

# **PRIMARY END TERM 3 EXAMS 2016**

## **SOCIAL STUDIES AND CRE STD 6**

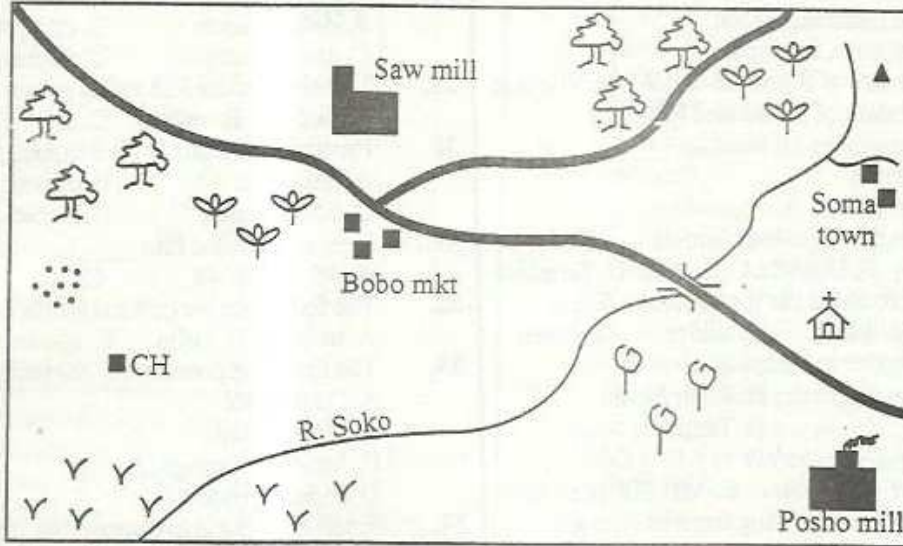
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# STANDARD SIX

## SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E

TIME: 2 HRS 15 MIN

### FAYA AREA



Scale 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 km

#### KEY

Forest	Church	Murram road	Town
Maize	Hill	Settlement	CH - County Headquarter
Coffee	Grass	River and bridge	

#### Study the map of Faya Area to answer questions 1-7

- The main cash crop grown in Faya area is  
A. coffee B. maize C. sugarcane D. forest
- The posho mill in the map is used for which crop?  
A. Grass B. Coffee C. Maize D. tea
- The person in charge of administration in Faya area is  
A. governor B. DO C. president D. chief
- River Soko flow from  
A. North East to South West  
B. South to East  
C. South East to North East  
D. East to West
- The climate of Faya area is  
A. hot and dry B. cool and wet  
C. hot and wet D. cool and dry
- The people of Faya area is  
A. Hindus B. Christian C. Pagans D. Muslim
- The main transport in Faya area is  
A. air B. railway C. road D. water

- An area consisting low scattered trees with grass 2-3m high is  
A. swamp B. savannah  
C. semi-desert D. tropical main forest
- The headquarters of East African community are at  
A. Nairobi B. Eldoret  
C. Dar-es-Salaam D. Arusha

#### Use the diagram below to answer questions 10-11



- The feature marked P is known as  
A. crust B. dyke C. crater D. vent

11. The part marked Y is  
A. glacier B. vent C. crater D. cource
12. Which group of countries below are landlock?  
A. Kenya and Tanzania  
B. Kenya and Somalia  
C. Ethiopia and Uganda  
D. Sudan and Emirates
13. Name the following countries in order of physical size from the smallest to the largest  
A. Ethiopia, Tanzania, Kenya  
B. Sudan, Somalia, Ethiopia  
C. Uganda, Somalia, Sudan  
D. Sudan, Kenya, Ethiopia
14. The confluence of Blue Nile and White Nile is at  
A. the boundary of Sudan and Ethiopia  
B. Khartoum  
C. Atbara town  
D. Sudd in Sudan
15. Kenya's neighbour to the North is  
A. Ethiopia B. Uganda C. Somali D. Tanzania
16. The colour found at the top of Kenya flag is  
A. red B. black C. white D. green
17. The longest river in Kenya is  
A. R. Ewaso Nyiro B. River Nzoia  
C. Nyando D. Tana
18. The head of the country is  
A. governor B. senator C. MP D. president
19. Which one of the following communities are cushitic speakers?  
A. Rendille, Oromo, Borana  
B. Maasai, Rendille, Oromo  
C. Dorobo, Tugen, Ogiek  
D. Pokot, Oromo, Marakwet
20. Which one is an economic use of soil?  
A. Building shrines  
B. Making ceramics  
C. Decorating our bodies  
D. Burying the dead
21. The quickest means of transport is by  
A. air B. road C. water D. railway
22. The main cause of road accidents in Kenya is  
A. unroad worthy vehicle B. careless driving  
C. lack of road signs D. overloading
23. The road sign means

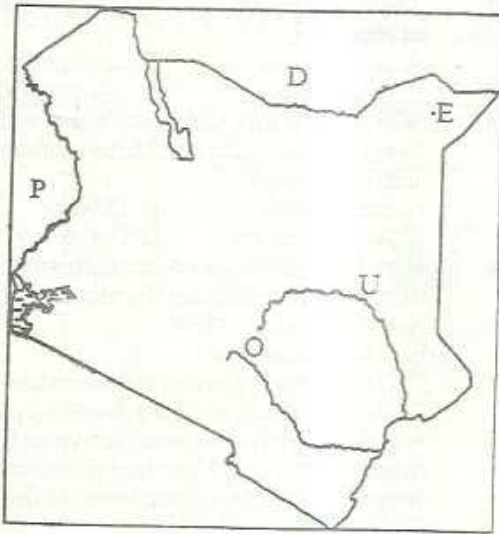


- A. round about B. stop  
C. railway crossing D. danger ahead
24. What is a map?  
A. A drawing of earth's surface on a flat surface  
B. Representation of the earth's surface on a piece of paper  
C. A picture of an area  
D. A piece of paper on chalkboard or wall
25. The main reason for the migration of Bantus from the cradle land was that they were

- A. looking for fertile land  
B. attacked by neighbours  
C. looking for water and pasture  
D. faced with internal conflicts
26. The largest physical region in Kenya is  
A. plateau B. lake basin  
C. plain D. Rift valley
27. Areas with many people are said to be  
A. scarcely populated B. sparsely populated  
C. densely populated D. low populated
28. Cutting down trees without replacng is known as  
A. deforestation B. afforestation  
C. agroforestry D. reaforestation
29. The slope of the Rift valley are called  
A. faultline B. valleys C. sides D. escarpment
30. Pyrethrum is mainly used to manufacture  
A. pesticides B. insecticides  
C. flower vases D. herbicides
31. Kenya is divided into \_\_\_\_\_ counties.  
A. 46 B. 48 C. 50 D. 47
32. The following are cultural artefact **except**  
A. hoes B. balls C. spears D. gourds
33. The founding president of our nation was  
A. Daniel Moi  
B. Mwai Kibaki  
C. Jaramogi Oginga Odinga  
D. Jomo Kenyatta
34. Small hills found in plateau area are called  
A. mountain B. hills  
C. inselbergs D. escarpments
35. Large farms where beef animals are kept are called  
A. ranches B. paddocks C. estates D. beef
36. L. Elementaita and L. Bogoria are  
A. biggest lake in Kenya  
B. fresh water lakes  
C. non-existing lake in Kenya  
D. salty water lakes
37. Which river among these drain into L. Victoria?  
A. Kerio B. Mara B. Galana D. Turkana
38. Which group of bantus settled at the coast?  
A. Mbeere B. Mijikenda  
C. Abagusii D. Abakuria
39. Which of these factor does not affect climate?  
A. Wind B. Altitude  
C. Large water body D. Soil
40. Exchange of goods for goods is  
A. barter trade B. domestic trade  
C. import D. export
41. Which of these is known for mining of limestone?  
A. Athi river B. Kakamega  
C. Kariandusi D. Magadi
42. The Kenya-Uganda railway reached Lamu in  
A. 1901 B. 1896 C. 1899 D. 1920
43. One of the followign is a traditional industries. Which is it?  
A. Tea processing B. Vehicle assembly  
C. Basketry D. Oil refining
44. Which one of the following is not fish preserving method?

- A. Canning  
C. Sun drying
- B. Freezing  
D. Purse-seining

Use the map of Kenya to answer questions 45-47



45. The town marked E on the map is likely to be  
A. Moyale B. Wajir C. Garissa D. Eldoret
46. The river marked O has its source in  
A. Ngong hills B. Mau hills  
C. Mt. Elgon D. Mt. Kenya
47. The country marked P on the map is  
A. Ethiopia B. Sudan C. Uganda D. Somalia
48. Which of these was not a major reason for migration in the past?  
A. Population increase B. Adventure  
C. Famine D. Drought
49. The Maasai, Turkana, Samburu and Njemps are all  
A. plain nilotes B. highland nilotes  
C. cushites speakers D. river lake nilotes
50. Which of the following information is not collected during census?  
A. The work they do  
B. People's age  
C. Marital status  
D. The movie they like watching
51. Children in traditional Africa society learnt through the following way except one. Which one is it?  
A. Through riddles  
B. Through stories  
C. Through story books  
D. Through songs
52. The traditional ceremony where a child was introduced was known as  
A. birth B. naming  
C. marriage D. initiation
53. The most developed and most convenient means of transport all over Kenya is  
A. road B. air  
C. rail D. pipeline

54. Hardwoods are useful in three of the following. Which is not?  
A. Furniture making  
B. Paper making  
C. Provision of medicine  
D. Provision of timber
55. Which community had a traditional regions leader known as Oloibon?  
A. Nandi B. Meru  
C. Kikuyu D. Maasai
56. Who was the leader of Kenya African Union in 1940?  
A. Tom Mboya B. James Gichuru  
C. Eliud Mathu D. Martin Shikuku
57. Which of these is a modern communication method?  
A. Smoke signals B. Use of telephone  
C. Use of drums D. Wailing
58. The first African to join the legislative council (Legco) was  
A. Tom Mboya B. Harry Thuku  
C. Eliud Mathu D. Martin Shikuku
59. Below are facts relating to town in Kenya:  
(i) It began as a communication town in 1899  
(ii) It is a major administration centre  
(iii) It has an international airport
- The town described above is  
A. Nairobi B. Thika  
C. Eldoret D. Kisumu
60. One of the responsibility of a Kenyan citizen is to  
A. promote hatred B. vote in bad leaders  
C. cutting down tree D. paying taxes

## SECTION II CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. On which day was man created by God  
A. 7th day B. 1st day  
C. 3rd day D. 6th day
62. Abraham wife was called  
A. Sarah B. Leah  
C. Rebecca D. Ishmael
63. During the time of Noah the earth was destroyed by  
A. poisonous shakes B. water  
C. dangerous diseases D. fire
64. Who was chosen by God to lead the Israelites to Canaan from Egypt?  
A. Caleb B. Joshua  
C. Paul D. Moses
65. Among the following people who is a patriot?  
A. Solomon B. Jesus  
C. Elijah D. David
66. Who was the father-in-law of Moses?  
A. Joshua B. Habakkuk  
C. Aaron D. Jethro

67. The word Jesus means  
A. Holy Spirit                      B. God with us  
C. Saviour                            D. Kindness
68. Jesus was born in which town?  
A. Nazareth                          B. Jericho  
C. Jerusalem                        D. Bethlehem
69. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first person to see Jesus after birth.  
A. Wisemen                          B. Magdalene  
C. Shepherd                         D. Simon Peter
70. Zaccheus who climbed up a tree to see Jesus was a  
A. priest                                B. tax collector  
C. shepherd                          D. fisherman
71. The first disciple to be chosen by Jesus were  
A. fishermen                         B. pastors  
C. helper                              D. doctors
72. Jesus fed 5000 people with  
A. 3 loaves of bread and the fish  
B. 2 loaves of bread and 2 fish  
C. 5 loaves of bread and 2 fish  
D. 5 fish and 5 loaves of bread
73. Which is the greatest commandment?  
A. Love your friend  
B. Love yourself  
C. Love your God with all your heart, mind and soul  
D. Love your parents
74. The man who was attacked by robbers was going from Jerusalem to  
A. Jericho                              B. Judea  
C. Canaan                              D. Nazareth
75. The story of good samaritan teaches that a good neighbour is one who  
A. passes by the needy person  
B. helps in time of need  
C. goes to church every Sunday  
D. does not help his enemies
76. In John 1:29-34, who testified that Jesus is the son of God who takes away the sins of the world?  
A. King Herod                        B. Simon Peter  
C. John the baptist                   D. Wisemen
77. A neighbour is a  
A. friend  
B. person in need  
C. person who always help me  
D. person I love most
78. Who buried the body of Jesus Christ?  
A. Joseph of Arimathea  
B. Simon of Cyrene  
C. Judas  
D. Two thieves
79. Who broke the sixth commandment?  
A. Abel                                 B. Cain  
C. Jesus                                 D. Joshua
80. The following are ways of enjoying life **except**  
A. celebrating christmas  
B. attending wedding  
C. birth of a child  
D. being jailed in prison
81. In traditional African communities people developed good relationship through the following **except**  
A. wars                                 B. visiting  
C. marriage feasts                   D. sharing
82. The following are challenges of living a new life **except**  
A. persecution                        B. corruption  
C. drug abuse                         D. praising God
83. Which of the following marriage practices is found both in traditional African communities and christianity?  
A. Procreation                        B. Divorce  
C. Wife inheritance                   D. Polygamy
84. In traditional African communities people worshipped God facing the mountain because  
A. they are next to God  
B. mountain are God  
C. God met prophets on the mountain  
D. they are a sign of God's dwelling place
85. Which one of the following activities by the early church best shows how their members demonstrated total commitment to the word of God?  
A. Singing praises  
B. Persecuting christians  
C. Cursing those who did not believe in Jesus  
D. Selling their property to create common funds
86. Who among the following were tax collectors called by Jesus?  
A. Matthew and Thomas  
B. Levi and Zaccheus  
C. Zaccheus and Lazarus  
D. Lazarus and Philip
87. The following are reason why people work **except**  
A. It enables us to develop our talents  
B. It earns an income  
C. It is immoral activity  
D. It enhances our dignity
88. In the Apostles Creed we  
A. sum up over the beliefs in God  
B. recite the Lord's prayer  
C. pray for the martyrs  
D. ask for the forgiveness of our sins
89. John has been given sh 200 by his friend. As a christian the best way to spend this money is to  
A. buy sweets  
B. attend disco  
C. organise a birthday party  
D. help in needy friends to meet their needs
90. The main message brought by christian missionaries was  
A. stoppage of slave trade  
B. the building of churches  
C. the preaching of the gospel  
D. the bulding of Uganda railway