. savannah D. riverine
51. Many counties in Kenya make up a
 A. sub - county B. district
 C. country D. division
52. The type of rainfall that occurs in high altitude areas such as mountain is called
 A. relief rainfall B. convectional rainfa
 C. mountain rainfall D. windy rainfall
53. The liquid found mainly in clinical thermometers is called
 A. water B. diesel
 C. mercury D. petrol
54. Who among the following is **not** a member of the county assembly?
 A. County representatives
 B. Special seat members
 C. Speaker
 D. Deputy Governor
55. The staple food for many communities in Kenya is _____
 A. meat B. maize
 C. bananas D. tea
56. Which of the following communities comprises of the plain nilotes in Kenya?
 A. Digo, Giriama, Pokomo
 B. Samburu, Maasai, Turkana
 C. Luo, Ameru, Aembu
 D. Arabs, Kipsigis, Tugen
57. _____ are beliefs about what is right and wrong in the society?
 A. Culture B. Behaviour
 C. Markets D. Moral values
58. The Muslims in Kenya mainly worship on _____
 A. Sunday B. Saturday
 C. Friday D. Monday
59. The point marked "v" in the compass direction drawn below is _____

 A. North East
 B. South West
 C. North West
 D. South East
60. Which of the following items is **correctly** matched with industry in which it was made in the past?
 A. Pots - pottery B. Hoes - woodwork
 C. Mats - iron working D. Baskets - iron work

PART II C.R.E

61. After God created the world, He rested on the _____ day.
 A. fourth B. fifth
 C. seventh D. sixth

STD 4 SSRE

62. The following were sons of Noah **except**
 A. Shem B. Ham
 C. Seth D. Japeth
63. The first book in the new testament is
 A. Malachi B. Genesis
 C. Luke D. Matthew
64. Who among the following was the first king of Israel?
 A. David B. Saul
 C. Solomon D. Herod
65. God told Noah to build _____
 A. an ark B. a palace
 C. a temple D. a boat
66. _____ was sold by his brothers to Egypt
 A. John B. Jacob
 C. Joseph D. Jonah
67. _____ was given the ten commandments on mt _____
 A. Moses, Sinai B. Joshua, Sinai
 C. Haron, Horeb D. Moses, Olives
68. Who among the following was a sister to Moses?
 A. Anna B. Miriam
 C. Mary D. Rebecca
69. _____ took Naboth's vineyard
 A. King Ahab B. King Saul
 C. Prophet Elijah D. Jezebel
70. God called Samuel how many times when he was in the temple with Eli?
 A. Three B. Two
 C. Many times D. Four
71. Jesus was also known as the prince of ____
 A. love B. peace
 C. mercy D. heaven
72. The wisemen were led by a
 A. star B. morning sun
 C. moon D. an angel
73. Which word means " God with us"?
 A. Saviour B. Messiah
 C. Ebenezar D. Emmanuel
74. Christians talk to God through _____
 A. reading B. singing
 C. prayer D. dancing
75. The new testament has _____ books
 A. 39 B. 27
 C. 29 D. 30
76. "Let little children come to me" Who said these words?
 A. Peter B. God
 C. John D. Jesus
77. Who among the disciples of Jesus was once a tax collector?
 A. Matthew B. John
 C. Peter D. James
78. The parents of John the baptist were _____
 A. Anna and Elikanah
 B. Mary and Joseph
 C. Elizabeth and Zechariah
 D. Sarah and Abraham
79. Jesus went to pray at the garden of _____
 A. Gethsamen B. Olives
 C. Eden D. Horeb
80. Who helped Jesus to carry the cross?
 A. His disciples B. Simon of cyrene
 C. Peter D. Mary his mother
81. The woman who touched the hem of Jesus garment had suffered for _____ years.
 A. twenty eight B. ten
 C. twelve D. eleven
82. Jesus had _____ disciples.
 A. 10 B. 12
 C. 11 D. 20
83. The disciple whom Jesus called the Rock was _____
 A. Peter B. John
 C. James D. Andrew
84. The _____ of God told the shepherds about the birth of Jesus.
 A. prophet B. people
 C. wisemen D. angel
85. Who betrayed Jesus?
 A. John B. Judas
 C. Philip D. Peter
86. The maasai people called their God _____
 A. Mulungu B. Ngai
 C. Enkai D. Nyasaye
87. In the past people worshipped God in _____
 A. shrines B. Churches
 C. Temples D. Mosques
88. Jesus taught us how to _____
 A. hate our enemies B. hate our friends
 C. love friends only D. love our enemies
89. Christians go to Church mainly to _____
 A. sing and pray B. worship God
 C. sing and dance D. make friends
90. Tom picked a pencil in the classroom. What should he do as a Christian?
 A. Keep the pencil in his bag
 B. Throw it away
 C. Give it to his friend
 D. Give the pencil to the classteacher to ask for the owner