SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION K.C.P.E

K.C.P.E PREDICTIONS

TIME: 2HRS 15 MINS

STD 8

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this booklet and a separate answer sheet.The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet

   When you have choosen your answer , mark it on the Answer sheet, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

   YOUR INDEX NUMBER

   YOUR NAME

   NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number(i.e School Code Number and the three -figure Candidate's number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep the sheets as clean as possible and do not fold it
9. For each of the questions 1-50 four answers are given .The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct.Choose the correct answer.

   On the answer sheet the answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have choosen is written.

   Example

   In the Question Booklet:

9. Which of the folowing grroups of people belong to a nuclear family?

   A .Mother, Son, Grandfather

   B. Father, Son, Uncle

   C. Father, Daughter, Son

   D. Grandmother, Father, Daughter

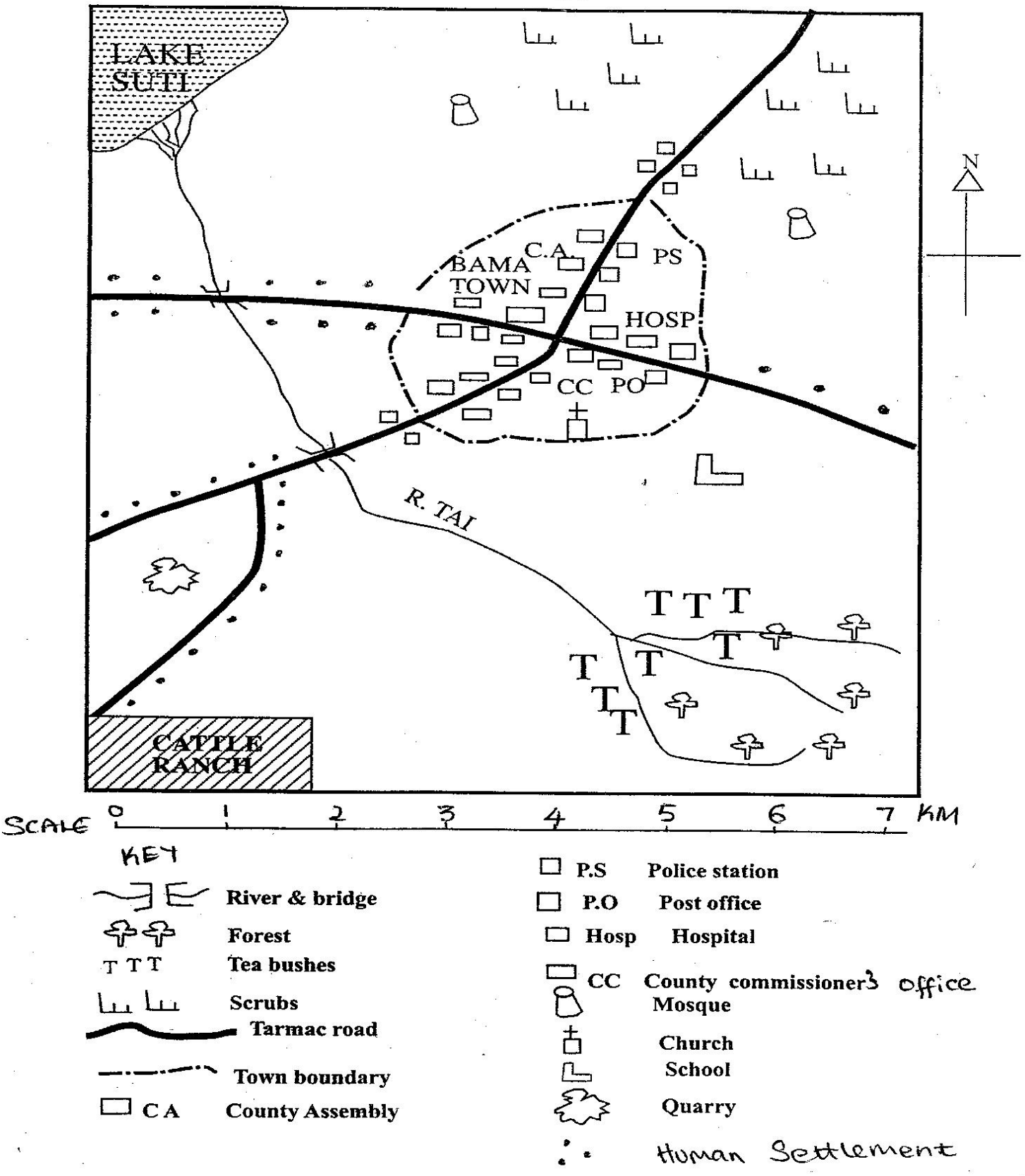
   The correct answer is C.

   On the answer sheet:

9. [A]. [B]. ~~[C]~~. [D]

   In the set of boxes numbered 9, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.
11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

BAMA AREA


LAKE SUTI
BAMA TOWN
C.A.
PS
HOSP
CC
PO
R. TAI
T T T
T T
T T
CATTLE RANCH
N
SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 KM
KEY
River & bridge
Forest
T T T Tea bushes
Scrubs
Tarmac road
Town boundary
C A County Assembly
P.S Police station
P.O Post office
Hosp Hospital
CC County commissioner's office
Mosque
Church
School
Quarry
Human Settlement

Study the map of Bama area and then answer questions 1-7

1. What is the general direction of the school from the cattle ranch in Bama area?
   A. South East B. North East
   C. South West D.North West

2. The type of climate found to the SE of Bama area is **LIKELY** to be
   A. hot and dry B. Cool and dry
   C. cool and wet D. hot and wet

3. The type of the settlement in Bama area is likely to be
   A.Linear B. Clustered
   C. dense D. Sparse

4. The people of Bama area are
   A. Pagans and Christians
   B. Muslims and Pagans
   C. Hindus and Christians
   D. Muslims and Christians

5. The main factor that has influenced the location of the cattle ranch in Bama area is
   A. availability of security
   B availability of space
   C. availability of veterinary services
   D. availability of transport

6. The land in Bama area slopes from
   A. SE to NW B. NW to SE
   C. NE to SW D. S W to NE

7. The **MAIN** mode of transport in Bama area is
   A. Air B. water
   C. Road D. Railway

8. Which one of the following Kenya communities is represented by letter M in the table below?

M	→ Rendile	→ Boran	→ Somali

   A. Njemps
   B. Pokot
   C. Maasai
   D. Oromo

9. Which one of the following pre-historic sites in Eastern Africa is **CORRECTLY** matched with the country where it it found?
   A. Ishango -Ethiopia
   B. Hadar - Uganda
   C. Hyrax Hill - Tanzania
   D. Koobi - Kenya.

10. Traditional artifacts are kept in museums **MAINLY** because____
    A. they are symbols of our cultural heritage
    B they are for export
    C. they are symbols of national unity
    D. they are for beauty

11. The **MAIN** reason why people migrate from the rural areas to urban centres in Kenya is to
    A. reduce congestion in rural areas
    B. search for job opportunities
    C. interact with people from other rural areas
    D. enjoy better social amenities in urban areas

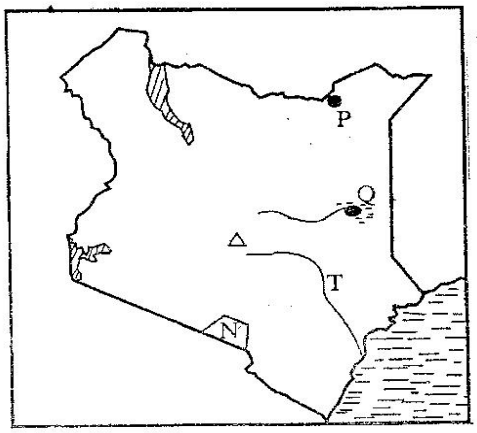
12. The **MAIN** contribution of petroleum to the economy of Nigeria is that it has led to
    A. creation of jobs opportunities
    B. the development of transport network
    C. an increase in foreign exchange
    D. an increase in energy supply

13. The **BEST** way of controlling gulley erosion is by
    A. planting cover crops
    B. mulching
    C. building checkdams
    D. planting trees.

14. The **MAIN** problem facing forests in Kenya today is_____
    A. fire outbreaks B. pests and diseases
    C. human activities D. wild animals

15. Which one of the following statements is **TRUE** about the position of Africa?
    A. It lies to the West of the prime median
    B. It lies between latitudes 0^0 and 35^0s
    C. Half of it lies to the East of the prime meridian
    D. It lies to the South of Europe.

Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 16-19



16. The **MAIN** reason for establishing the river project marked T was to:
A. Produce HEP
B. Attract tourists
C. Provide water for irrigation
D. Control floods

17. The **MAIN** tourist attraction in the area marked N is
A. natural vegetation
B. wild animals
C. historical sites
D. modern hotels

18. Which one of the following rivers flows into the feature marked Q?
A. River Athi
D. River Ewaso Nyiro
C. River Turkwel
D. River Kuja

19. The town marked P____
A. Mandera
B. Marsabit
C. Lodwar
D. Moyale

20. The **MAIN** reason of educating the youth is to
A. ensure they can read and write
B. help them to get jobs
C. prepare them for adult life
D. equip them with knowledge

21. The **MAIN** economic activities of the Nyamwezi during the pre- colonial period were_____
A. hunting and basketry
B. pottery and basketry
C.farming and trading
D. trading and hunting

22. Which one of the following minerals is the leading foreign exchange earner in Kenya?
A. Soda Ash
B. Diatomite
C. Fluorspar
D. Diamond

23. The time in Accra is 8.30am. What will be the time in Moyale Kenya 40°E?
A. 10.00am
B. 11.10am
C. 11.10 pm
D. 5.50am

24. Three of the following are positive effects of settler farming in Kenya. Which one is NOT
A. New crops were introduced
B. Urban centres developed
C. Africans got back their fertile land
D. Modern farming methods were introduced

25. Succession to leadership was hereditary among the following communities **EXCEPT**?
A. Nyamwezi
B. Baganda
C. Abawanga
D. Ameru

26. Which one of the following is the **MAIN** method of irrigation used in Mwea Tebere irrigation scheme?
A. Furrow irrigation
B. Overhead sprinkling
C. Pipe irrigation
D. Basin irrigation

27. The main reason why most African rivers are not navigable is due to_____
A. the regular overflooding of the rivers
B. the presence of waterfalls and rapids
C. the narrow nature of the river
D. most rivers being seasonal

28. The **quikest** means of transporting horticultural farm products to Europe is by__
A. road
B. air
C. railway
D. water.

29. Three of the following are causes of road accidents .Which one is **NOT**?
A. Roadworthy vehicles
B. Absence of road signs
C. Unskilled drivers
D. Poorly maintained roads

0. Kabaka Mwanga resisted the establishment of European rule in Baganda Kingdom because___
A. he had enough weapons
B. he was supported by other Kabakas
C. he feared the increase of Christian influence
D. he did not like the British

The following are uses of a certain crop grown i Africa
i) making perfumes
ii) flavouring foods
iii) preparing vanilla that is used to make chocolates
The crop described above is?
A. Cocoa B. Coffee
C. Cloves D. Cashewnuts

The following early visitors to Eastern Africa were interested in finding the source of River Nile **EXCEPT**
A. Vasco Da Gama
B. Henry Morton Stanley
C. John Speke
D. Dr. David Livingstone.

Which one of the following is **NOT** true about the San and Khoikhoi?
A. They are both short in stature
B. They both had similar system of government
C. They were once more widespread than they are at present
D. They both had a nomadic way of life.

Which one of the following groups of crops is grown in plantation farms in Kenya?
A. Coffee and tea
B. Fruits and tea
C. Vegetables and pyrethrum
D. Flowers and fruits

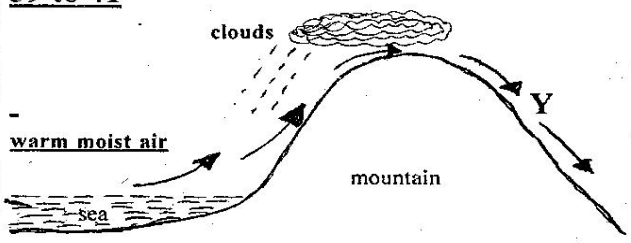
Which one of the following groups of people did not take part in long distance trade?
A. The Yao B. The Hehe
C. The Baganda D. The Akamba

36. Which one of the following minerals is *correctly* matched With the method of mining?
A. Copper - dredging
B. Gold - shaft
C. Fluorspar - drilling
D. Oil - Open cast

37. The following are types of marriage. Which one is conducted by a government official?
A. Religious marriage B. Civil marriage
C. Customary marriage D. Islamic marriage

38. The county government performs the following duties **EXCEPT**
A. Employing the Kenya Defence Forces
B. Building primary schools
C. providing clean water
D. collecting garbage

Use the diagram below to answer questions 39 to 41



39. The type of rainfall shown in the diagram above is called
A. convectional B. frontal
C. relief D. cyclonic

40. The side marked Y in the diagram above is called
A. windward side B. relief side
C. leeward side D. mountain side.

41. The **MAIN** economic activity practised in the part marked Y is
A. crop farming B. mining
C. trading D. pastoralism

42. Who declared the state of emergency in Kenya in 1952?
A. Karl Peters B. Sir Charles Eliot
C. Sir Evelyn Baring D. William Mackinon

43. Below are roles of citizens in Kenya. Which one is **NOT**?
A. Participating in elections
B. Demanding for bribes
C. Obeying the laws of the land
D. Paying taxes

44. The **MAIN** function of the legislature is to_____
A. interpret laws
B. make laws
C. prepare budget
D. allocate funds to the counties

45. The **MAIN** reason for establishing jua kali industries in Kenya is to
A. create self employment
B. reduce dependence on imported goods
C. reduce the prices of the commodities
D. use locally available raw materials

46. The British used indirect rule in Northern Nigeria **MAINLY** because
A. there were few British administrators
B. the Governor thought it would work there
C. there was well established system of traditional government
D. there was a lot of opposition to British rule

47. Which one of the following African leaders resisted the establishment of colonial rule in Africa?
A. Waiyaki wa Hinga
B. Samoure Toure
C. Nabongo Mumia
D. Oloibon Lenana

48. The **BEST** way to curb drug abuse in schools is by
A. arresting all drug dealers
B. closing all kiosks around the schools
C. educating on the effects of using drugs
D. punishing drug users heavily

49. Which one of the following countries in Africa was colonised by Belgium?
A. Mozambique
B. Zimbabwe
C. Democratic Republic of Congo
D. Nigeria

50. Below are some political parties formed in Kenya
I) Kenya African National Union
ii) Kenya African Union
iii) Orange Democratic Movement
iv) Forum for the Restoration of Democracy
The correct order in which the parties were formed from the earliest is
A. ii, i, iv, iii B. iv, ii, ii, i
C.iii, iv, i, ii D. ii, iv, iii, i

51. Little trade is conducted among Africa countries **MAINLY** because
A. of lack of capital
B. the countries use different currencies
C. of lack of modern transport networks
D. the countries produce similar goods

52. The following are functions of a town in Ken
i) It is a commercial centre
ii) It is an inland port
iii) It is a tourists centre
The town described above is
A. Mombasa B. Kisumu
C. Mwanza D. Musoma

53. Which one of the following statements is true about the speaker of the National Assembly in Kenya?
A. Records parliaments debates
B. Is appointed by the president
C. Is elected by the members of parliament
D. Is a member of the cabinet

54. Three of the following are symbols of national unity **EXCEPT**
A. Presidency B. National flag
C. National Anthem D. Coat of Arms

55. Election results at a polling station are announced by_____
A. the returning officer
B. the presiding officer
C. the polling clerks
D. the I.E.B.C Chairman

56. The **MAIN** function of the prisons department in Kenya is to
A. sentence the criminals
B. arrest the law breakers
C. maintain law and order
D. rehabilitate criminals

Kenya became a republic on
A. 1st June 1963 B. 12th Dec 1963
C. 12th Dec 1964 D. 20th Oct 1952

The highest court in Kenya is the
A. Supreme court B. High court
C. Kadhis court D. Court martial

Three of the following countries are members of the African Union (AU) Which one is not?
A. Kenya B. Morocco
C. Niger D. Mali

In Kenya cabinet meetings are chaired by ____
A the clerk of national Assembly
B. the head of civil service
C. the president
D. the deputy president.

SECTION II
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

Which one of the following resulted from the disobedience of Adam and Eve?
A. Falling into temptations
B. A broken relationship between God and man
C. God destroying human beings
D. Fighting with other human beings

Which one of the following is **NOT** true about God's covenant with Noah?
A. Noah was allowed to eat flesh
B. All animals were to live in fear of man
C. Noah was never to lack one to be king on the throne
D. Noah was commanded to multiply and live all over the world

The following statements describe a man of great faith
i) He is one of the patriarchs
ii) God asked him to offer his son a sacrifice
iii) God promised to make him the father of a great nation

The person described above is___
A. Abraham B. Jacob
C. Moses D. Isaac

Three of the following were done during the Passover night. Which one was **NOT**?
A. Eating roasted meat
B. Eating unleavened bread
C. Eating bitter herbs
D. Eating boiled meat

Who among the following persons was a judge in Israel?
A. Jonathan B. Isaiah
C. Jeremiah D. Samson

66. Who among the following people in the Bible demonstrated trust, loyalty and openness to each other?
A. Samuel and Eli B. David and Jonathan
C. Saul and David D. Naboth and Ahab

67. From the story of Ahab and Naboth's vineyard we learn that
A. Ahab was dealing fairly with Naboth
B. God doesn't allow the rich to oppress the poor
C. All the land belongs to the king
D. A king can do what he wants.

68. Who among the following prophets was sent to king David to warn him against the sin he committed?
A. Nathan B. Elijah
C. Samuel D. Zadock

69. One of the following prophesied about the birth of Jesus in Bethlehem, Who is he?
A. Jeremiah B. Isaiah
C. Micah D. Amos

70. Why was John the baptist arrested?
A. He stopped baptizing people in river Jordan
B. He refused to dance on king Herod's birthday
C. He pointed out the sins of king Herod
D. He refused to baptise Jesus

71. When Jesus was born , he was laid on a manger **MAINLY** because
A. the birth was normal
B. the parents were in a hurry to register
C. there was no any other suitable room
D. the hotel keepers were selfish

72. "This is my own dear son, with whom I am pleased" Mathew 3" 17. On which occasion were these words said about Jesus Christ?
A. Baptism B. Ascension
C. Transfiguration D. Death

73. Which one of the following activities took place first?
A. The birth of Jesus Christ
B. The call of Moses
C. Crossing river Jordan
D. Wedding at Cana of Galilee

74. Three of the following were instructions given to the disciples by Jesus when he sent them out as recorded in Luke 10:5 -20, Which one is **NOT**?
A. To preach the word to the non Jews

B. To preach the word to the Israelites only
C. To cure people with dreaded diseases
D. To stay in the house they were welcomed

75. The parable of Jesus that teaches us about helping those in need is the parable of ____
A. the lost son
B. the lost sheep
C. the rich man and Lazarus
D. the friend at midnight

76. Which one of the following events did **NOT** happen during the transfiguration?
A. God's voice was heard
B. Moses and Elijah appeared
C. Heavens were opened
D. A shining cloud covered Jesus

77. "Happy are the peacemakers"
A. God will comfort them
B. the kingdom of heaven belongs to them
C. they shall be called the sons of God
D. they will receive what God has promised

78. The triumphant entry of Jesus into Jerusalem riding on an ass was prophesied by
A. Amos B. Jeremiah
C.Isaiah D. Zechariah

79. In the early Christian church, Stephen and six other followers were selected as_____
A. Matyrs B. Deacons
C. Apostle D. Disciples

80. Anania and Saphira were punished mainly because they
A. lied the holy spirit
B. were jealous of the church leaders
C. did not want to share with others
D. kept something for themselves

81. Paul was **NOT** welcomed by some of the disciples. The **MAIN** reason was that_____
A. he was supposed to teach the Gentiles only
B. they feared his early activities
C. he was not teaching like Jesus
D. he claimed to do away with Moses's laws

82. Which one of the following is **NOT** a fruit of the Holy spirit?
A. Self control B. Love
C. Joy D. Prophecy

83. Which one of the following is a **SIMILARITY** between Christianity and African traditional religion?
A. Paying taxes
B. Making images of their god
C. Belief in life after death
D. Belief in the presence of evil spirits

84. Who among the following people were **NOT** specialists in traditional African communities
A. Rainmakers B. Prophets
C. Diviners D. Warriors

85. In traditional African society people were expected to marry inorder to_____
A. multiply and expand the family tree
B. have a life companion
C. be blessed by forefathers
D. claim property in society

86. All the following are **CAUSES** of child labour **EXCEPT**
A. Wealth B. Death of parents
C. Broken families D. Literacy poverty

87. Which one of the following activities by the communities in Kenya demonstrates care for God's creation?
A. Burning of charcoal B. Building industries
B. Wildlife conservation D. Road construction

88. John, a std 8 pupil, beats others in school for no reason. As a Christian what would you do?
A. Report him to the headteacher
B Advice him to respect others
C. Mobilize other pupils to beat him
D. Report him to the chief

89. Which one of the following actions by a Christian can <u>best</u> show their respect for leaders?
A. Paying visits
B. Offering gifts
C. Being obedient
D. Correcting leaders

90. The first missionaries to come to Kenya were sent by_____
A. Royal Geographical Society
B. Church Missionary Society
C. Roman Catholic Church
D. Methodist Church