

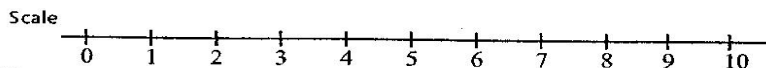
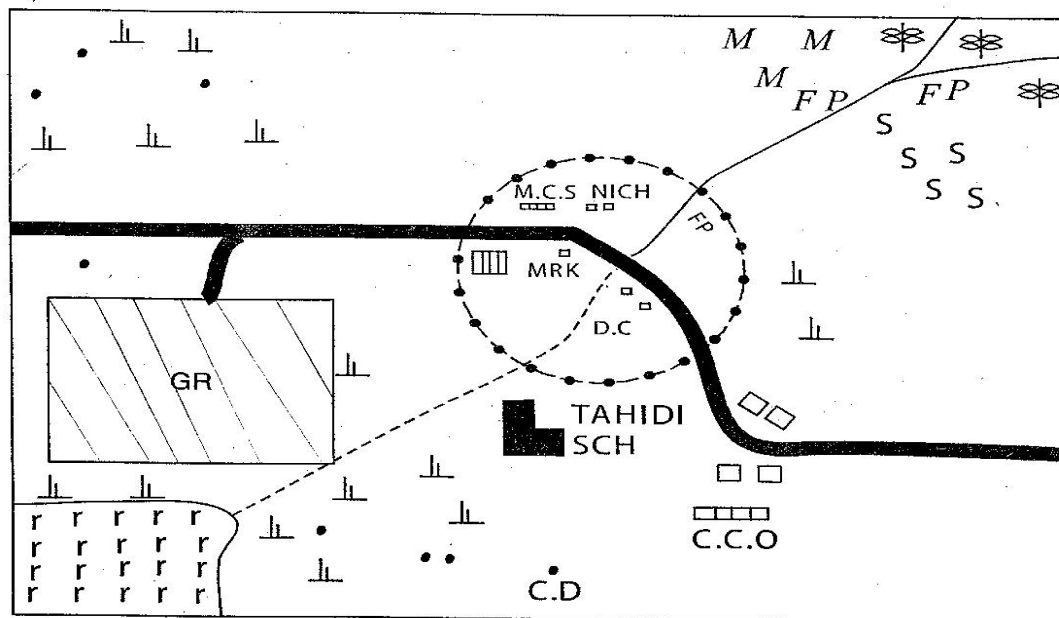


SIAYA COUNTY









- ▶ **MATHEMATICS**
- ▶ **ENGLISH LANGUAGE**
- ▶ **ENGLISH COMPOSITION**
- ▶ **KISWAHILI LUGHA**
- ▶ **KISWAHILI INSHA**
- ▶ **SCIENCE**
- ▶ **SOCIAL STUDIES/C.R.E**

SOCIAL STUDIES

FAULU AREA



Key

rrrrr	papyrus reeds	 Tarmac road	M.C.H Municipal Council Houses	S.S sisal
	Acacia trees	 Settlement	M.C.S Municipal Council School	F.P Fish ponds
	Murram road	M.C.O Municipal Council Office	C.C.O County Council Office	 Municipal boundaries
	Scrub	 Game reserve	C.D Cattle dip	 School
				MRK Market Place

Study the map of FAULU area and use it to answer questions 1 - 7.

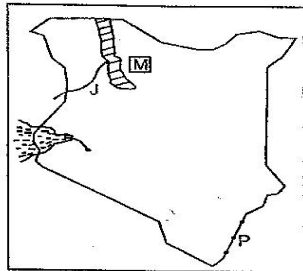
- The climate of Faulu area is likely to be;
 - hot and dry
 - cool and dry
 - cool and wet
 - hot and wet.
- The settlement pattern in Faulu area can be described as;
 - Linear
 - Dense
 - Sparse
 - Clustered
- The main type of natural resource found in Faulu area is;
 - sisal
 - papyrus reeds
 - acacia trees
 - scrub
- Calculate the area of the game reserve in Faulu area
 - 7 km²
 - 12 km²
 - 6 km²
 - 16 km²
- The municipal council of Faulu area offers all of the following services except;
 - market services
 - health services
 - educational services
 - residential services
- Which of the following economic activities is not carried out in Faulu area?
 - Farming.
 - Lumbering.
 - Tourism.
 - Fishing.
- Which of the following is not a source of revenue for the local authorities in Faulu area?
 - Petroleum levy
 - Tourism
 - Trade licences
 - Land rates
- The following are some descriptions of a type of forest
 - Trees are mainly soft woods
 - Consists of only one type of tree species
 - The trees mature fast
 The above described type of forest is;
 - planted forest
 - equatorial forest
 - mangrove forest
 - natural forest

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9. Three of the following are problems facing forestry in the Democratic Republic of Congo. Which one is not?
 - A. Butterosis roots which make trees difficult to cut.
 - B. Heavy logs for transportation.
 - C. Roads in the forest are difficult to maintain
 - D. Huge planted trees that are difficult to cut.
10. Three of the following are functions of a clan. Which one is not?
 - A. Allocating family properties to the clan members.
 - B. Settling disputes.
 - C. Allocating clan land to individual families
 - D. Settling family properties to the clan members.
11. Which of the following basic human rights is not contained in the bill of rights?
 - A. Right to insecurity.
 - B. Right to life.
 - C. Right to liberty.
 - D. Right to Equality.
12. Which one of the following is not an effect of the second world war in the struggle for independence?
 - A. Kenyan soldiers gained experience and trained others to fight for freedom.
 - B. Kenyans joined their pan-African movement which campaigned for freedom.
 - C. Kenyan soldiers in the war stopped to be inferior before the Europeans.
 - D. The Europeans considered Kenyans as incapable of ruling themselves.

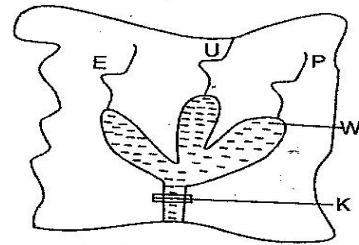
Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 13-15.



13. The pre-historic site marked m on the map is called;
 - A. Koobi fora
 - B. Marakech
 - C. Kariandusi
 - D. Olduvai Gorge
14. The river marked J on the map is;
 - A. River Ewaso nyiro
 - B. River yala
 - C. River Turkwel
 - D. River Nzoia
15. The town marked P on the map is;
 - A. Lamu
 - B. Mombasa
 - C. Malindi
 - D. Kisumu
16. Which one of the following rivers is known by two different names at the source and at the mouth?
 - A. R. Nzoia.
 - B. R. Athi.
 - C. R. Turkwel.
 - D. R. Tana

17. Which one of the following is a service industry in Kenya?
 - A. Chemical industry.
 - B. Soft drink.
 - C. Textile and garment.
 - D. Tyre re-treading.
18. Which one of the following creatures that resembles the present day man was the first to hold things tightly in its hand?
 - A. Homohabilis
 - B. Homosapeins
 - C. Australopithecus
 - D. Home erectus
19. Which one of the following areas in Africa is densely populated?
 - A. Most countries in sahara desert
 - B. Central part of South Africa
 - C. Nile valley
 - D. Coast of Morocco.
20. In Buganda kingdom the prime minister was known as;
 - A. Omulamuzi
 - B. Omolamuzi
 - C. Katikiro
 - D. Lukiko
21. Day and night are caused by;
 - A. Rotation of the earth
 - B. movement of the moon
 - C. revelation of the earth
 - D. movement of the sun.

Use the map of Ghana below to answer questions 22-24.

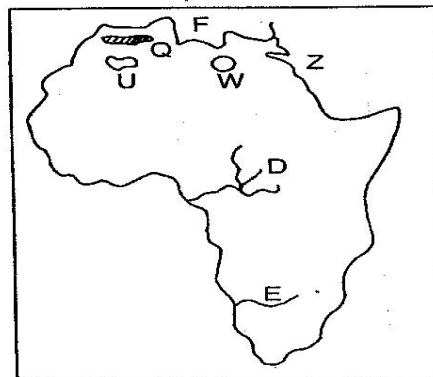


22. The dam marked K is
 - A. Volta
 - B. Akosombo
 - C. Kumasi
 - D. Oti
23. The lake marked W is
 - A. L. Nasser
 - B. L. Kariba
 - C. L. Akosombo
 - D. L. Volta.
24. The rivers E, U, P and respectively are
 - A. White Volta, Black Volta, Oti
 - B. Oti, White Volta, Black Volta
 - C. Black Volta, White Volta, Oti
 - D. Akosombo, White Volta, Oti
25. What will be the time in Rabat on longitude 10°W when it is 9.00 am in Bunjumba 30°E
 - A. 6.20 pm
 - B. 11.20pm
 - C. 7.40am
 - D. 11.20am
26. Which one of the following groups of countries are found in Central Africa?
 - A. Kenya, Ethiopia, Sudan.
 - B. Tanzania, Angola, Mozambique.
 - C. Cameroon, Nigeria, Benin.
 - D. Angola, Zambia, Zimbabwwe.

27. Organisation of Africa unity(OAU) now known as AU was formed in _____
A. 1939 B. 1945 C. 1919 D. 1963
28. The following are description of a certain mineral
(i) *It is used to make ornaments*
(ii) *It is used in making other metals*
(iii) *It is mined in Mwadui*
The mineral described above is, _____.
A. diatomite B. copper
C. diamonds D. gold
29. Below are factors which influence population distribution in Africa.
(i) *cool and wet conditions*
(ii) *hot and dry conditions*
(iii) *fertile soil*
(iv) *mining activities*
(v) *infestation by pests and diseases*
Which combinations below encourage human settlement?
A. (i), (iii), (iv) B. (i), (ii), (iii)
C. (iii), (iv), (v) D. (i), (ii)
30. Which one is the smallest country in Eastern Africa?
A. Eritrea. B. Burundi.
C. Djibouti. D. Uganda.
31. In the traditional African societies, the shedding of leaves from trees was associated with the coming of;
A. rains B. strong winds
C. dry season D. good harvest
32. People can be encouraged to move from urban to rural area through;
A. building more towns
B. opening up more irrigation schemes in rural areas
C. settling more people with small farms in the forests
D. removing unemployed people from towns using the police
33. Below are statements about a lake in Kenya
(i) *It is a fresh water lake*
(ii) *It is a source of a river*
(iii) *It is a major source of fish*
The lake described above is;
A. L. Naivasha B. L. Victoria
C. L. Turkana D. L. Magadi
34. People who work for the government in providing services to the citizens are known as;
A. Civil servants B. Citizens
C. Loyalists D. Patriots
35. The following were reasons for establishing jua kali industries in Kenya except;
A. To promote industrialization in the country
B. To reduce use of electricity
C. To provide school leavers with employment
D. To reduce rural urban migration.

36. Three of the following were methods of preserving fish in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. Which one is not?
A. Salting. B. Freezing.
C. Smoking. D. Sun drying.
37. In which year did Kenya become a republic?
A. 1966 B. 1963
C. 1962 D. 1964
38. The equator passes through these towns except one. Which one is it?
A. Nyahururu B. Lodwar
C. Nanyuki D. Maseno
39. A person who abuses drugs is likely to;
A. die at an early age
B. fall many times
C. appear confused and irresponsible many times
D. be a poor person during his and her life.

Use the map of Africa below and answer questions 40-44.



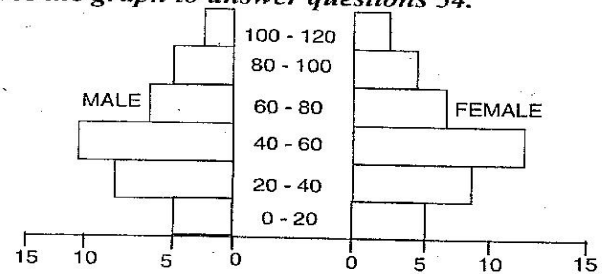
40. The lake marked W on the map is likely to be lake;
A. L. Victoria B. L. Chad
C. L. Malawi D. L. Nasser
41. The mountain marked Q was formed as a result of;
A. by the breaking and carrying away of the surrounding rock
B. as a result of faulting
C. two compressional forces acting on young sedimentary rocks
D. Volcanic activity or eruption.
42. The continent marked Z is known as _____
A. Asia B. N. America
C. Europe D. Africa.
43. The plateau shown in the map marked U is known as;
A. Nyika B. Fouta Djallon
C. Jos plateau D. Ahaggar
44. The water body marked F is likely to be a;
A. Mediterranean sea B. Indian ocean
C. Atlantic ocean D. Red sea.

45. Which of the following statements is not true about the National Anthem in Kenya?
- It reminds us to co-operate with other countries.
 - It reminds us to practice justice among all Kenyans.
 - It reminds us to be prepared to defend our country.
 - It teaches us to live in peace and unity.
46. The first African in Kenya to be nominated in the Legislature council(LEGCO) was;
- Bildad kagia
 - Jomo Kenyatta
 - Eliud Mathu
 - Dedan Kĩmathi
47. Which one of the following is not an objective of COMESA?
- To promote transport and communication among member states.
 - To allow free movement of goods and people.
 - To create a common market for the member states
 - To increase taxes to protect domestic markets.
48. Conservation of forests in Kenya is important mainly because it;
- provides raw materials for the paper industry.
 - protects water catchment areas
 - provides sources of herbal medicines
 - makes the environment beautiful.
49. The main reasons why there are many accidents on Kenyan roads is because,
- many drivers ignore traffic rules.
 - many roads in the country are narrow
 - the roads are used by many pedestrians
 - there are many vehicles in the country.
50. Which of the following minerals is correctly matched with the method it is used to mine it.
- Diatomite -panning
 - Limestone -open cast
 - Soda ash -deep shaft
 - Petroleum -dredging
51. Three of the following were reasons why songs were used to teach in traditional African societies. Which one was not?
- To enable the learners remember what they had learnt
 - To make learning more interesting
 - To bring the learners together
 - To entertain the learners.
52. Which among the following is not a member of the school committee?
- Headteacher.
 - Parent elected by other parents.
 - A religious leader.
 - Deputy headteacher.

53. Which of the following pre-historic sites is correctly matched with the country where it is found?

- Koobi Fora - Ethiopia.
- Ishango - Uganda
- Fort Tenan - Tanzania
- Olduvai Gorge - Kenya.

Use the graph to answer questions 54.



54. Which one of the following statement is true according to the diagram above?
- The pyramid represents a developed country.
 - The birth rate is high.
 - Majority of people are children.
 - There is high dependency rate.
55. Which of the following factors was mainly considered when locating Bamburi cement factory in Mombasa?
- Market.
 - Government policy
 - Good transport.
 - Raw material.
56. A situation where skilled citizens from another country moves into our country to seek for jobs is described as;
- Emigration
 - Immigration
 - Influx
 - Rural urban migration
57. In Kenya, members of parliament are sworn in office by
- speaker of the National assembly
 - clerk to the National assembly
 - chief justice
 - Head of civil service
58. The following are ways through which the government raises its revenue except;
- income tax
 - driving licence fees
 - harambee contribution
 - value added tax
59. Which of these is not an element of a good citizen?
- Hardworking and development
 - Discriminative
 - Honesty
 - Integrity

60. Which one of the following is not a function of the (IEBC) Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission?
- A. Declaring winners in an election
 - B. Updating voters registers
 - C. Clearing of candidates who have been nominated
 - D. Registering of political parties.

SECTION II

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following is not a consequence of human disobedience;
- A. Working to care for the environment
 - B. Realising that they were naked
 - C. knowledge of good and bad
 - D. being sent out of the garden.
62. The second book of the Bible describes;
- A. call of Moses
 - B. journey of the Israelites into Canaan
 - C. call of Abraham
 - D. beginning of life.
63. When God called Abraham he was living in,
- A. Shechem
 - B. Midian
 - C. Ur
 - D. Haran
64. The following were practices of the Israelites passover except
- A. Slaughtering a one-year old lamb
 - B. Eating unleavened bread
 - C. Smearing blood on their door posts
 - D. Eating boiled meat.
65. Who among the following kings of Israel was a musician?
- A. Ahaz.
 - B. David.
 - C. Jeroboam.
 - D. Saul.
66. Who among the following people were a judge in Israel?
- A. Joshua
 - B. Samuel
 - C. Caleb
 - D. Aaron.
67. Which one of the following is a common miracle between Elisha and Jesus?
- A. Feeding of five thousand men.
 - B. Purification of water.
 - C. Healing of lepers.
 - D. Multiplication of oil.
68. Which king of Israel was rejected by God for failing to follow his commands?
- A. Saul.
 - B. Solomon.
 - C. David.
 - D. Ahab.

69. The prophet who prophesied that Jesus would enter Jerusalem on a donkey was;
- A. Jeremiah
 - B. Malachi
 - C. Zechariah
 - D. Micah.
70. The announcement of the birth of Jesus to Mary was made in the town of;
- A. Jerusalem
 - B. Nazareth
 - C. Capernaum
 - D. Bethlehem
71. John the Baptist's message when he preached in the desert was urging people to,
- A. attend the Passover feast
 - B. help the widows
 - C. come to him for baptism
 - D. repent their sins
72. Jesus' message to Christians in the sermon on the mountain is the importance of;
- A. respecting people in authority
 - B. paying taxes to the government
 - C. working to earn a living
 - D. living holy lives
73. The parable that teaches the value of the kingdom of God is the;
- A. pearl
 - B. tenants
 - C. sower
 - D. mustard seed
74. The teaching about who is the greatest teaches Christians to practise the value of;
- A. faithfulness
 - B. serving others
 - C. humility
 - D. sharing
75. Which verse in the Lord's prayer shows that God is the provider?
- A. Deliver from evil.
 - B. Lead us not into temptation.
 - C. Forgive us our sins.
 - D. Give us our daily bread.
76. "This is my son whom I have chosen, listen to him" Luke 9:35. These words were spoken during;
- A. Crucifixion of Jesus.
 - B. Resurrection of Jesus.
 - C. The transfiguration of Jesus.
 - D. The baptism of Jesus.
77. Which pair of people consists of those who met Jesus on the day He resurrected?
- A. Apollo and Aquilla.
 - B. Simon and Lazarus.
 - C. Thomas and Mathias.
 - D. Mary Magdalene and Cleopas.

78. The power of the Holy spirit was seen working through the disciples after pentecost when they?
 A. Chose the seven helpers.
 B. Healed many people.
 C. Assisted the windows.
 D. Ate their meals together.
79. After the pentecost the disciples were faced by the problem of;
 A. lack of leadership
 B. quarrels among themselves
 C. lack of funds
 D. opposition from the Jews
80. The bible meaning of a "Church" is that it is
 A. universal or world wide
 B. A community of christian believers
 C. A building in which we pray
 D. A community of non-believers.
81. People ask God for rain in traditional African communities by;
 A. Fasting
 B. Offering sacrifices
 C. Dancing during worship
 D. Naming children after ancestors.
82. The four major rights of passages in traditional African communities are;
 A. Birth Initiation Marriage Death
 B. Worship Sacrifice Naming Dancing
 C. Birth Naming Death Ressurrection
 D. Naming Worship Marriage Praying
83. Marriage is valued in traditonal African Societies because;
 A. it shows love between a man an a woman
 B. gifts are given to the girls parents
 C. it ensures the continuity of family line
 D. It shows a woman can give birth
84. Which value was taught most to children in traditional African societies?
 A. The importance of marriage.
 B. The value of work.
 C. Courage when in danger.
 D. Respect to elders.
85. What is the correct order of naming the Trinity?
 A. Father, Son, Holyspirit
 B. Holy spirit, Father, Son.
 C. Son, Father, Holyspirit
 D. Holyspirit, Son, Father
86. Jesus said "anyone who hears the words of Jesus" is like;
 A. will live long on earth
 B. a wise man who built his house on a rock.
 C. will be daved
 D. a foolish builder who builds his house on sand.
87. Which one of the following shows the right working conditions;
 A. A fair pay for work done
 B. work given to a certain group of people
 C. working hard to be rich
 D. working for long hours without rest.
88. The mis-use of sex which involves unmarried people is called;
 A. Homosexuality
 B. Adultery
 C Incest
 D. Fornication
89. James and Sarah are together in a matatu. Sarah pays her fare. But the conduct forgets to ask James his fare. As a christian James should;
 A. Remind the conductor that he has not paid.
 B. Buy a street boy something to eat.
 C. To remain silent so as to donate the money in church.
 D. Request sarah to pay for him.
90. Which one of the following centres was started for freed slaves by the missionaries;
 A. Taita
 B. Free Town
 C. Bagamoyo
 D. Kapenguria.